2017 AUG -7 PM 12: 57

CERTIFICATION

Submission options (Select one method ONLY)								
Name/Title (President, Mayor, Owner, etc.) Date								
I hereby certify that the Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in the form and manner identified above and that I used distribution methods allowed by the SDWA. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true and correct and is consistent with the water quality monitoring data provided to the public water system officials by the Mississippi State Department of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply								
www. Sunflower utilityassociation.com/ecr/								
CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the following address (DIRECT URL REQUIRED):								
CCR was posted in public places. (Attach list of locations) Date Posted:/								
Date Published:/								
Name of Newspaper:								
CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)								
☐ As text within the body of the email message								
☐ As an attachment								
☐ As a URL (Provide URL)								
CCR was distributed by Email (MUST Email MSDH a copy) Date Emailed: / /								
Date Mailed/Distributed: $05/3//7$								
CCR was distributed by U.S. Postal Service or other direct delivery. Must specify other direct delivery methods used								
Date(s) customers were informed: $O(0/0)/1/7$, $O(0)/1/7$, $O(0)/1/7$,								
Other OT 2 1 7								
☐ Email message (MUST Email the message to the address below)								
On water bills (attach copy of bill)								
Advertisement in local paper (attach copy of advertisement)								
Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)								
The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Community public water system to develop and distribute a Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the public water system, this CCR must be mailed or delivered to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request. Make sure you follow the proper procedures when distributing the CCR. You must mail, fax or email a copy of the CCR and Certification to MSDH. Please check all boxes that apply.								
List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR								
06600022								
Public Water Supply Name								
Sunflowed 14/14 ASSOCIATION INC								

Mail: (U.S. Postal Service) MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply P.O. Box 1700

Jackson, MS 39215

(601) 576 - 7800 Fax:

Email: water.reports@msdh.ms.gov

CCR Deadline to MSDH & Customers by July 1, 2017!

SUNFLOWER UTILITY ASSN PO BOX 184 MCHENRY, MS 39561 601-928-3548

This institution is an equal opportunity provider and employer

Previous Balance: 0.00 WATER 1 RESI USED: 4000

PREV: 692000

23.80

PRES: 696000

FIRST-CLASS MAIL PRESORTED US POSTAGE PAID ZIP CODE 39577 PERMIT # 27

Return this portion with payment.

Billed: 06/01/17

YOU OWE 23.80 by 06/10/17

After 06/10/17 pay 30.94

TOTAL NEW CHARGES ON 06/01/17

23.80

YOU OWE 23.80 by 06/10/17

After 06/10/17 pay 30.94 Last Pmt \$28.20 05/04/17 TIMOTHY ADAM SVC:04/18/17-05/18/17 (30 days) Acct# 00531 48 CEDARWOOD DRIVE

SEE IMPORTANT NOTICE ON BACK

Acct# 00531

48 CEDARWOOD DRIVE

TIMOTHY ADAM **48 CEDARWOOD DRIVE** PERKINSTON MS 39573

Deliver payment to:

SUNFLOWER UTILITY ASSN PO BOX 184 MCHENRY, MS 39561 601-928-3548

This institution is an equal opportunity provider and employer

Previous Balance: 0.00

WATER 1 RESI USED: 6000 32.60 PREV: 696000 PRES: 702000

FIRST-CLASS MAIL PRESORTED US POSTAGE PAID ZIP CODE 39577 PERMIT # 27

Return this portion with payment.

Billed: 07/01/17

YOU OWE 32.60 by 07/10/17

After 07/10/17 pay 42.38

TOTAL NEW CHARGES ON 07/01/17

32.60

YOU OWE 32.60 by 07/10/17

After 07/10/17 pay 42.38

Last Pmt \$23.80 06/04/17 TIMOTHY ADAM SVC:05/18/17-06/20/17 (33 days) Acct# 00531 48 CEDARWOOD DRIVE

SEE IMPORTANT NOTICE ON BACK

Acct# 00531

48 CEDARWOOD DRIVE

TIMOTHY ADAM **48 CEDARWOOD DRIVE PERKINSTON MS 39573**

IMPOTANT INFORMATION ABOUT YOUR DRINKING WATER IS AVAILABLE IN THE 2016 CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT AT: www.sunflowerutilityassociation.com/ccr/ YOU MAY REQUEST A HARD COPY BY CHECKING HERE OR BY CALLING OUR OFFICE AT 601-928-3548

IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT YOUR DRINKING WATER AVAILABLE IN THE 2016 CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT AT www.sunflowerutilityassociation.com/ccr/ YOU MAY REQUEST A HARD COPY BY CHECKING HERE
OR BY CALLING OUR OFFICE AT 601-928-3548

2016 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Sunflower Utility Association, Inc. PWS#: 0660022

May 2017

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We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to providing you with information because informed customers are our best allies. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Catahoula Formation Aquifer.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identified potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Sunflower Utility Association, Inc. have received a moderate ranking in terms of susceptibility to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Pat Rouse at 601.928.3548. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please join us at any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the first Tuesday of the month at 6:00 PM at the Sunflower Community Center.

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2016. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2016, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. It's important to remember that the presence of these contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) – The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary to control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) – The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

				TEST RESU	JLTS			
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL/MRDL	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic	Contami	inants						
10. Barium	N 2016 .0055 .00250055		ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits		
14. Copper	N	2012/14*	 .1	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbin

									systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
16. Fluoride	N	2016	.27	.26527	ppm		4		4 Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17. Lead	N	2012/14	4* 4	0	ppb			AL=1	5 Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
18. Mercury (inorganic)	N	2016	.1	No Range	ppb		2		Erosion of natural deposits; discharge from refineries and factories; runoff from landfills; runoff from cropland
Disinfecti	ion By-	Product	S				-		
Chlorine	N	2016	.9	.6 – 2	mg/l	0	MRI	1	Water additive used to control microbes

^{*} Most recent sample. No sample required for 2016.

As you can see by the table, our system had no violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some contaminants have been detected however the EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1.800.426.4791.

The Sunflower Utility Association, Inc. works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.