

2017 JUN -9 AM 8: 57

CERTIFICATION

Consumer Confidence Report (CCR)

Northwest Kemper Water Assn.

Public Water Supply Name

0350003, 0350007, 0350023, 0350025

List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR

The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Community public water system to develop and distribute a Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the public water system, this CCR must be mailed or delivered to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request. Make sure you follow the proper procedures when distributing the CCR. **You must mail, fax or email a copy of the CCR and Certification to MSDH. Please check all boxes that apply.**

Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: *(Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)*

- Advertisement in local paper (attach copy of advertisement)
- On water bills (attach copy of bill)
- Email message (MUST Email the message to the address below)
- Other _____

Date(s) customers were informed: 5/4/17, 6/1/17, 7/3/17

CCR was distributed by U.S. Postal Service or other direct delivery. Must specify other direct delivery methods used _____

Date Mailed/Distributed: ___ / ___ / ___

CCR was distributed by Email (MUST Email MSDH a copy) Date Emailed: ___ / ___ / ___

- As a URL (Provide URL _____)
- As an attachment
- As text within the body of the email message

CCR was published in local newspaper. *(Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)*

Name of Newspaper: Kemper County Messenger

Date Published: 5/4/17

CCR was posted in public places. *(Attach list of locations)* Date Posted: ___ / ___ / ___

CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the following address (**DIRECT URL REQUIRED**):

CERTIFICATION

I hereby certify that the **Consumer Confidence Report (CCR)** has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in the form and manner identified above and that I used distribution methods allowed by the SDWA. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true and correct and is consistent with the water quality monitoring data provided to the public water system officials by the Mississippi State Department of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply

Wayne Smith Manager

Name/Title (President, Mayor, Owner, etc.)

6-7-17

Date

Submission options *(Select one method ONLY)*

Mail: (U.S. Postal Service)
MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply
P.O. Box 1700
Jackson, MS 39215

Fax: (601) 576 - 7800

Email: water.reports@msdh.ms.gov

CCR Deadline to MSDH & Customers by July 1, 2017!

FORMSINK, LLC • FOR REORDER CALL 1-800-223-4460 • L-04800

ACCOUNT NO.	SERVICE FROM	SERVICE TO
010457000	04/28	05/26

SERVICE ADDRESS
164 KELLIS STORE RD

METER READINGS		
CURRENT	PREVIOUS	USED
41110	24580	16530

CHARGE FOR SERVICES	
WTR	95.42
NET DUE >>>	95.42

RETURN THIS STUB WITH PAYMENT TO:
NORTHWEST KEMPER WATER ASSOCIATION
P.O. BOX 57 • PRESTON, MS 39354
PHONE: (601) 677-3558

PRESORTED
FIRST CLASS MAIL
U.S. POSTAGE PAID
PRESTON, MS 39354
PERMIT NO. 1

PAY NET AMOUNT ON OR BEFORE DUE DATE	DUE DATE	PAY GROSS AMOUNT AFTER DUE DATE
	06/20/2017	
NET AMOUNT	SAVE THIS	GROSS AMOUNT
95.42	5.00	100.42

PAST DUE SUBJECT TO LOCKUP!
CCR'S AVAILABLE AT OUR OFFICE.

RETURN SERVICE REQUESTED

010457000
GUYNELL #5 DUNCAN
C/O ANDRE TRIPLETT
164 KELLIS STORE RD
PRESTON MS 39354-0095

FORMSINK, LLC • FOR REORDER CALL 1-800-223-4460 • L-04800

ACCOUNT NO.	SERVICE FROM	SERVICE TO
010502500	04/28	05/26

SERVICE ADDRESS
906 SCIPLE MILL RD

METER READINGS		
CURRENT	PREVIOUS	USED
95420	93510	1910

CHARGE FOR SERVICES	
WTR	21.00
NET DUE >>>	21.00

RETURN THIS STUB WITH PAYMENT TO:
NORTHWEST KEMPER WATER ASSOCIATION
P.O. BOX 57 • PRESTON, MS 39354
PHONE: (601) 677-3558

PRESORTED
FIRST CLASS MAIL
U.S. POSTAGE PAID
PRESTON, MS 39354
PERMIT NO. 1

PAY NET AMOUNT ON OR BEFORE DUE DATE	DUE DATE	PAY GROSS AMOUNT AFTER DUE DATE
	06/20/2017	
NET AMOUNT	SAVE THIS	GROSS AMOUNT
21.00	5.00	26.00

PAST DUE SUBJECT TO LOCKUP!
CCR'S AVAILABLE AT OUR OFFICE.

RETURN SERVICE REQUESTED

010502500
IRVIN & BLINDA CONNER
2631 ROCK BRANCH RD
UNION, MS 39365

FORMSINK, LLC • FOR REORDER CALL 1-800-223-4460 • L-04800

ACCOUNT NO.	SERVICE FROM	SERVICE TO
010520000	04/28	05/26

SERVICE ADDRESS
103 CHAMBERLIN RD

METER READINGS		
CURRENT	PREVIOUS	USED
34170	33330	840

CHARGE FOR SERVICES	
WTR	21.00
CREDIT BAL	17.63-
NET DUE >>>	3.37

RETURN THIS STUB WITH PAYMENT TO:
NORTHWEST KEMPER WATER ASSOCIATION
P.O. BOX 57 • PRESTON, MS 39354
PHONE: (601) 677-3558

PRESORTED
FIRST CLASS MAIL
U.S. POSTAGE PAID
PRESTON, MS 39354
PERMIT NO. 1

PAY NET AMOUNT ON OR BEFORE DUE DATE	DUE DATE	PAY GROSS AMOUNT AFTER DUE DATE
	06/20/2017	
NET AMOUNT	SAVE THIS	GROSS AMOUNT
3.37	5.00	8.37

PAST DUE SUBJECT TO LOCKUP!
CCR'S AVAILABLE AT OUR OFFICE.

RETURN SERVICE REQUESTED

010520000
HAZEL GRAY
59 KRISTEN DR.
JACKSON MS 39211

2016 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report
 Northwest Kemper Water Association
 PWS# 35003, 35007, 35003, 35005
 April 2017

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We've continued to improve your water treatment by adding advanced treatment systems for our water. Our water source is from well drawing from the Lower Pecos Aquifer.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall responsibility of the drinking water supply. The assessment was completed by a third party and the results are available to you. The assessment was completed by the Northwest Kemper Water Association. We've received lower ratings in terms of vulnerability to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Wayne Smith at 801.877.3328. We want our valued customers to be informed about the quality of their water. Please get us at 801 of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the second Tuesday of August at 7:00 PM at the Main Office.

We're looking for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. The table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that are regulated by the Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) of 1974. It classifies water treatment systems in 2016. The table reflects the most recent results. As water flows from the tap to the glass, it may pick up substances or contaminants from the pipes, mechanical components, such as valves and faucets, that may come from sewage treatment plants, agricultural chemical runoff, industrial or domestic water runoff, or other sources. Some of these substances may be naturally occurring or from your water treatment process. Some of these substances may be synthetic and volatile organic compounds, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and other sources. Some of these substances may be synthetic and volatile organic compounds, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and other sources. Some of these substances may be synthetic and volatile organic compounds, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and other sources.

In this table, you will find many items and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these items we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The Maximum Allowable (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Total MCLG" is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) - The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is conclusive evidence that disinfection is essential to control microbial contamination.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) - The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MCLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants in controlling microbial contamination.

Pounds per million (ppm) or Micrograms per liter (µg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one molecule in two years or a single penny in \$10,000,000. Pounds per million (ppm) or Micrograms per liter (µg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one molecule in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

PWS ID # 35003 - Preston

Contaminant	Violation VA	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Substance or Exceeds MCL/MCLG/DR	Unit	MCL	MCLG	Health Effect or Contamination
Inorganic Contaminants								
10. Barium	N	2017	011	No Range	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling fluids; discharge from metal refineries; motor vehicle exhaust

PWS ID # 35007 - Cleveland

Contaminant	Violation VA	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Substance or Exceeds MCL/MCLG/DR	Unit	MCL	MCLG	Health Effect or Contamination
Inorganic Contaminants								
10. Barium	N	2016	003	No Range	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling fluids; discharge from metal refineries; motor vehicle exhaust

TEST RESULTS

Contaminant	Violation VA	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Substance or Exceeds MCL/MCLG/DR	Unit	MCL	MCLG	Health Effect or Contamination
Inorganic Contaminants								
10. Barium	N	2016	003	No Range	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling fluids; discharge from metal refineries; motor vehicle exhaust

Disinfection By-Products

Contaminant	Violation VA	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Substance or Exceeds MCL/MCLG/DR	Unit	MCL	MCLG	Health Effect or Contamination
61. Halts	N	2017	7	No Range	ppb	0	0	By-product of drinking water

Component	Volume Collected	Date Collected	Lead Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples	Lab #	MLL	MLL	MLL	Lab's Source of Contamination
-----------	------------------	----------------	---------------	----------------------------------	-------	-----	-----	-----	-------------------------------

Inorganic Contaminants

10. Barium	N	2015	0.039	No Range	ppb	2	2	2	Outage of drinking water; 400000 of total of 400000
13. Chromium	N	2015	3	No Range	ppb	100	100	100	Outage of drinking water; 400000 of total of 400000
14. Copper	N	2015	4	0	ppm	1.3	1.3	1.3	Outage of drinking water; 400000 of total of 400000
17. Lead	N	2015	1	0	ppb	0	0	0	Outage of drinking water; 400000 of total of 400000

Disinfection By-Products

51. Total THM	N	2015	16	No Range	ppb	0	0	0	Outage of drinking water; 400000 of total of 400000
52. Trihalomethanes	N	2015	9.47	No Range	ppb	0	0	0	Outage of drinking water; 400000 of total of 400000
Chloroform	N	2015	1.3	1.3-1.4	mg/L	0	0	0	Outage of drinking water; 400000 of total of 400000

PWS ID # 360025 - NWK #4 TEST RESULTS

Component	Volume Collected	Date Collected	Lead Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples	Lab #	MLL	MLL	MLL	Lab's Source of Contamination
-----------	------------------	----------------	---------------	----------------------------------	-------	-----	-----	-----	-------------------------------

Inorganic Contaminants

10. Barium	N	2015	0.035	No Range	ppb	2	2	2	Outage of drinking water; 400000 of total of 400000
13. Chromium	N	2015	1	No Range	ppb	100	100	100	Outage of drinking water; 400000 of total of 400000

Disinfection By-Products

51. Total THM	N	2015	2	No Range	ppb	0	0	0	Outage of drinking water; 400000 of total of 400000
Chloroform	N	2015	1.1	1-1.2	mg/L	0	0	0	Outage of drinking water; 400000 of total of 400000

As you can see by the table, our system had no violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some contaminants have been detected. However, the EPA has determined that your water is safe to drink.

We are required to provide your drinking water for specific contaminants on a routine basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems compliance all monitoring requirements, except for violative systems of any monitoring samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing systems. To reduce lead in drinking water, you can minimize the potential for lead release by using cold water for drinking and cooking. You can also flush your tap water for one to two minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you have lead service lines, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water is available at www.epa.gov/lead and www.doh.wa.gov. The Washington State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers free testing. Please contact 800-576-7362 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be minerals, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may sometimes contain at least small amounts of some substances. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water is unsafe to drink. For more information about contaminants and potential health effects, call the National Lead Information Center at 800-426-6368 or visit the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water website at www.epa.gov.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, persons with HIV/AIDS, persons on dialysis, persons with kidney failure, premature infants and young children, and the elderly are particularly at risk. These people should seek advice about drinking water. Immuno-compromised persons should also seek advice about avoiding public drinking water fountains. For more information on vulnerable people and drinking water, visit the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water website at www.epa.gov.

The Northwest Water Association has annual lead tests and lead test kits available for you. Please contact us at 800-576-7362 for more information. Our commitment to service is enhanced by receiving the highest possible rating from the independent Safe Drinking Water Board during our annual inspections.

Please Note: You may obtain a copy of this report at our office at 10728 HWY 307 in Preston or call us at 801-577-2666.

2016 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report
 Northwest Kemper Water Association
 PWS#: 350003, 350007, 350023, 350025
 April 2017

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to providing you with information because informed customers are our best allies. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Lower Wilcox Aquifer.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identify potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Northwest Kemper Water Association have received lower rankings in terms of susceptibility to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Wayne Smith at 601.677.3558. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please join us at any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the second Tuesday of August at 7:00 PM at the Main Office.

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2016. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2016, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal"(MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) - The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary to control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) - The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

PWS ID # 350003- Preston		TEST RESULTS						
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL/MRDL	Unit Measurement	MCL G	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic Contaminants								
10. Barium	N	2015*	.011	No Range	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits

17. Lead	N	2012/14*	1	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
19. Nitrate (as Nitrogen)	N	2016	.96	No Range	ppm	10	10	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits
Disinfection By-Products								
Chlorine	N	2016	1.1	.8 – 1.3	mg/l	0	MRDL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

PWS ID # 350007- Cleveland TEST RESULTS								
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL/MRDL	Unit Measurement	MCL G	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic Contaminants								
10. Barium	N	2015*	.0385	No Range	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
Disinfection By-Products								
81. HAA5	N	2012*	7	No Range	ppb	0	60	By-Product of drinking water disinfection.
Chlorine	N	2016	1.4	1 – 1.6	mg/l	0	MRDL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

PWS ID # 350023 - Kynard TEST RESULTS								
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL/MRDL	Unit Measurement	MCL G	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic Contaminants								
10. Barium	N	2015*	.0639	No Range	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
13. Chromium	N	2015*	.8	No Range	ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2012/14*	.6	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
17. Lead	N	2012/14*	1	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Disinfection By-Products								
81. HAA5	N	2012*	16	No Range	ppb	0	60	By-Product of drinking water disinfection.
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2012*	9.47	No Range	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination.
Chlorine	N	2016	1.3	1 – 1.4	mg/l	0	MRDL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

PWS ID # 350025 – NWK #4**TEST RESULTS**

Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL/MRDL	Unit Measurement	MCL G	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic Contaminants								
10. Barium	N	2014*	.0676	No Range	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
13. Chromium	N	2014*	1	No Range	ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
Disinfection By-Products								
81. HAA5	N	2015*	2	No Range	ppb	0	60	By-Product of drinking water disinfection.
Chlorine	N	2016	1.1	1 – 1.2	mg/l	0	MRDL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

* Most recent sample. No sample required for 2016.

As you can see by the table, our system had no violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some constituents have been detected however the EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific constituents on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1.800.426.4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1.800.426.4791.

The Northwest Kemper Water Association has almost 1,800 meters and over 650 miles of pipe providing clean, fresh water to over 4,600 residents in parts of 5 counties in east central Mississippi. Our commitment to service is evidenced by receiving the highest available rating from the Mississippi State Department of Health during our annual inspections.

Please Note: You may obtain a copy of this report at our office at 10798 HWY 397 in Preston or call us at 601.677.3558.