2017 MAY 12 AM 9: 14

CERTIFICATION

Consumer Confidence Report (CCR)

Rocky Creek Utilities, In	nc.
Public Wat	er Supply Name
0200006	
	Water Systems included in this CCR
The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires ear Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each system, this CCR must be mailed or delivered to the customer customers upon request. Make sure you follow the proper email a copy of the CCR and Certification to MSDH. Plea	ch Community public water system to develop and distribute a year. Depending on the population served by the public water s, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the procedures when distributing the CCR. You must mail, fax or se check all boxes that apply.
Customers were informed of availability of CCR b	
XX Advertisement in local paper (attach copy of advertisement)
☐ On water bills (attach copy of	bill)
☐ Email message (MUST Email	the message to the address below)
☐ Other	
	, / / , / /
CCR was distributed by U.S. Postal Service or	other direct delivery. Must specify other direct delivery
Date Mailed/Distributed:/_/	
CCR was distributed by Email (MUST Email MS)	OH a copy) Date Emailed: / /
☐ As a URL (Provide URL	
☐ As an attachment	
☐ As text within the body of the	email message
CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach co	py of published CCR or proof of publication)
Name of Newspaper: George County Times	
Date Published: 05 / 04 / 2017	
CCR was posted in public places. (Attach list of lo	cations) Date Posted:/
	ite at the following address (<u>DIRECT URL REQUIRED</u>):
the form and manner identified above and that I used distribution included in this CCR is true and correct and is consumater system officials by the Mississippi State Department of Hessident Steve Denmark, President	May 10th, 2017
Name/Title (President, Mayor, Owner, etc.)	Date
Submission options (Select one method ONLY)
Mail: (U.S. Postal Service) MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply	Fax: (601) 576 - 7800
P.O. Box 1700 Jackson, MS 39215	Email: water.reports@msdh.ms.gov

CCR Deadline to MSDH & Customers by July 1, 2017!

PROOF OF PUBLICATION OF NOTICE

Newspaper Clipping of Notice Must Be Securely Pasted In This Column

S Landscaping, Irrigation Maintenance Services sing property value with landscaping. tall new or re-work existing landscapes.

American Red Cross
Blood Drive
Tuesday, May 16
10 a.m. - 3 p.m. George
Regional Hospital
Regional Aspital
Aspt. at redcrossblood org

of the law!

And then there was this here presentation; they done pre
sented him with a necktie; kinda', Actually, what I mea
was, it was a necktie party!

Howsoever, before he got to spend one simoleon of tha wampum, he was wrangled and bagged by this here minion

Yknow that was kinda' like what happened with my Uncle Shoe, though not quite; there was this here policeman, sheeriff, Sledge Johnson, to be exact, who stopped Uncle shee had made an extra-large, unwelcome withdraws from the local bank of Burnt Biscuit, Arizona, cleaning ou firm the local bank of Burnt Biscuit, Arizona, cleaning ou all their cabbage in one fell swoop!

In You-Owe-Me-Money, Wisconsin, a policeman stopped a speeding college student who was late for a presentation and ended up tying the student's necktie for him. He let him go with a warning to slowdown and he continued on his

Policeman Ties Necktie for Student

by Roger Hopkins

A Grain of Salt

Youth World Conference in Library at 947-2123, or visit Hong Kong.

Throughout the years, he across from the water tower. has maintained a passion for

ences and retreats. This would lead to teaching For more information breakout sessions in various conferences on a national level. He was also invited to reach at the level He was also invited to reach at the level He was also invited to For more information about leach at the level Hapitst Inc. Library at 947-2123, or visit Youth World Conference in Library at 947-2123, or visit Hong Kong.

CHARGE CHISCHAL COLLET HOME OF CIRCE CHISCIAL

STATE OF MISSISSIPPI COUNTY OF GEORGE

Before me, the undersigned authority in and for the County at	iu state
aforesaid, this day personally appeared GARNETT	
COLBURN , who being dually sworn, st	ates on
oath that he is the EDITOR of the George County T	imes, a
newspaper published in the City (or Town) of Lucedale, St	ate and
County aforesaid, and with a general circulation in said cour	ity, and
that the publication of the notice, a copy of which is hereby at	tached,
has been made in said paper One times, at weekly intervals	, and in
the regular entire issue of said newspaper for the numbers an	d dates
hereinafter name One consecutive weeks, immediately p	roceed-
ing the date of sale named in said notice, to-wit:	
Vol. 113 No. 18 on the 4th day of May	_2017
Vol No on the day of	2017
VolNo on the day of	2017
VolNoon theday of	2017
Delle af	
Sworn to and subscribed before me, this the 4th	
day of May , 2017	
JOSAN James	
OF MISS/S	payanaya
THE HARINGS.	
ID#4048 NOTARY PUBLIC	
Comm. Expires June 28, 2019	

PROOF OF PUBLICATION OF NOTICE

Newspaper Clipping of Notice Must Be Securely Pasted In This Column

STATE OF MISSISSIPPI COUNTY OF GEORGE

2016 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Rocky Creek Utilities, Inc. PWS#: 0200006 May 2017

nd State

e're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water discricts we deliver to you every day. Our constant goel is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We int you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Miocene Series Aquifer:

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imes, a

e source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking

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iter supply to identified potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility terminations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the icky Creek Utilities, Inc. have received lower susceptibility rankings to contamination.

You have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact LaJune Welford at 601,947,4302. We want it valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled

e routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the inking water contaminants that we detected during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2016. In cases where monitoring sen't required in 2016, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves iturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, optic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally acturing or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic westewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or ming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and sidential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial and participate and participate and can place or the production and can place or the production of the can be received and participate and can place or the can be received.

ocesses and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, PA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, cluding bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to member that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk...

this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've rovided the following definitions:

ction Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system just follow.

realment Technique (TT) - A treatment technique is a required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking ster.

laximum Conteminant Level (MCL) - The "Meximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking ater. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

laximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no nown or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

laximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) - The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing vidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary to control microbial contaminants.

taximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) - The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Collected	Detects d	or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	-ment			
inorganic	Contai	ninants						
0. Barium	N	2014*	:009	.002009	pora .	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natura deposits
13. Chramium	TN .	2014*	4.4	3.9-4.4	ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper 😗	N·	2015/17	2	0 - 1 - 1	ppm .	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
16. Fluoride	N	2014*	.215	.139215	Mu	11 ± 4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminut factories
17. Lead	N	2015/17	3	0 3	ppb	. 0	AL=15	Corresion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Disinfect	ion By-	Product	š.	8-7	ppb	0	60	By-Product of drinking water
81. HAA5 82. TTHM	N /	2014*	16.99	No Range	ppb	0	80	disinfection. By-product of drinking water
[Total trihalomethane		EVIT				·		chiorination.
Chlorine	N	2016	1	.501	mg/l	0	MORL =	4 Water additive used to control microbes

^{*} Most recent sample. No sample required for 2016.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific constituents on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. We did complete the monitoring requirements for bacteriological sampling that showed no coliform present. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminents. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminents are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hottine 1-800-426-4791.

The Rocky Creek Utilities, Inc. works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

2016 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report RECEIVED-WATER SUPPLY Rocky Creek Utilities, Inc.

PWS#: 0200006 April 2017 2017 APR 25 PM 2: 16

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Miocene Series Aquifer.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identified potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Rocky Creek Utilities, Inc. have received lower susceptibility rankings to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact LaJune Welford at 601.947.4302. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the first Thursday of each month at 6:00 PM at the office building located at 1197 Rocky Creek Road.

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that we detected during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2016. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2016, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk..

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				TEST R	ESULT	CS		
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detecte d	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorgani	c Contar	ninants						
10. Barium	N	2014*	.009	.002009	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge

13. Chromium	N	2014*	4.4	3.9 – 4.4	ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2015/17	.2	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
16. Fluoride	N	2014*	.215	.139215	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17. Lead	N	2015/17	3	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Disinfection		-Products	S 7	6 - 7	ppb		60	By-Product of drinking water
81. HAA5	N	2014"	'	0 - 7	ppo		00	disinfection.
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2014*	16.99	No Range	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination.
Chlorine	N	2016	1	.50 – 1	mg/l	0	MDRL =	Water additive used to control microbes

^{*} Most recent sample. No sample required for 2016.

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