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CERTIFICATION

Consumer Confidence Report (CCR)

SOUTH MISSISSIPPI PUBLIC WATER AUTHORITY

Public Water S	
0080009 AND 0680022	2
List PWS ID #s for all Community V	Vater Systems included in this CCR
The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each ye system, this CCR must be mailed or delivered to the customers, procustomers upon request. Make sure you follow the proper procurated a copy of the CCR and Certification to MSDH. Please	Community public water system to develop and distribute a ar. Depending on the population served by the public water published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the occurrence when distributing the CCR. You must mail, fax of check all boxes that apply.
Customers were informed of availability of CCR by:	(Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)
☐ Advertisement in local paper (att	ach copy of advertisement)
☑ On water bills (attach copy of bil	1)
☐ Email message (MUST Email the	_
□ Other	
	/ / , / /
CCR was distributed by U.S. Postal Service or of methods used	ther direct delivery. Must specify other direct delivery
Date Mailed/Distributed://	
CCR was distributed by Email (MUST Email MSDH As a URL (Provide URL	(a copy) Date Emailed: / /
☐ As an attachment	
☐ As text within the body of the em	ail message
CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach copy	of published CCR or proof of publication)
Name of Newspaper:	
Date Published:/	
CCR was posted in public places. (Attach list of locat	ions) Date Posted:/
CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site	at the following address (DIRECT URL REQUIRED):
http://www.msrwa.org/2016ccr/sms	waterouth 2, Pdf MAILED 5-1-17
CERTIFICATION I hereby certify that the Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) has the form and manner identified above and that I used distribution included in this CCR is true and correct and is consisted water system officials by the Mississippi State Department of Health	on methods allowed by the SDWA. I further certify that the ent with the water quality monitoring data provided to the public
Name/Title (President, Mayor, Owner, etc.)	5-12-17
Name/Title (President, Mayor, Owner, etc.)	Date
Submission options (Sel	ect one method ONLY)
Mail: (U.S. Postal Service) MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply	Fax: (601) 576 - 7800
P.O. Box 1700 Jackson, MS 39215	Email: water.reports@msdh.ms.gov

CCR Deadline to MSDH & Customers by July 1, 2017!

2016 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report RECEIVED-WATER SUPPLY South Mississippi Bublic Water A South Mississippi Public Water Authority PWS#: 0180009 & 0180022

April 2017

2017 APR 25 PM 2: 16

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is from two wells drawing from the Hattiesburg Formation Aquifer.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identified potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the South Mississippi Public Water Authority have received a lower susceptibility ranking to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Sue Franks at 601-545-2292. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the second Tuesday of each quarter at 6:00 PM at the McLaurin V.F. D.

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that we detected during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2016. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2016, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming, pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses, organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Treatment Technique (TT) - A treatment technique is a required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) - The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary to control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) - The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

PWS ID# 0180009				TEST RESULTS					
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL ,	Likely Source of Contamination	
Inorganic	Contar	ninants							
10. Barium	N	2014*	.024	No Range	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits	
19. Nitrate (as Nitrogen)	N	2016	.59	No Range	ppm	10	10	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits	

PWS ID# (018002	2		TEST RES	ULTS			
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic	Contar	ninants						
10. Barium	N	2014*	.0026	No Range	ppm	2		Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natura deposits
13. Chromium	N	2014*	5.9	No Range	ppb	100		Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2013/15*	.5	0	ppm	1.3		Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
16. Fluoride	N	2014*	.638	No Range	ppm	4		Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17. Lead	N	2013/15*	2	0	ppb	0		Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Disinfection	n By-P	roducts	5					
81. HAA5	N	2016	32	No Range	ppb	0	60	By-Product of drinking water disinfection.
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2016	21.2	No Range	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination.
Chlorine	N	2016	1.2	.6 – 1.78	ppm	0	MDRL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

^{*} Most recent sample. No sample required for 2016.

As you can see by the table, our system had no violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some constituents have been detected however the EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific constituents on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. We did complete the monitoring requirements for bacteriological sampling that showed no coliform present. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1-800-426-4791.

The South Mississippi Public Water Authority works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

SOÙTH MS PUBLIC WATER AUTH. 283 CARTER ROAD HATTIESBURG, MS 39401

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WATER 1863790-1858260=5530

0.00 32.00 2.00

Billed: 05/01/17 After 05/15/17 pay 35.60 Return this portion win 34.00 is due by 05/15/17

TOTAL NEW CHGS 05/01/17

34.00

34.00 is due by 05/15/17

After 05/15/17 pay 35.60 04/05/17

SVC:04/01/17-05/01/17 (30 days)

BILLING-Sue Franks 601-545-2292

Please see Important Message On Back

Acct# 1670 217 MCLAURIN RD

EARNEST SHOWS 217 MCLAURIN RD HATTIESBURG MS 39401