2017 MAY -5 AM 8: 36

CERTIFICATION

Consumer Confidence Report (CCR)

| narmory water Associ | |
|---|---|
| Public Water | er Supply Name |
| | 4 120018 120028 |
| · | y Water Systems included in this CCR |
| Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each | ch Community public water system to develop and distribute a year. Depending on the population served by the public waters, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the procedures when distributing the CCR. You must mail, fax of see check all boxes that apply. |
| Customers were informed of availability of CCR by | y: (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other) |
| ☐ Advertisement in local paper (| attach copy of advertisement) |
| ☐ On water bills (attach copy of | bill) |
| ☐ Email message (MUST Email | the message to the address below) |
| Other Internet | |
| Date(s) customers were informed: 04 /28 /201 | 7 / / , / / |
| | other direct delivery. Must specify other direct delivery |
| Date Mailed/Distributed: / / | |
| CCR was distributed by Email (MUST Email MSI | OH a copy) Date Emailed: / / |
| ☐ As a URL (Provide URL |) |
| ☐ As an attachment | |
| \square As text within the body of the | email message |
| CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach co. | py of published CCR or proof of publication) |
| Name of Newspaper: | |
| Date Published:// | |
| CCR was posted in public places. (Attach list of loc | cations) Date Posted:/ |
| CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet si | ite at the following address (<u>DIRECT URL REQUIRED</u>): |
| www.ccrwater.net/harmonywater- | -25392 |
| the form and manner identified above and that I used distribinformation included in this CCR is true and correct and is conswater system officials by the Miscissippi State Department of Hea | has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in ution methods allowed by the SDWA. I further certify that the istent with the water quality monitoring data provided to the public lith, Bureau of Public Water Supply |
| 1/46 //100 | 5-2-17 |
| Name/Title (President, Mayor, Owner, etc.) | Date |
| Submission options (| Select one method ONLY) |
| Mail: (U.S. Postal Service) MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply P.O. Box 1700 | Fax: (601) 576 - 7800 |
| Jackson, MS 39215 | Email: water.reports@msdh.ms.gov |

CCR Deadline to MSDH & Customers by July 1, 2017!

Corrected

Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Harmony Water Association, Inc. May, 2017

We're very pleased to provide you with this year's Annual Water Quality Report. We want to keep you informed about the excellent water and services we have delivered to you over the past year. Our goal is and always has been, to provide to you a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identified potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request.

We're pleased to report that our drinking water meets all federal and state requirements.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Daniel Dearman at 601-776-2593 or 118 Long Blvd. Quitman. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the third Monday of every month at 5:00 PM at the Harmony Water Association office, and our annual meeting is held the third Monday of October. You will receive a notice of location and time.

Harmony Water Association routinely monitors for 154 constituents in your drinking water according to federal and state laws. This table shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1st to December 31 2016. As water travels over the land or underground, it can pick up substances or contaminants such as microbes, inorganic and organic chemicals, and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily pose a health risk. In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions.

Maximum Contaminant Level – The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal – The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety. Action Level – The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers water treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Treatment Technique (TT)- A treatment technique is a required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

PWS # 120005 Harmony Well #2 Sparta Sand Aquifer Moderate susceptibility to contamination Harmony Well #3 Lower Wilcox Aquifer

| | | | 11411 | nony Well #. | Lower W. a. | cox Aquije | | |
|--------------------------------------|------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|--|---------------------|------------|-----------------|---|
| | | | | TEST | RESULTS | \$ | • | |
| Contaminant | Violation Y/N | Date Coilected | Level Detected | Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL | Unit Measurement | MCLG | MCL | Likely Source of Contamination |
| Inorganic C | ontamii | ants | | | | | | |
| 10. Barium #3 | N | 2014* | -0058 | No Range | ppm | 2 | 2 | Discharge of drilling wastes: discharge from metal refineries: crosion of natura deposits |
| 13. Chromium | N | 2014* | .004 | No Range | Ppm | 100 | 100 | Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits |
| 14. Copper | Й | 1/1/2015 To 12/31/2017 | 0-1 | 0 | ppm | 13 | A <u>L</u> =1.3 | Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives |
| 16. Fluoride #3 | N | 2014* | .175 | 0 | ppm | 4 | 4 | Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories |
| 17. Lead | N | 1/1/2015 To 12/31/2017 | 1 | 0 | ppb | 0 | AL=15 | Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits |
| Disinfectant | By Pro | ducts | | | | | | |
| 73. TTHM Total rihalomethanes] | и | 2014* | 4 | None | ppb | 0 | 80. | By-product of drinking water chlorination |
| 81. HAA5 | N | 2014* | 1.0 | No Range | ppb | 0 | 60 | By-product of drinking water chlorination |
| Chlorine(asC12) | N | 1/1/2016 To 12/31/2016 | 0.60 | 0.40 to 1.00 | ppm | 4 | 4 | Water Additives; used to control microbes |
| atile Organi | ic Conta | minants | | , | | | | |
| 6. Xylenes #3 | N | 2013* | 1.14 | No Range | ррь | 10 | 10 | Discharge from petroleum factories, discharge from chemical factories |

*Most Recent Sample. No Sample Required 2016

PWS # 120016-#2 #3 #4 - Sandy Basin & Hwy 514 Wells - Lower Wilcox Aquifer

Lower susceptibility to contamination TEST RESULTS Unit MCLG MCL Likely Source of Violation Date Level Range of Contaminant Detected Detects or Measurement Contamination Y/N Collected # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL **Inorganic Contaminants** Discharge of drilling 10. Barium #2 .0082 No Range 2 ppm wastes; discharge from 2014* .0076 metal refineries; erosion of #4 2014* .0088 natural deposits Discharge from steel and 100 .0025 No Range Ppm 13. Chromium #2 N 2014* pulp mills; erosion of .0024 2014* natural deposits 2014* .0024 Corrosion of household AL=1.3 1/1/2015 0.3 0 1.3 14. Copper # 4 Ŋ ppm plumbing systems; crosion To of natural deposits; 12/31/2017 leaching from wood preservatives Erosion of natural deposits; 0 4 2014* 16. Fluoride #2 N ppm water additive which 2014* .104 promotes strong teeth; 2014* I. discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories ppb Corrosion of household 0 AL=15 17. Lead #4 N 1/1/2015 3 0 plumbing systems, To erosion of natural deposits 12/31/2017 Runoff from fertilizer use: 19. Nitrate(as $\overline{\mathrm{N}}$ 2013* 0.09 0.06-0.09 Ppm Ĭ leaching from septic tanks, Nitrogen sewage: erosion of natural deposits 10 Runoff from fertilizer use: 0.11 N 2013* No Range Ppm 20. Nitrite(as leaching from septic tanks, Nitrogen) sewage: crosion of natural deposits Disinfectant By Product 80 By-product of drinking 73. TTHM (Total 4 No Range 0 2014* ppb water chlorination Trihalomethanes) By-product of drinking 0 2014* 6.0 No Range 81, HAA5 Ŋ ppb water chlorination Water Additives: used to 1/1/2016 0.60 0.40 to 1.00 4 Chlorine (asCl2) N ppm control microbes To 12/31/2016

*Most Recent Sample. No Sample Required 2016

$PWS \,\#\, 120018\, Elwood \,\text{-}\, \textbf{Lower Wilcox Aquifer}$

Lower susceptibility to contamination

| | | | TEST R | | | | |
|------------------|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|---|---|--|
| Violation Y/N | Date Collected | Level Detected | Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL | Unit Measurement | MCLG | MCL | Likely Source of Contamination |
| ntamin | ants | | | | | | • |
| N | 2014* | .0061 | No Range | Ppm | 2 | | wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits |
| N | 2014* | .0039 | No Range | Ppm | 100 | 100 | Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits |
| N | 1/1/2015 To 12/31/2017 | 0.1 | . 0 | Ppm | 1.3 | AL=1.3 | Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives |
| Ň | 2014* | .235 | 0 | Ppm | 4 | 4 | Erosion of natural deposits: water additive which promotes strong teeth: discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories |
| Ņ | 1/1/2015 To 12/31/2017 | 2 | 0 | Ppb | Ó . | AL=15 | Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits |
| Й | 2013* | 0.18 | No Range | Ppm | 10 | 10 | Runoff from fertilizer use: leaching from septic tanks, sewage: crosion of natural deposits |
| By Proc | lucts | | | _ ! | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | |
| N | 2014* | 2.0 | No Range | Ppb | 0 | 60 | By-product of drinking water chlorination |
| N | 1/1/2016 To 12/31/2016 | 0.60 | 0.40 to 0.70 | Ppm | 4 | 4 | Water Additives; used to control microbes |
| | N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N | Violation Collected Violation Y/N Collected Ontaminants N 2014* N 2014* N 2014* N 2014* N 2014* N 2013* By Products N 2014* N 2014* N 2014* N 2014* N 2014* N 1/1/2016 To To To To To To To To | Violation Y/N Collected Detected | Violation Date Collected Detected Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL | Violation Date Collected Detected Potential Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL | Violation Collected Level Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL | Violation Violation Violation Violation Vivo Vivo |

^{*}Most Recent Sample. No Sample Required 2016

PWS # 120028 - North Enterprise - Lower Wilcox Aguifer- Lower susceptibility to contamination

| | | | | TEST R | ESULTS | | | |
|-------------------------------------|------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|--|---------------------|------|--------|--|
| Contaminant | Violation Y/N | Date Collected | Level Detected | Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL | Unit Measurement | MCLG | MCL | Likely Source of Contamination |
| Inorganic C | ontamir | ants | | | | • | | |
| 10. Barium | N | 2014* | .01448 | No Range | ppm | 2 | 2 | Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; crosion of natural deposits |
| 13. Chromium | N | 2014* | .0024 | No Range | Ppm | 100 | 100 | Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits |
| 14. Copper | N | 1/1/2015 To 12/31/2017 | 0.2 | . 0 | ppm | 1.3 | AL=1.3 | Corrosion of household plumbing systems; crosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives |
| 17. Ľeaď | N | 1/1/2015 To 12/31/2017 | 1 | 0 | ppb | 0 | AL=15 | Corrosion of household plumbing systems, crosion of natural deposits |
| Disinfectant | By Pro | duct | | | | | • | |
| 73. TTHM (Total Trihalomethancs) | N | 2014* | 4 | No Range | ppb | 0 | | By-product of drinking water chlorination |
| 81. HAA5 | N | 2014* | 6.0 | No Range | ррь | 0 | 60 | By-product of drinking water chlorination |
| Chlorine (asCl2) | N | 1/1/2016 To 12/31/2016 | 0.70 | 0.40 to 1.40 | ppm | 4 | 4 | Water Additives; used to control microbes |
| Volatile O | rganic C | ontamin | ants | | | | | |
| 76. Xylenes | N | 2012* | 0.555 | No Range | ррь | 10 | 10 | Discharge from petroleum factories; discharge from chemical factories |

^{*}Most Recent Sample. No Sample Required 2016

05/16/2017

Additional Information for Lead

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Harmony Water Association is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing for \$10 per sample. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some People may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

We at Harmony Water Association work hard to provide quality water at every tap. We ask that all customers belp us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

This report being published on the Web Page will not be mailed. Please call our office at 601/776-2593 if you would like a copy.

Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Harmony Water Association, Inc. May, 2017

We're very pleased to provide you with this year's Annual Water Quality Report. We want to keep you informed about the excellent water and services we have delivered to you over the past year. Our goal is and always has been, to provide to you a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identified potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request.

We're pleased to report that our drinking water meets all federal and state requirements.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Daniel Dearman at 601-776-2593 or 118 Long Blvd. Quitman. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the third Monday of every month at 5:00 PM at the Harmony Water Association office, and our annual meeting is held the third Monday of October. You will receive a notice of location and time.

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Maximum Contaminant Level Goal – The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety. Action Level – The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers water treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Treatment Technique (TT)- A treatment technique is a required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

PWS # 120005 Harmony Well #2 Sparta Sand Aquifer Moderate susceptibility to contamination Harmony Well #3 Lower Wilcox Aquifer

| Contaminant | Violation | Date | Level | Range of | RESULTS | MCLG | MCL | Likely Source of |
|--|-----------|--------------------------------|----------|---|-------------|------|--------|---|
| Contaminant | Y/N | Collected | Detected | Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL | Measurement | MCLU | MCL | Contamination |
| Inorganic C | ontamii | nants | | | | | | |
| 10. Barium #3 | N | 2014* | .0058 | No Range | ppm | 2 | 2 | Discharge of drilling wastes: discharge from metal refineries: erosion of natura deposits |
| 13. Chromium | N | 2014* | .004 | No Range | Ppm | 100 | 100 | Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits |
| 14. Copper | N | 1/1/2012* To 12/31/2014* | 0.1 | 0 | ppm | 13 | AL=1.3 | Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives |
| 16. Fluoride #3 | N | 2014* | .175 | 0 | ppm | 4 | 4 | Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories |
| 17. Lead | N | 1/1/2012* To 12/31/2014* | .002 | 0 | ppb | 0 | AL=15 | Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits |
| Disinfectant | By Pro | ducts | | | | | | |
| 73. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes] | N | 2014* | 4 | None | ppb | 0 | 80 | By-product of drinking water chlorination |
| 81. HAA5 | N | 2014* | 1.0 | No Range | ppb | 0 | 60 | By-product of drinking water chlorination |
| Chlorine(asCl2) | N | 1/1/2016 To 12/31/2016 | 0.60 | 0.40 to 1.00 | ppm | 4 | 4 | Water Additives; used to control microbes |
| atile Organi | ic Conta | minants | | | | | | |
| 76. Xylenes #3 | N | 2013* | 1.14 | No Range | ppb | 10 | 10 | Discharge from petroleum factories; discharge from chemical factories |

^{*}Most Recent Sample. No Sample Required 2016

PWS # 120016-#2 #3 #4 - Sandy Basin & Hwy 514 Wells - Lower Wilcox Aquifer

Lower susceptibility to contamination

| | Lot | ver suscept | tibility to contar TEST | | | | |
|------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|---|---|
| Violation Y/N | Date Collected | Level Detected | Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL | Unit Measurement | MCLG | MCL | Likely Source of Contamination |
| ontamin | ants | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | | |
| N | 2014* 2014* 2014* | .0082 .0076 .0088 | No Range | ppm | 2 | 2 | Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits |
| N | 2014* 2014* 2014* | .0025 .0024 .0024 | No Range | Ppm | 100 | 100 | Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits |
| N | 1/1/2012* To 12/31/2014* | 0.2 | 0 | ppm | 1.3 | AL=1.3 | Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives |
| N | 2014* 2014* 2014* | .1 .104 .1 | 0 | ppm | 4 | 4 | Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories |
| N | 1/1/2012* To 12/31/2014* | .002 | 0 | ppb | 0 | AL=15 | Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits |
| N | 2013* | 0.09 | 0.06-0.09 | Ppm | 1 | 1 | Runoff from fertilizer use: leaching from septic tanks, sewage: erosion of natural deposits |
| N | 2013* | 0.11 | No Range | Ppm | 10 | 10 | Runoff from fertilizer use: leaching from septic tanks, sewage: erosion of natural deposits |
| By Pro | duct | l | L., | | | | L., |
| N | 2014* | 4 | No Range | ppb | 0 | 80 | By-product of drinking water chlorination |
| N | 2014* | 6.0 | No Range | ppb | 0 | 60 | By-product of drinking water chlorination |
| N | 1/1/2016 To 12/31/2016 | 0.60 | 0.40 to 1.00 | ppm | 4 | 4 | Water Additives; used to control microbes |
| | N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N | Y/N Collected | N Collected Detected N 2014* | Violation Collected Detected Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL | Y/N Collected Detected Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL | Violation Pate Level Detected Detects or Measurement MCLG | Violation Date Collected Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL |

^{*}Most Recent Sample. No Sample Required 2016

PWS # 120018 Elwood - Lower Wilcox Aquifer Lower susceptibility to contamination

| International Computer International International Computer International International Computer International Computer International Computer International I | | | 1204 | ver susc | TEST R | ESULTS | | | A AIGHT ANN AND AN AIGHT AN AIGHT AND AN AIGHT AN |
|--|---------------------|---------|-------|-------------|--|--------|------|--------|--|
| 10. Barium | Contaminant | 1 | | | Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding | Unit | MCLG | MCL | |
| 10. Barium | Inorganic Co | ntamin | ants | | | | | | |
| 13. Chromium | 10. Barium | N | 2014* | .0061 | No Range | Ppm | 2 | 2 | wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural |
| To 12/31/2014* Searching from service and substitute Searching from service and services | 13. Chromium | N | 2014* | .0039 | No Range | Ppm | 100 | 100 | and pulp mills; erosion |
| 16. Fluoride | 14. Copper | N | То | 0.1 | 0 | Ppm | 1.3 | AL=1.3 | erosion of natural deposits; leaching from |
| To 12/31/2014* 20. Nitrite(as Nitrogen) N 2013* O.18 No Range Ppm 10 Runoff from fertilizer use: leaching from septic tanks, sewage: erosion of natural deposits Disinfection By Products 81. HAA5 N 2014* 2.0 No Range Ppb 0 60 By-product of drinking water chlorination Chlorine (asCl2) N 1/1/2016 0.60 0.40 to 0.70 Ppm 4 4 Water Additives; used to control microbes | 16. Fluoride | N | 2014* | .235 | 0 | Ppm | 4 | 4 | Erosion of natural deposits: water additive which promotes strong teeth: discharge from fertilizer and aluminum |
| Nitrogen) Disinfection By Products Standard Control of Chlorine (asCl2) N 1/1/2016 To Chlorine (asCl2) To Chlorine (asCl2) N 1/1/2016 To Chlorine (asCl2) N 1/1/2016 Chlorine (asCl2) Chlorine (asCl2) N 1/1/2016 Chlorine (asCl2) Chlorine (asCl2) N 1/1/2016 Chlorine (asCl2) Chlorine (as | 17. Lead | N | То | 1 | 0 | Ppb | 0 | AL=15 | erosion of natural |
| 81. HAA5 N 2014* 2.0 No Range Ppb 0 60 By-product of drinking water chlorination Chlorine (asCl2) N 1/1/2016 0.60 0.40 to 0.70 Ppm 4 Water Additives; used to control microbes | | N | 2013* | 0.18 | No Range | Ppm | 10 | 10 | septic tanks, sewage: erosion of natural |
| 81. HAA5 N 2014* 2.0 No Range Ppb 0 60 By-product of drinking water chlorination Chlorine (asCl2) N 1/1/2016 0.60 0.40 to 0.70 Ppm 4 Water Additives; used to control microbes | Disinfection | By Proc | lucts | | | | • | | |
| To to control microbes | | | | 2.0 | No Range | Ppb | 0 | 60 | By-product of drinking water chlorination |
| | Chlorine (asCl2) | N | То | 0.60 | 0.40 to 0.70 | Ppm | 4 | 4 | Water Additives; used to control microbes |

^{*}Most Recent Sample. No Sample Required 2016

PWS # 120028 - North Enterprise - Lower Wilcox Aquifer- Lower susceptibility to contamination

| | | | | TEST F | RESULTS | | - | |
|-------------------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|--|---------------------|------|--------|--|
| Contaminant | Violation Y/N | Date Collected | Level Detected | Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL | Unit Measurement | MCLG | MCL | Likely Source of Contamination |
| Inorganic C | ontamin | ants | | | | | | |
| 10. Barium | N | 2014* | .01448 | No Range | ppm | 2 | 2 | Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits |
| 13. Chromium | N | 2014* | .0024 | No Range | Ppm | 100 | 100 | Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits |
| 14. Copper | N | 1/1/2012* To 12/31/2014* | 0.2 | 0 | ppm | 1.3 | AL=1.3 | Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives |
| 17. Lead | N | 1/1/2012* To 12/31/2014* | 1 | 0 | ppb | 0 | AL=15 | Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits |
| Disinfectant | By Proc | luct | | | | | | |
| 73. TTHM (Total Trihalomethanes) | N | 2014* | 4 | No Range | ppb | 0 | 80 | By-product of drinking water chlorination |
| 81. HAA5 | N | 2014* | 6.0 | No Range | ppb | 0 | 60 | By-product of drinking water chlorination |
| Chlorine (asCl2) | N | 1/1/2016 To 12/31/2016 | 0.70 | 0.40 to 1.40 | ppm | 4 | 4 | Water Additives; used to control microbes |
| Volatile O | rganic C | ontamina | ants | | | | | |
| 76. Xylenes | N | 2012* | 0.555 | No Range | ppb | 10 | 10 | Discharge from petroleum factories; discharge from chemical factories |

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Additional Information for Lead

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We at Harmony Water Association work hard to provide quality water at every tap. We ask that all customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

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SAVE THIS >> NET DUE >>> GROSS DUE >> 070434000 ERVICE ADDRESS HTCHWAY 514
METER READINGS
PREVIOUS 294781 CHARGE FOR SERVICES 294781 SERVICE FROM SERVICE TO 04/04 04/04 USED Pay Online @ harmonywater.ms-ezpay.com PAY NET AMOUNT ON OR BEFORE DUE DATE NET AMOUNT .00

RETURN THIS STUB WITH PAYMENT TO:
HARMONY WATER ASSOC.
P.O. BOX 342 · QUITMAN, MS 39355-0342
(601) 776-2593

ACCOUNT NO.

PRESORTED
FIRST-CLASS MAIL
U.S. POSTAGE
PAID
PERMIT NO. 2
QUITMAN, MS

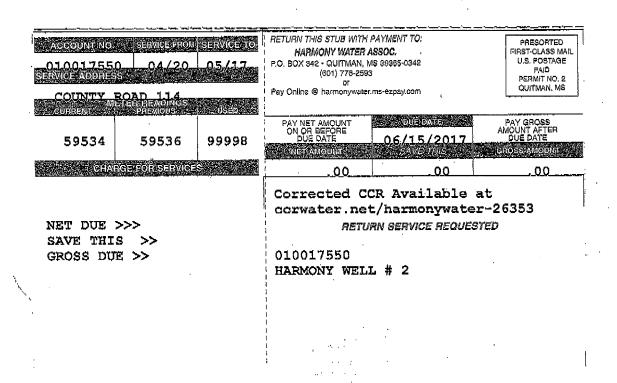
05/15/2017 DUE DATE SAVE THIS .00 PAY GROSS AMOUNT AFTER DUE DATE GROSS AMOUNT . 00

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