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MISSISSIPPI STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH BUREAU OF PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY CCR CERTIFICATION CALENDAR YEAR 2015

CALENDAR YEAR 29 COCK Hope Water Supply No	015 550 CA +1021
List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Syst	tems included in this CCR
The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Commun Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depersystem, this CCR must be mailed or delivered to the customers, published customers upon request. Make sure you follow the proper procedures we mail a copy of the CCR and Certification to MSDH. Please check all	anity public water system to develop and distribute a ending on the population served by the public water in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the when distributing the CCR. You must mail, fax or boxes that apply.
Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: (Attach of	copy of publication, water bill or other)
☐ Advertisement in local paper (attach copy ☐ On water bills (attach copy of bill) ☐ Email message (MUST Email the message ☐ Other	

2015 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Good Hope Water Association PWS#: 0330004 April 2016

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We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Miocene Aquifer.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identify potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Good Hope Water Association have received a lower susceptibility ranking to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Sidney T. Fails at 601-943-6619. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend the annual meeting to be held June 21, 2016 at 7:00 PM at the Bassfield City Hall.

The Good Hope Water Association routinely monitors for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2015. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2015, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the land or underground, it can pick up substances or contaminants such as microbes, inorganic and organic chemicals, and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily pose a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) — The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary to control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) – The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

				TEST R	ESULTS				
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detection or # of Sample Exceeding MCL/ACL		MC	CLG	MCI	L Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic (Contan	ninants							
10. Barium	N	2015	.017	No Range	ppm		2		Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries erosion of natural deposits
19. Nitrate (as Nitrogen)	N	2015	.5	No Range	ppm		10		10 Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits
Disinfection	n By-P	roducts							
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2014*	1	No Range	ppb	0		80	By-product of drinking water chlorination.
Chlorine	N	2015	1	.80 – 1.1	mg/l	0	MDF	RL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

* Most recent sample. No sample required for 2015.

As you can see by the table, our system had no contaminant violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some constituents have been detected however the EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific constituents on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1-800-426-4791.

The Good Hope Water Association works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.



GOOD HOPE WATER ASSOCIATION

P.O. BOX 177 45 HAWKINS AVENUE

BASSFIELD, MISSISSIPPI 39421

(601) 943-6619

CALL BEFORE YOU DIG: 811 METER READING USED CHARGES PRESENT PREVIOUS

Water

TYPE OF SERVICE

1157000

1153000

4,000

32.00

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FIRST-CLASS MAIL U.S. POSTAGE PAID BASSFIELD MS PERMIT NO. 03

CUSTOMER ROUTE ACCOUNT	PAY GROSS AMOUNT AFTER THIS DATE					
2 351 NET AMOUNT TO BE PAID	6/20/16 GROSS AMOUNT TO BE PAID					
32.00 37.00 MAIL THIS STUB WITH YOUR PAYMENT						

 Service From 4/20 METER READ CLAS	6/2016 TO 5/25/2016 TOTAL DUE UPON RECEIPT	ACCOUNT LATE CHARGE AFTER DUE DATE	351 5/31/16 PAST DUE AMOUNT
5 25 1	32.00	5.00	37.00

5934 N. WILLIAMSBURG RD. BASSFIELD MS 39421

SEE INFORMATION ON BACK OF BILL: VIEW CCR @ http://www.msrwa.org/2015ccr/goodhope.pdf Annual meeting 6/21/2016 @ 7pm @ Bassfield City Hall

Look on Back of Sheet

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Good Hope Water Association Public Posting Place:

- Ocod Hope Water Payment Office 45 Hawkins Ave Bassfield. MS 39421
- 2) Town of Bassfield. City Hall Office Bassfield. MS 39421