CONSUMER WATER SUPPLY
2015 JUN 29 AM 10: 29

# MISSISSIPPI STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH
## BUREAU OF PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY
### CCR CERTIFICATION
### CALENDAR YEAR 2014

Northwest Kemper Water Assn.
Public Water Supply Name

350003 / 350007 / 350023 / 350025
List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR

The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Community public water system to develop and distribute a Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the public water system, this CCR must be mailed or delivered to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request. Make sure you follow the proper procedures when distributing the CCR. **You must mail, fax or email a copy of the CCR and Certification to MSDH.** ***Please check all boxes that apply.***

Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: ***(Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)***

- ☑ Advertisement in local paper (attach copy of advertisement)
- ☑ On water bills (attach copy of bill)
- ☐ Email message (MUST Email the message to the address below)
- ☐ Other _____

Date(s) customers were informed: 5/7/15, 6/1/15, / /

CCR was distributed by U.S. Postal Service or other direct delivery. Must specify other direct delivery methods used _____

Date Mailed/Distributed: / /

CCR was distributed by Email (MUST Email MSDH a copy) Date Emailed: / /

- ☐ As a URL (Provide URL _____)
- ☐ As an attachment
- ☐ As text within the body of the email message

CCR was published in local newspaper. ***(Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)***

Name of Newspaper: Kemper County Messenger

Date Published: 5/7/15

CCR was posted in public places. ***(Attach list of locations)*** Date Posted: / /

CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the following address (**DIRECT URL REQUIRED**):

_____

**CERTIFICATION**

I hereby certify that the 2014 Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in the form and manner identified above and that I used distribution methods allowed by the SDWA. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true and correct and is consistent with the water quality monitoring data provided to the public water system officials by the Mississippi State Department of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply.

Wayne Smith, Manager
***Name/Title (President, Mayor, Owner, etc.)***

6-26-15
***Date***

***Deliver or send via U.S. Postal Service:***
***Bureau of Public Water Supply***
***P.O. Box 1700***
***Jackson, MS 39215***

***May be faxed to:***
***(601)576-7800***

***May be emailed to:***
water.reports@msdh.ms.gov

RECEIVED - WATER SUPPLY
2015 MAY -1 PM 2:06

# 2014 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report
Northwest Kemper Water Association
PWS#: 350003, 350007, 350023, 350025
April 2015

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to providing you with information because informed customers are our best allies. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Lower Wilcox Aquifer.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identify potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Northwest Kemper Water Association have received lower rankings in terms of susceptibility to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Wayne Smith at 601.677.3558. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please join us at any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the second Tuesday of August at 7:00 PM at the Main Office.

We routinely monitor for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the period of January 1st to December 31st , 2014. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2014, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

*Action Level* - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

*Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL)* - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

*Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG)* - The "Goal"(MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

*Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL)* – The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary to control microbial contaminants.

*Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG)* – The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

*Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l)* - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in $10,000.

*Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter* - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in $10,000,000.

## PWS ID # 350003- Preston TEST RESULTS

| Contaminant | Violation Y/N | Date Collected | Level Detected | Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL/MRDL | Unit Measure -ment | MCL G | MCL | Likely Source of Contamination |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Inorganic Contaminants** | | | | | | | | |
| 10. Barium | N | 2012* | .012 | No Range | ppm | 2 | 2 | Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits |

| | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 17. Lead | N | 2012/14 | 1 | 0 | ppb | 0 | AL=15 | Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits |
| 19. Nitrate (as Nitrogen) | N | 2014 | .8 | No Range | ppm | 10 | 10 | Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits |
| **Disinfection By-Products** | | | | | | | | |
| Chlorine | N | 2014 | 1.1 | .9 – 1.3 | mg/l | 0 | MRDL = 4 | Water additive used to control microbes |

## PWS ID # 350007- Cleveland TEST RESULTS

| Contaminant | Violation Y/N | Date Collected | Level Detected | Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL/MRDL | Unit Measure -ment | MCL G | MCL | Likely Source of Contamination |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Inorganic Contaminants** | | | | | | | | |
| 10. Barium | N | 2012* | .03 | No Range | ppm | 2 | 2 | Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits |
| **Disinfection By-Products** | | | | | | | | |
| 81. HAA5 | N | 2012* | 7 | No Range | ppb | 0 | 60 | By-Product of drinking water disinfection. |
| Chlorine | N | 2014 | 1.4 | 1 – 1.7 | mg/l | 0 | MRDL = 4 | Water additive used to control microbes |

## PWS ID # 350023 - Kynerd TEST RESULTS

| Contaminant | Violation Y/N | Date Collected | Level Detected | Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL/MRDL | Unit Measure -ment | MCL G | MCL | Likely Source of Contamination |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Inorganic Contaminants** | | | | | | | | |
| 10. Barium | N | 2012* | .05 | No Range | ppm | 2 | 2 | Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits |
| 14. Copper | N | 2012/14 | .6 | 0 | ppm | 1.3 | AL=1.3 | Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives |
| 17. Lead | N | 2012/14 | 1 | 0 | ppb | 0 | AL=15 | Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits |
| **Disinfection By-Products** | | | | | | | | |
| 81. HAA5 | N | 2012* | 16 | No Range | ppb | 0 | 60 | By-Product of drinking water disinfection. |
| 82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes] | N | 2012* | 9.47 | No Range | ppb | 0 | 80 | By-product of drinking water chlorination. |
| Chlorine | N | 2014 | 1.6 | 1 – 1.6 | mg/l | 0 | MRDL = 4 | Water additive used to control microbes |

## PWS ID # 350025 – NWK #4 TEST RESULTS

| Contaminant | Violation Y/N | Date Collected | Level Detected | Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL/MRDL | Unit Measure -ment | MCL G | MCL | Likely Source of Contamination |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Inorganic Contaminants** | | | | | | | | |
| 10. Barium | N | 2014 | .0676 | No Range | ppm | 2 | 2 | Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits |
| 13. Chromium | N | 2014 | 1 | No Range | ppb | 100 | 100 | Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits |
| **Disinfection By-Products** | | | | | | | | |
| 81. HAA5 | N | 2012* | 1 | No Range | ppb | 0 | 60 | By-Product of drinking water disinfection. |
| 82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes] | N | 2012* | 1.07 | No Range | ppb | 0 | 80 | By-product of drinking water chlorination. |
| Chlorine | N | 2014 | 1.2 | 1.1 – 1.5 | mg/l | 0 | MRDL = 4 | Water additive used to control microbes |

** Most recent sample. No sample required for 2014.*

As you can see by the table, our system had no violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some constituents have been detected however the EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific constituents on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1.800.426.4791.

The Northwest Kemper Water Association works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

Please Note: You may obtain a copy of this report at our office at 10798 HWY 397 in Preston or call us at 601.677.3558.

**2015 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report**
**Northwest Kemper Water Association**
**PWS#: 350003, 350007, 350023, 350025**
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*Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter* - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in $10,000,000.

**PWS ID # 350003- Preston** **TEST RESULTS**

| Contaminant | Violation Y/N | Date Collected | Level Detected | Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL/MRDL | Unit Measurement | MCLG | MCL | Likely Source of Contamination |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Inorganic Contaminants** | | | | | | | | |
| 10. Barium | N | 2012* | .012 | No Range | ppm | 2 | 2 | Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits |
| 17. Lead | N | 2012/14 | 1 | 0 | ppb | 0 | AL=15 | Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits |
| 19. Nitrate (as Nitrogen) | N | 2014 | 6 | No Range | ppm | 10 | 10 | Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits |
| **Disinfection By-Products** | | | | | | | | |
| Chlorine | N | 2014 | 1.1 | 0 - 1.3 | mg/l | 0 | MRDL = 4 | Water additive used to control microbes |

**PWS ID # 350007- Cleveland** **TEST RESULTS**

| Contaminant | Violation | Date | Level | Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL/MRDL | Unit Measurement | MCLG | MCL | Likely Source of Contamination |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|

...-WATER SUPPL

2015 JUN 29 AM 10: 28

**...UBLICATION**
**...OF MISSISSIPPI**
**...OUNTY**

...ppeared before me, the ...y public in and for Kemper ...pi, for the KEMPER COUNTY ...weekly newspaper of general ...per County, Mississippi as ...ribed in Section 13-3-31, of the ...of 1972, as amended, who, ... states that the notice, a true ...ttached hereto was published ...d newspaper as follows:

_____, ~~2014~~

_____, No. ___

...y-07-, 2015

_____, No. 25

_____, 2015

_____, No. ___

_____, 2015

_____, No. ___

Rome

...COUNTY MESSENGER

...day of June,

## PWS ID # 350007- Cleveland TEST RESULTS

| Contaminant | Violation Y/N | Date Collected | Level Detected | Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL/MRDL | Unit Measurement | MCLG | MCL | Likely Source of Contamination |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Inorganic Contaminants** | | | | | | | | |
| 10. Barium | N | 2012* | .03 | No Range | ppm | 2 | 2 | Discharge of drilling wastes discharge from metal refineries erosion of natural deposits |
| **Disinfection By-Products** | | | | | | | | |
| 81. HAA5 | N | 2012* | 7 | No Range | ppb | 0 | 60 | By-Product of drinking water disinfection |
| Chlorine | N | 2014 | 1.4 | 1 - 1.7 | mg/l | 0 | MRDL = 4 | Water additive used to control microbes |

## PWS ID # 350023 - Kynerd TEST RESULTS

| Contaminant | Violation Y/N | Date Collected | Level Detected | Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL/MRDL | Unit Measurement | MCLG | MCL | Likely Source of Contamination |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Inorganic Contaminants** | | | | | | | | |
| 10. Barium | N | 2012* | .05 | No Range | ppm | 2 | 2 | Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits |
| 14. Copper | N | 2012/14 | .6 | 0 | ppm | 1.3 | AL=1.3 | Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits, leaching from wood preservatives |
| 17. Lead | N | 2012/14 | 1 | 0 | ppb | 0 | AL=15 | Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits |
| **Disinfection By-Products** | | | | | | | | |
| 81. HAA5 | N | 2012* | 16 | No Range | ppb | 0 | 60 | By-Product of drinking water disinfection |
| 82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes] | N | 2012* | 9.47 | No Range | ppb | 0 | 80 | By-product of drinking water chlorination |
| Chlorine | N | 2014 | 1.5 | 1 - 1.6 | mg/l | 0 | MRDL = 4 | Water additive used to control microbes |

## PWS ID # 350025 – NWK #4 TEST RESULTS

| Contaminant | Violation Y/N | Date Collected | Level Detected | Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL/MRDL | Unit Measurement | MCLG | MCL | Likely Source of Contamination |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Inorganic Contaminants** | | | | | | | | |
| 10. Barium | N | 2014 | .0676 | No Range | ppm | 2 | 2 | Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits |
| 13. Chromium | N | 2014 | 1 | No Range | ppb | 100 | 100 | Discharge from steel and pulp mills, erosion of natural deposits |
| **Disinfection By-Products** | | | | | | | | |
| 81. HAA5 | N | 2012* | 1 | No Range | ppb | 0 | 60 | By-Product of drinking water disinfection |
| 82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes] | N | 2012* | 1.07 | No Range | ppb | 0 | 80 | By-product of drinking water chlorination |
| Chlorine | N | 2014 | 1.2 | 1.1 - 1.5 | mg/l | 0 | MRDL = 4 | Water additive used to control microbes |

** Most recent sample. No sample required for 2014.*

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We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific constituents on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

*If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children.* Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or athttp://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

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Please Note: You may obtain a copy of this report at our office at 10798 HWY 397 in Preston or call us at 601-677-3558

2015 Annua
Northwe
PWS#: 3

We're pleased to present to you this ye
inform you about the quality water and
provide you with a safe and dependabl
efforts we make to continually improve
We are committed to providing you with
Our water source is from wells drawing f
The source water assessment has been co
susceptibility of its drinking water supply
taining detailed information on how the s
our public water system and is availabl
Kemper Water Association have received
If you have any questions about this rep
Smith at 601.677.3558. We want our value
want to learn more, please join us at any
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use of disinfectants to control microbial contamina
*Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter* -
2,000 years, or a single penny in $10,000,000.

**PWS ID # 350003- Preston** TEST RE

| Contaminant | Violation Y/N | Date Collected | Level Detected | Range of Detects # of Samples Exceeding MCL/AGL/MRD |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Inorganic Contaminants** | | | | |
| 10. Barium | N | 2012 | .012 | No Range |
| 11. Lead | N | 2012/14 | 1 | 0 |
| 19. Nitrate (as Nitrogen) | N | 2014 | .8 | No Range |
| **Disinfection By-Products** | | | | |
| Chlorine | N | 2014 | [illegible] | [illegible] |

**PWS ID # 350007- Cleveland** TEST RESUL

| Contaminant | Violation Y/N | Date Collected | Level | Range of Detects |
|---|---|---|---|---|

WATER SUPPL

2015 JUN 29 AM 10: 28

# PROOF OF PUBLICATION
# THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI
# KEMPER COUNTY

**PERSONALLY appeared before me, the undersigned notary public in and for Kemper County, Mississippi, for the KEMPER COUNTY MESSENGER, a weekly newspaper of general circulation in Kemper County, Mississippi as defined and prescribed in Section 13-3-31, of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, who, being duly sworn, states that the notice, a true copy of which is attached hereto was published in the issues of said newspaper as follows:**

**Date** _____, ~~2014~~

**Vol.** _____, **No.** ___

**Date** May-07-, **2015**

**Vol.** 81, **No.** 25

**Date** _____, **2015**

**Vol.** _____, **No.** ___

**Date** _____, **2015**

**Vol.** _____, **No.** ___

**Signed:** Cathy Rowe

**For the**
**KEMPER COUNTY MESSENGER**

**before me the** 29 **day of** June,

STATE OF MISSISSIPPI
LIE H. HA
ID No
86682
NOTARY PUBLIC
Comm Expires
August 21, 2015
KEMPER COUNTY

| ACCOUNT NO. | SERVICE FROM | SERVICE TO |
|---|---|---|
| 010031000 | 04/29 | 05/29 |

SERVICE ADDRESS
HWY 397

| METER READINGS CURRENT | PREVIOUS | USED |
|---|---|---|
| 14540 | 12970 | 1570 |

CHARGE FOR SERVICES

| | |
|---|---|
| WTR | 21.00 |
| CREDIT BAL | 5.00- |
| NET DUE >>> | 16.00 |

RETURN THIS STUB WITH PAYMENT TO:
**NORTHWEST KEMPER WATER ASSOCIATION**
P.O. BOX 57 • PRESTON, MS 39354
PHONE: (601) 677-3558

PRESORTED
FIRST CLASS MAIL
U.S. POSTAGE PAID
PRESTON, MS 39354
PERMIT NO. 1

| PAY NET AMOUNT ON OR BEFORE DUE DATE | DUE DATE | PAY GROSS AMOUNT AFTER DUE DATE |
|---|---|---|
| | 06/20/2015 | |
| NET AMOUNT | SAVE THIS | GROSS AMOUNT |
| 16.00 | 5.00 | 21.00 |

CCR'S AVAILABLE AT OUR OFFICE.
PAST DUE SUBJECT TO LOCKUP!

**RETURN SERVICE REQUESTED**

010031000
ALCORN ST. UNIV. #2
OF.BS.AFF. PO# 8734
1000 ALCORN DR, #509
LORMAN MS 39096

RECEIVED-WATER SUPPL
2015 JUN 29 AM 10: 28

| ACCOUNT NO. | SERVICE FROM | SERVICE TO |
|---|---|---|
| 010032000 | 04/29 | 05/29 |

SERVICE ADDRESS
HWY 397

| METER READINGS CURRENT | PREVIOUS | USED |
|---|---|---|
| 5490 | | 5490 |

CHARGE FOR SERVICES

| | |
|---|---|
| WTR | 30.96 |
| CREDIT BAL | .64- |
| NET DUE >>> | 30.32 |

RETURN THIS STUB WITH PAYMENT TO:
**NORTHWEST KEMPER WATER ASSOCIATION**
P.O. BOX 57 • PRESTON, MS 39354
PHONE: (601) 677-3558

PRESORTED
FIRST CLASS MAIL
U.S. POSTAGE PAID
PRESTON, MS 39354
PERMIT NO. 1

| PAY NET AMOUNT ON OR BEFORE DUE DATE | DUE DATE | PAY GROSS AMOUNT AFTER DUE DATE |
|---|---|---|
| | 06/20/2015 | |
| NET AMOUNT | SAVE THIS | GROSS AMOUNT |
| 30.32 | 5.00 | 35.32 |

CCR'S AVAILABLE AT OUR OFFICE.
PAST DUE SUBJECT TO LOCKUP!

**RETURN SERVICE REQUESTED**

010032000
ALCORN ST. UNIVERSITY
OF.BS.AFF. PO# 8734
1000 ALCORN DR, #509
ALCORN STATE, MS 39096-7510

RECEIVED-WATER SUPPL
2015 JUN 29 AM 10: 28

| ACCOUNT NO. | SERVICE FROM | SERVICE TO |
|---|---|---|
| 010117000 | 04/29 | 05/29 |

SERVICE ADDRESS
988 SHUQUALAK RD

| METER READINGS CURRENT | PREVIOUS | USED |
|---|---|---|
| 15570 | 13830 | 1740 |

CHARGE FOR SERVICES

| | |
|---|---|
| WTR | 21.00 |
| NET DUE >>> | 21.00 |

RETURN THIS STUB WITH PAYMENT TO:
**NORTHWEST KEMPER WATER ASSOCIATION**
P.O. BOX 57 • PRESTON, MS 39354
PHONE: (601) 677-3558

PRESORTED
FIRST CLASS MAIL
U.S. POSTAGE PAID
PRESTON, MS 39354
PERMIT NO. 1

| PAY NET AMOUNT ON OR BEFORE DUE DATE | DUE DATE | PAY GROSS AMOUNT AFTER DUE DATE |
|---|---|---|
| | 06/20/2015 | |
| NET AMOUNT | SAVE THIS | GROSS AMOUNT |
| 21.00 | 5.00 | 26.00 |

CCR'S AVAILABLE AT OUR OFFICE.
PAST DUE SUBJECT TO LOCKUP!

**RETURN SERVICE REQUESTED**

010117000
JOE WAYNE HARRISON

988 SHUQUALAK RD
PRESTON MS 39354

RECEIVED-WATER SUPPL
2015 JUN 29 AM 10: 28