CALENDAR YEAR 2014 CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT
CERTIFICATION REPORT
CITY OF LOUISVILLE & CITY OF LOUISVILLE-NORTHEAST
PWS ID # ('s): 0800004 & 0800005

WATER SUPPLY
2015 MAY 13 AM 10: 46

The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act requires each ***community*** public water system to develop and distribute a consumer confidence report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the public water system, this CCR must be mailed to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request.

Please Answer the Following Questions Regarding the Consumer Confidence Report

☒ Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: ***(Attach copy of publication, water bill, or other)***
☐

- ☒ Advertisement in local paper
- ☒ On water bills
- ☒ Other Posted in Louisville Utilities Office, Winston County Library & City of Louisville Website

Date customers were informed: _____

☐ CCR was distributed by mail or other direct delivery. Specify other direct delivery methods:

Date mailed/distributed: _____

☒ CCR was published in local newspaper. ***(Attach copy of published CCR and proof of publication)***
Name of Newspaper: Winston County Journal
Date Published: 4-29-15

☒ CCR was posted in public places. ***(Attach list of locations)***
Posted in Louisville Utilities Office, Winston County Library & City of Louisville Website
Date posted: 4-21-15

☒ CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the address: www: cityoflouisvillems.com

CERTIFICATION:

I hereby certify that a Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in the form and manner identified above. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true and correct and is consistent with the water quality monitoring data provided to the public water system officials by the Mississippi State Department of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply.

_____ 5-11-15
Name/Title (President, Mayer, Owner, etc.) *Date*

This Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) was completed by MS Cross Connection, LLC with information provided by the above Public Water System and is certified only to be as true & correct as the information provided.

_____ 4-10-15
Signature *Date*

Mail completed form along with a copy of your CCR Report(s) before JULY 1, 2015 to:
MS State Department of Health
Division of Public Water Supply
P O Box 1700
Jackson, MS 39215
Phone: 601-576-7518

WATER SUPPL
2015 MAY 13 AM 10: 46

Annual

Drinking Water Quality Report
City of Louisville & City of Louisville-Northeast
PWS ID # 0800004 & 0800005
April, 2015

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Water Quality Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source consists of a total of six wells that draw from the Lower Wilcox Aquifer.

A source water assessment has been completed for the water supply to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water to identify potential sources of contamination.. The water supply for the City of Louisville and the City of Louisville- Northeast received a moderate susceptibility ranking to contamination.

We're pleased to report that our drinking water meets all federal and state requirements.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Wilson Webb at 662-773-7147 We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the second Monday of each month at Louisville Utilities office at 8:00 a.m.

The City of Louisville and Louisville-Northeast routinely monitors for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2014. As water travels over the land or underground, it can pick up substances or contaminants such as microbes, inorganic and organic chemicals, and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily pose a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Treatment Technique (TT) - A treatment technique is a required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Maximum Contaminant Level - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal - The "Goal"(MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

CITY OF LOUISVILLE - PWS ID# 0800004

TEST RESULTS								
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measurement	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Radioactive Contaminants								
5. Alpha emitters	N		0.32	No Range	PCi/l	0	15	Erosion of natural deposits
Inorganic Contaminants								
10. Barium	N	2013*	0.248	No Range	Ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
16. Fluoride	N	2013*	1.2	No Range	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
Disinfectants & Disinfectant By-Products								
Chlorine (as Cl2)	N	1/1/14 to 12/31/14	1.10	1.00 to 1.30	ppm	4	4	Water additive used to control microbes
73. TTHM [Total tri-halomethanes]	N		2.41	No Range	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination

** Most recent sample results available*

To comply with the "Regulation Governing Fluoridation of Community Water Supplies", CITY OF LOUISVILLE is required to report certain results pertaining to fluoridation of our water system. The number of months in the previous calendar year in which average fluoride sample results were within the optimal range of 0.7-1.3 ppm was 11. The percentage of fluoride samples collected in the previous calendar year that was within the optimal range of 0.7-1.3 was 93%.

CITY OF LOUISVILLE-NORTHEAST PWS ID# 0800005

TEST RESULTS								
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measurement	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic Contaminants								
10. Barium	N	2013*	0.016	No Range	Ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
17. Lead	N	1/1/09 to 12/31/11*	1	None	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
19. Nitrate (as Nitrogen)	N		0.8	No Range	ppm	10	10	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits20. Nitrite (as Nitrogen)
Disinfectants & Disinfectant By-Products								
Chlorine (as Cl2)	N	1/1/14 to 12/31/14	1.10	0.90 to 1.30	ppm	4	4	Water additive used to control microbes
73. TTHM [Total tri-halomethanes]	N	2010*	1.20	No Range	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination

**Most recent sample results available*

Additional Information for Lead

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. The City of Louisville and Louisville-Northeast is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing for $10 per sample. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested..

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

This report being published in the paper will not be mailed. Please call our office if you would like a copy or you have any questions.

WATER SUPPL
2015 MAY 13 AM 10: 47

PROOF OF PUBLICATION

THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI
COUNTY OF WINSTON

Before the undersigned authority of said county and state personally appeared –Joseph McCain - County of Winston, State of Mississippi, Winston County Journal, duly sworn, both depose and say that the publication of this notice hereto affixed has been made in said newspaper for 1 consecutive week(s), to-wit:

Vol. 122, No. 17, on the 29, day of April, 2015

Vol. 122, No._____, on the _____, day of _____, 2015

Vol. 122, No._____, on the _____, day of _____, 2015

Vol. 122, No._____, on the _____, day of _____, 2015

Vol. 122, No._____, on the _____, day of _____, 2015

Sworn to and subscribed to this the 6 day of May, 2015
Me the undersigned Notary Public of said County and State.

STATE OF MISSISSIPPI
CHASATIE FISHER
NOTARY PUBLIC
ID No. 107792
My Commission Expires
January 28, 2018
WINSTON COUNTY

By: [signature]

Chasatie Fisher

Printer's fee $3.00

Annual Drinking Water Quality Report
City of Louisville & City of Louisville-Northeast
PWS ID # 0800004 & 0800005
April, 2015

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Water Quality Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source consists of a total of six wells that draw from the Lower Wilcox Aquifer.

A source water assessment has been completed for the water supply to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water to identify potential sources of contamination. The water supply for the City of Louisville and the City of Louisville- Northeast received a moderate susceptibility ranking to contamination.

We're pleased to report that our drinking water meets all federal and state requirements.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Wilson Webb at 662-773-7147 We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the second Monday of each month at Louisville Utilities office at 8:00 a.m.

The City of Louisville and Louisville-Northeast routinely monitors for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2014. As water travels over the land or underground, it can pick up substances or contaminants such as microbes, inorganic and organic chemicals, and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily pose a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Treatment Technique (TT) - A treatment technique is a required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Maximum Contaminant Level - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal - The "Goal"(MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

CITY OF LOUISVILLE - PWS ID# 0800004

TEST RESULTS

Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measurement	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Radioactive Contaminants								
5. Alpha emitters	N		0.32	No Range	PCi/1	0	15	Erosion of natural deposits
Inorganic Contaminants								
10. Barium	N	2013*	0.248	No Range	Ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
16. Fluoride	N	2013*	1.2	No Range	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
Disinfectants & Disinfectant By-Products								
Chlorine (as Cl2)	N	1/1/14 to 12/31/14	1.10	1.00 to 1.30	ppm	4	4	Water additive used to control microbes
73. TTHM [Total tri-halomethanes]	N		2.41	No Range	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination

** Most recent sample results available*

To comply with the "Regulation Governing Fluoridation of Community Water Supplies", CITY OF LOUISVILLE is required to report certain results pertaining to fluoridation of our water system. The number of months in the previous calendar year in which average fluoride sample results were within the optimal range of 0.7-1.3 ppm was 11. The percentage of fluoride samples collected in the previous calendar year that was within the optimal range of 0.7-1.3 was 93%.

CITY OF LOUISVILLE-NORTHEAST PWS ID# 0800005

TEST RESULTS

Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measurement	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic Contaminants								
10. Barium	N	2013*	0.016	No Range	Ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
17. Lead	N	1/1/09 to 12/31/11*	1	None	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
19. Nitrate (as Nitrogen)	N		0.8	No Range	ppm	10	10	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits20. Nitrite (as Nitrogen)
Disinfectants & Disinfectant By-Products								
Chlorine (as Cl2)	N	1/1/14 to 12/31/14	1.10	0.90 to 1.30	ppm	4	4	Water additive used to control microbes
73. TTHM [Total tri-halomethanes]	N	2010*	1.20	No Range	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination

**Most recent sample results available*

Additional Information for Lead

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. The City of Louisville and Louisville-Northeast is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://

sample. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested..

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

This report being published in the paper will not be mailed. Please call our office if you would like a copy or you have any questions.

Publish April 29, 2015

Louisville Publishing, Inc.
P O Box 469
Louisville MS 39339

WATER SUPPL
2015 MAY 13 AM 10: 47

Invoice

Date	Invoice #
4/30/2015	150851

Bill To	Ship To
LOUISVILLE UTILITIES 118 S COLUMBUS LOUISVILLE MS 39339	

E-Tearsheet Links:
http://winstoncountyjournal.com/e-tearsheets-for-april-2015/
http://websterprogresstimes.com/2015/04/01/e-tearsheets-for-april-2015/
http://choctawplaindealer.com/2015/04/01/e-tearsheets-for-april-2015/

Contact us to setup a new account for online access.

P.O. Number	Terms	Rep	Account #
	N10	LW	38007840

www.WinstonCountyJournal.com
www.ChoctawPlaindealer.com
www.WebsterProgressTimes.com

'Like' us on Facebook!
Follow us on Twitter!

Item Code	Date	Description	Qty/Inches	Class	Rate	Amount
NEWS & SH...	4/29/2015	CCR WATER REPORT	40	WCJ	7.85	314.00
PROOF	4/29/2015	NOTARIZED ITEMS	1	WCJ	3.00	3.00

Total $317.00

Phone #	Fax #	E-Mail
662-773-6241	662-773-6242	newsroom@winstoncountyjournal.com

Invoices 60 days Past Due are Subject to Finance Charges of 18.1% per month and / or Collection Fees.