

MISSISSIPPI STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH  
BUREAU OF PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY  
CCR CERTIFICATION  
CALENDAR YEAR 2014

Hilldale Water District, Inc. ✓  
Public Water Supply Name

750005

List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR

The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Community public water system to develop and distribute a Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the public water system, this CCR must be mailed or delivered to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request. Make sure you follow the proper procedures when distributing the CCR. **You must mail, fax or email a copy of the CCR and Certification to MSDH. Please check all boxes that apply.**

Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: *(Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)*

- Advertisement in local paper (attach copy of advertisement)
- On water bills (attach copy of bill)
- Email message (MUST Email the message to the address below)
- Other \_\_\_\_\_

Date(s) customers were informed:   /  /  

CCR was distributed by U.S. Postal Service or other direct delivery. Must specify other direct delivery methods used, \_\_\_\_\_

Date Mailed/Distributed: 6/19/15

CCR was distributed by Email (MUST Email MSDH a copy) Date Emailed:   /  /  

- As a URL (Provide URL \_\_\_\_\_)
- As an attachment
- As text within the body of the email message

CCR was published in local newspaper. *(Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)*

Name of Newspaper: \_\_\_\_\_

Date Published:   /  /  

CCR was posted in public places. *(Attach list of locations)* Date Posted:   /  /  

CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the following address **(DIRECT URL REQUIRED)**:  
\_\_\_\_\_

**CERTIFICATION**

I hereby certify that the 2014 Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in the form and manner identified above and that I used distribution methods allowed by the SDWA. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true and correct and is consistent with the water quality monitoring data provided to the public water system officials by the Mississippi State Department of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply.

Bradley Barnes  
Name/Title (President, Mayor, Owner, etc.)

6-23-15  
Date

Deliver or send via U.S. Postal Service:  
Bureau of Public Water Supply  
P.O. Box 1700  
Jackson, MS 39215

May be faxed to:  
(601) 576-7800

May be emailed to:  
[water.reports@msdh.ms.gov](mailto:water.reports@msdh.ms.gov)

**2014 ANNUAL DRINKING WATER QUALITY REPORT for HILLDALE WATER DISTRICT, INC. PWS ID: 750005**

We are pleased to present this year's Annual Water Quality Report (Consumer Confidence Report) as required by the Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA). This report contains information from 2014 comparing your tap water to all U. S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and Mississippi State Department of Health (MSDH) drinking water health standards. Our efforts each day are directed toward providing you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. This report contains information about where your water comes from, what it contains, and how it compares to standards set by the regulatory agencies. We are committed to providing information on our operations and future plans because informed customers are our best allies. During 2014 our water came from eight wells that draw from the Forest Hill Aquifer. **The minimum and maximum running annual average free chlorine levels in 2014 were .60 mg/l and 2.2 mg/l respectively.**

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the EPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/Centers for Disease Control (CDC) guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

Hilldale Water District routinely monitors for constituents in your drinking water according to federal and state requirements. Water samples collected by HWD are analyzed by the MSDH Laboratory. The table below presents the results of our monitoring primarily during the period of January 1 to December 31, 2014. Earlier monitoring results are reported for constituents tested less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not change frequently. Information is included on all constituents present at a detectable level in the laboratory analyses. HWD water was tested for numerous other contaminants that were not detected.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific constituents on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. During June 2014, we did not monitor or test for all chlorine and therefore, cannot be sure of the quality of our drinking water during that time. The number of samples required was 6, number of samples taken was 5. The preceding sentences are required language, according to the law, for this type of violation. To clarify, this violation was due to a paperwork error that voided one of the samples. The safety of the water was never in question. In October four monthly samples were in violation of microbiological standards. HWD issued a system-wide boil water notice for the first time in its history. As stated in the customer notice dated November 19, 2014, HWD collected an additional 56 samples over three days. All 56 samples tested negative for total coliform and the boil water notice was lifted.

The Mississippi Department of Health has completed a source water assessment to determine the overall susceptibility of the HWD drinking water supply to potential sources of contamination. The HWD wells have received a moderate general susceptibility ranking to contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to HWD and is available for review at the HWD office.

**Additional Information for Lead**

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Hilldale Water District is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>.

You may want additional information about your drinking water. You may contact our Certified Waterworks Operator, Danny Shy, or our General Manager, Bradley Barnes at 601-636-8475, or you may prefer to log on to the Internet and obtain specific information about your system and its compliance history at the following address: <http://www.msdh.state.ms.us/watersupply/index.htm>. Compliance and reporting violations, and other information pertaining to your water supply including "Why, When and How to Boil Your Drinking Water" and "Flooding and Safe Drinking Water" may be obtained.

The HWD Board normally meets on the second Tuesday of each month at 6:00 PM at the HWD office (4326 Lee Road). We encourage all customers who have concerns or questions to meet with us. Our District conducts its annual meeting on a Tuesday in February at 7:00 PM at the Warren County Courthouse. Notices of this important meeting are mailed to all customers encouraging attendance. **So that we may contact you about future boil water situations or other important information, please contact the HWD office at 601-636-8475 to ensure we have your correct contact information.**

**Water Quality Data Table**

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations which limit the amount of contaminants in water provided by public water systems. The table below lists all of the contaminants that we detected during the calendar year of this report. Although many more contaminants were tested, only those substances listed below were found in your water. All sources of drinking water contain some naturally occurring contaminants. At low levels, these substances are generally not harmful in our drinking water. Removing all contaminants would be extremely expensive, and in most cases, would not provide increased protection of public health. A few naturally occurring minerals may actually improve the taste of drinking water and have nutritional value at low levels. Unless otherwise noted, the data presented in this table is from testing done in the calendar year of the report. The EPA or the State requires us to monitor for certain contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not vary significantly from year to year, or the system is not considered vulnerable to this type of

contamination. As such, some of our data, though representative, may be more than one year old. In this table you will find terms and abbreviations that might not be familiar to you. To help you better understand these terms, we have provided the definitions below the table.

Contaminant	MCLG or MRDLG	MCL	Year	Range	Sample Date	Violation	Typical Source
<b>Disinfectants &amp; Disinfection By-Products</b>							
[There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contamination]							
Chlorine (as Cl <sub>2</sub> ) (ppm)	4	4	0.9	0.6 - 2.2	2014	No	Water additive used to control microbes
THM5 (Total Trihalomethanes) (ppb)	NA	80	10.5	NA	2013	No	By-product of drinking water disinfection
Halooxetic Acids (HAA5) (ppb)	NA	60	3	NA	2013	No	By-product of drinking water chlorination
<b>Inorganic Contaminants</b>							
Fluoride (ppm)	4	4	0.271	0.317 - 0.371	2013	No	Erosion of natural deposits; Water additive which promotes strong teeth; Discharges from fertilizer and aluminum factories.
<b>Lead-pipe Contaminants</b>							
Copper - action level at consumer taps (ppm)	1.3	1.3	0.2	2013	0	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits
Lead - action level at consumer taps (ppb)	0	15	3	2013	0	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits
<b>Test Descriptions</b>							
Term	Definition						
ppm	Parts per million, or milligrams per liter (mg/L)						
ppb	Parts per billion, or micrograms per liter (µg/L)						
NA	N/A, not applicable						
ND	ND, N's detected						
NR	NR: Monitoring not required, but recommended						
<b>Important Drinking Water Definitions</b>							
Term	Definition						
MCLG	MCLG: Maximum Contaminant Level Goal: The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.						
MCL	MCL: Maximum Contaminant Level: The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.						
TT	TT: Treatment Technique: A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.						
AL	AL: Action Level: The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.						
Variances and Exemptions: States or EPA permission not to meet an MCL or a treatment technique under certain conditions.							
MRDLG	MRDLG: Maximum residual disinfectant level goal. The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.						
MRDL	MRDL: Maximum residual disinfectant level. The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.						
MNR	MNR: Monitored Not Regulated						
MPL	MPL: State Assigned Maximum Permissible Level						

HILDALE WATER DISTRICT, INC.  
4326 Lee Road  
Vicksburg, MS 39180

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3811

**HILDALE WATER DISTRICT**

4326 LEE ROAD  
VICKSBURG, MS 39180  
601-636-8475  
hilldale4326@att.net

November 19, 2014

RE: IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT YOUR DRINKING WATER  
Coliform Positive Tests for Hilldale Water District

Note to our customers:

Hilldale Water District (HWD) is required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards.

HWD was informed on October 3, 2014 of four water samples being in violation of microbiological standards for total coliform from sampling that occurred on October 1, 2014. As a corrective and precautionary action, a system-wide boil water alert was issued the afternoon of October 3, 2014.

*Total coliform bacteria are generally not harmful themselves. Coliforms are bacteria which are naturally present in the environment and are used as an indicator that other, potentially-harmful, bacteria may be present. Coliforms were found in more samples than allowed and this was a warning of potential problems.*

HWD personnel collected 56 additional samples over the next three days and sent to the Mississippi Department of Health (MDOH) lab for testing. All 56 samples tested negative for total coliforms. HWD and MDOH are confident your water is safe.

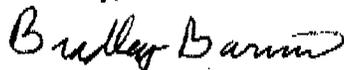
As a result, HWD performed a review for proper sampling procedures and will continue with the proper sampling procedures into the future.

*Please share this information with all the other people who drink this water, especially those who may not have received this notice directly (for example, people in apartments, nursing homes, schools, and businesses). You can do this by posting this notice in a public place or distributing copies by hand or mail.*

For more information, please contact Bradley Barnes, General Manager or Danny Shy, Operator at 601-636-8475 or 4326 Lee Road, Vicksburg, MS 39180. PWS ID#0750005.

To receive **boil water notifications**, please call the office to update your phone, text and email contact information. Like us on Facebook and check our website, [www.hilldalewater.com](http://www.hilldalewater.com), for updates and information.

Sincerely,



Bradley Barnes  
General Manager  
Hilldale Water District