

MISSISSIPPI STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH
BUREAU OF PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY
CCR CERTIFICATION
CALENDAR YEAR 2013

2014 JUN -5 PM 3:56

Chalybeate Water Assn.
Public Water Supply Name

0700003

List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR

The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Community public water system to develop and distribute a Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the public water system, this CCR must be mailed or delivered to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request. Make sure you follow the proper procedures when distributing the CCR. **You must mail, fax or email a copy of the CCR and Certification to MSDH. Please check all boxes that apply.**

Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: *(Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)*

Advertisement in local paper (attach copy of advertisement)
On water bills (attach copy of bill)
Email message (MUST Email the message to the address below)
Other _____

Date(s) customers were informed: 5/21/14 / /

CCR was distributed by U.S. Postal Service or other direct delivery. Must specify other direct delivery methods used _____

Date Mailed/Distributed: ___ / ___ / ___

CCR was distributed by Email (MUST Email MSDH a copy) Date Emailed: ___ / ___ / ___
As a URL (Provide URL _____)
As an attachment
As text within the body of the email message

CCR was published in local newspaper. *(Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)*

Name of Newspaper: Southern Sentinel

Date Published: 5/21/14

CCR was posted in public places. *(Attach list of locations)* Date Posted: ___ / ___ / ___

CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the following address (**DIRECT URL REQUIRED**):

CERTIFICATION

I hereby certify that the 2013 Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in the form and manner identified above and that I used distribution methods allowed by the SDWA. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true and correct and is consistent with the water quality monitoring data provided to the public water system officials by the Mississippi State Department of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply.

Bobby Yatewson President
Name/Title (President, Mayor, Owner, etc.)

6-2-14
Date

Deliver or send via U.S. Postal Service:
Bureau of Public Water Supply
P.O. Box 1700
Jackson, MS 39215

May be faxed to:
(601)576-7800

May be emailed to:
Melanie.Yanklowski@msdh.state.ms.us

Proof of Publication

The State of Mississippi
Tippah County

Personally appeared before me a Notary Public in and for said County and State, the undersigned
Tim Watson

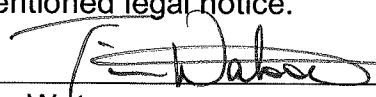
who, after being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the Publisher of the SOUTHERN SENTINEL, a newspaper published in the City of Ripley, in said County and State, and that the

LEGAL NOTICE

a true copy of which is hereto attached, was published for 1 consecutive weeks in said newspaper as follows:

VOLUME	NO.	DATE
<u>136</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>5/21/2014</u>
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

And further, that said newspaper has been published in Ripley, Tippah County, Mississippi for more than one year next preceding the first insertion of the above mentioned legal notice.



Tim Watson

Sworn to and subscribed before me this the
2 DAY OF June, 2014



Notary Public, Tippah County, Mississippi
My Commission expires: **05/05/2017**



Printer's Fee \$

Cotton Plant / Academy News

2013 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report
Chaplayne Water Association
PWS# 030003
May 2014

70/03

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Drinking Water Quality Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our contact goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to providing you with information because informed customers are our best asset. Our water source is farm water drawn from the Coffee River.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall sustainability of its drinking water supply to ensure potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the sustainability assessment was completed is available on our public water system website for viewing upon request. The water for our requirements were met by the moderate markings in terms of sustainability in our community.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Brenda Jones at 802.233.8681. We want to be sure you are informed about the water utility. If you wish to learn more, please join us at any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the first Friday of March, June, Sept. & December at 7:00 PM at the Chaplayne Water Office. Annual meeting times:

- We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2013. In cases where monitoring results were below the maximum allowed level (MCL), the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, man-made inorganic and synthetic organic substances from the geologic materials that it passes through and from urban water supply, industrial, agricultural, domestic, and other sources. These substances can be naturally occurring or man-made. Some of these substances are inorganic chemicals, such as nitrate and sulfate, and some are synthetic organic chemicals, such as pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agricultural, urban, and industrial. Other inorganic and synthetic organic substances, such as lead, copper, and iron, may be introduced into your drinking water through the distribution system, such as pipes and fittings, and can also come from gas stations and applied systems. Inorganic and synthetic organic substances, such as lead, copper, and iron, may be introduced into your drinking water through the distribution system, such as pipes and fittings, and can also come from gas stations and applied systems. Inorganic and synthetic organic substances, such as lead, copper, and iron, may be introduced into your drinking water through the distribution system, such as pipes and fittings, and can also come from gas stations and applied systems.

2013 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report
Tiptonville Water Association
PWS# 100010
April 2014

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Drinking Water Quality Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our contact goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to providing you with information because informed customers are our best asset. Our water source is farm water drawn from the Coffee River.

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Contaminant	Median Value	Date Collected	Level Detected	Percent Exceeds of MCL/SDWA	MCL	SDWA	MCL	SDWA	Health Source of Contamination
Inorganic Contaminants									
12. Barium	N	2013	14	No Range	ppm	1	1	1	Discharge of drilling wastes, discharge from metal refineries, erosion of natural deposits.
13. Chromium	N	2013	1	No Range	ppm	100	100	100	Discharge from steel and other metal refineries, erosion of natural deposits.
17. Lead	N	2013	1	No Range	ppm	0.01	0.01	0.01	Discharge from lead and other metal refineries, erosion of natural deposits.
Disinfection By-Products									
Chloroform	N	2013	5	3-5	mg/l	0	0	0	MCL = 1 year average used to control cancer.

*After recent recall to sample reservoir for 2013. As you can see by the table, our system had no violations. We were proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have been through our monitoring and testing that some contaminants have been detected because the EPA has determined that your water is safe at these levels.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now requires systems of any drinking water supply to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is not responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When responsible for providing high quality drinking water, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested before using water for drinking or cooking.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man-made. These substances can be inorganic, synthetic organic, or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water including bottled water may naturally contain or be added to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-8225.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immunocompromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should consult with their health care providers. EPA/ACD guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-8225.

The Chaplayne Water Association works around the clock to provide you quality water to every tap. We want you to be satisfied with all of our customers' water. Please note this report will not be mailed out to each customer, a copy can be obtained by calling 802.790.3411

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