

2014 JUN -4 AM 11: 31

MISSISSIPPI STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH
BUREAU OF PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY
CCR CERTIFICATION
CALENDAR YEAR 2013

Barratoun Utility Association, Inc.
Public Water Supply Name

0180001
List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR

The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Community public water system to develop and distribute a Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the public water system, this CCR must be mailed or delivered to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request. Make sure you follow the proper procedures when distributing the CCR. You must mail, fax or email a copy of the CCR and Certification to MSDH. Please check all boxes that apply.

Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)

- X Advertisement in local paper (attach copy of advertisement)
X On water bills (attach copy of bill)
Email message (MUST Email the message to the address below)
X Other posted @ Drive-Thru Window * Entry @ Water office copies @ office on 5-6-14

Date(s) customers were informed: / / , / / , / /

CCR was distributed by U.S. Postal Service or other direct delivery. Must specify other direct delivery methods used

Date Mailed/Distributed: / /

CCR was distributed by Email (MUST Email MSDH a copy) Date Emailed: / /
As a URL (Provide URL)
As an attachment
As text within the body of the email message

X CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)

Name of Newspaper: Nattiesburg Publishing / The Retail News
Date Published: 05 / 08 / 2014

CCR was posted in public places. (Attach list of locations) Date Posted: / /

CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the following address (DIRECT URL REQUIRED):

CERTIFICATION

I hereby certify that the 2013 Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in the form and manner identified above and that I used distribution methods allowed by the SDWA. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true and correct and is consistent with the water quality monitoring data provided to the public water system officials by the Mississippi State Department of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply.

Arthur Moore
Name/Title (President, Mayor, Owner, etc.)

June 2, 2014
Date

Deliver or send via U.S. Postal Service:
Bureau of Public Water Supply
P.O. Box 1700
Jackson, MS 39215

May be faxed to:
(601) 576-7800

May be emailed to:
Melanie.Yanklowski@msdh.state.ms.us

2013 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report
 Barrontown Utility Association, Inc.
 PWS#: 0180001
 April 2014

2014 MAY 15 PM 12: 34

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Lower and Middle Catahoula Formation and the Miocene Series Aquifers.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identified potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Barrontown Utility Association have received moderate susceptibility rankings to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Elaine Tolbert, General Manager, at 601-544-3502. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend the annual meeting held the second Monday of November at 7:00 PM at the Barrontown Community Center.

We routinely monitor for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that we detected during for the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2013. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2013, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal"(MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) - The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) - The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

TEST RESULTS								
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure-ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Radioactive Contaminants								
5. Gross Alpha	N	2012	3.2	.9 - 3.2	pCi/L		0	15 Erosion of natural deposits
Inorganic Contaminants								
10. Barium	N	2011*	.033	.003 - .033	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2011/13	.4	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives

15. Cyanide	N	2011*	83	20 - 83	ppb	200	200	Discharge from steel/metal factories; discharge from plastic and fertilizer factories
16. Fluoride	N	2011*	.191	.126 - .191	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17. Lead	N	2011/13	5	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Volatile Organic Contaminants								
76. Xylenes	N	2012*	.001	No Range	ppm	10	10	Discharge from petroleum factories; discharge from chemical factories
Disinfection By-Products								
81. HAA5	N	2012*	12	No Range	ppb	0	60	By-Product of drinking water disinfection.
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2012*	7.7	No Range	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination.
Chlorine	N	2013	1.05	.95 - 2.34	ppm	0	MDRL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

* Most recent sample. No sample required for 2013.

As you can see by the table, our system had no violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some constituents have been detected however the EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific constituents on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. We did complete the monitoring requirements for bacteriological sampling that showed no coliform present. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our Water Association is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1-800-426-4791.

The Barrontown Utility Association works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

Please note: This report will not be mailed out to customers individually, however a copy may be requested from our office located at 101 Dogwood Lane, Petal, MS.

Hattiesburg Publishing Inc.

103 North 40th Avenue ~ Hattiesburg, MS 39401
(601) 268-2331 ~ Fax 601-268-2965

PROOF OF PUBLICATION

THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI,
LAMAR COUNTY and FORREST COUNTY
Personally appeared before me, the under-
signed, a notary public in and for Forrest
County, Mississippi, David R. Gustafson, for
THE LAMAR TIMES and THE PETAL NEWS,
weekly newspapers published in Lamar County
and Forrest County Mississippi, respectively,
and Forrest County Mississippi, respectively,
who, being duly sworn, says that the notice, a
true copy of which is hereto annexed, appeared
in the issues of said newspapers as follows:

DATE: 5-8-14
DATE: _____
DATE: _____
DATE: _____
DATE: _____

Number of Words _____
Published 1 Times
Printers Fee \$ _____
Making Proof \$ 3.00
TOTAL \$ 448.00

(Signed) Shannon Fielder
THE LAMAR TIMES AND THE PETAL NEWS

Sworn to and subscribed before me
in my Presence, this 8th day
of May 2014, a Notary
Public in and for the County of Forrest,
State of Mississippi. (signed) _____
Notary Public

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The Barrington Utility Association works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

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The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to specified potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Barrontown Utility Association have received moderate susceptibility ratings to contamination.

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5. Gross Alpha	N	2012	3.2	0-3.2	pCi/L	0	15	Erosion of natural deposits
Inorganic Contaminants								
10. Barium	N	2011*	033	003-033	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes, discharge from metal finishing, erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2011/13	4	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits leading to both copper precipitation
15. Cyanide	N	2011*	83	20-83	ppm	500	200	Discharge from metallurgical facilities, discharge from pulp and paper facilities
16. Fluoride	N	2011*	191	128-191	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits, waste rock from phosphate fertilizer production
17. Lead	N	2011/13	5	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Volatile Organic Contaminants								
76. Xylenes	N	2012*	.061	No Range	ppm	10	10	Discharge from petroleum facilities, discharge from chemical facilities
Disinfection By-Products								
81. HAA5	N	2012*	12	No Range	ppm	0	60	By-product of drinking water disinfection
82. THM (Total Trihalomethanes)	N	2011*	7.7	No Range	ppm	0	80	By-product of drinking water disinfection
Chlorine	N	2013	1.05	.85-1.24	ppm	0	MRDL=4	Water additive used to control microbes

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FILED APR 11 2014

ACCOUNT NO. 010167525 SERVICE FROM 05/01 SERVICE TO 05/31
 SERVICE ADDRESS 1049 MACEDONIA ROAD
 METER READINGS PREVIOUS USED

1049 MACEDONIA ROAD
 METER READINGS PREVIOUS USED

CHARGE FOR SERVICES

WTR 11.50
 NET DUE >>> 11.50
 SAVE THIS >> 1.15
 GROSS DUE >> 12.65

RETURN THIS STUB WITH PAYMENT TO:
 BARRONTOWN WATER ASSOCIATION
 101 DOGWOOD LANE
 PETAL, MS 39465

2014 JUN -4 AM 11:31

PRESORTED
 FIRST CLASS MAIL
 U.S. POSTAGE
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 PERMIT NO. 57
 PETAL, MS

PAY NET AMOUNT ON OR BEFORE DUE DATE	DUE DATE	PAY GROSS AMOUNT AFTER DUE DATE
11.50	06/15/2014	12.65
NET AMOUNT	SAVE THIS	GROSS AMOUNT
11.50	1.15	12.65

COPY OF CCR ANNUAL REPORT @
 OFFICE 101 DOGWOOD LN
 RETURN SERVICE REQUESTED

010167525
 DOUGLAS MOORE
 1049 MACEDONIA RD
 PETAL, MS 39465
 39465

COPIES OF

**2013 Annual Drinking
Water Quality Report
(CCR)**

**IS AVAILABLE IN OFFICE IF
YOU WOULD LIKE A COPY**

POSTED 05/06/14