2013 JUL - 1 PM 3: 58

MISSISSIPPI STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH BUREAU OF PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY CCR CERTIFICATION FORM CALENDAR YEAR 2012

	Public Water Supply Name
	List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR
The Feder Consumer system, th customers of electro check all	ral Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Community public water system to develop and distribute a r Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the public water his CCR must be mailed or delivered to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the supon request. Make sure you follow the proper procedures when distributing the CCR. Since this is the first year poic delivery, we request you mail or fax a hard copy of the CCR and Certification Form to MSDH. Please boxes that apply.
□ Cus	stomers were informed of availability of CCR by: (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)
	Advertisement in local paper (attach copy of advertisement) On water bills (attach copy of bill) Email message (MUST Email the message to the address below) Other
D	Pate(s) customers were informed: / / , / / , / /
CCI	R was distributed by <u>U.S. Postal Service</u> or other direct delivery. Must specify other direct delivery nethods used
D	Pate Mailed/Distributed: 6 1291 2013
	R was distributed by Email (MUST Email MSDH a copy) As a URL (Provide URL As an attachment As text within the body of the email message
□ CCI	R was published in local newspaper. (Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)
N	ame of Newspaper:
D	ate Published://
CCI CCI	R was posted in public places. (Attach list of locations) Date Posted: / /
□ CCI	R was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the following address (DIRECT URL REQUIRED):
the SDW. the water Departme	CATION certify that the 2012 Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) has been distributed to the customers of this ater system in the form and manner identified above and that I used distribution methods allowed by A. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true and correct and is consistent with a quality monitoring data provided to the public water system officials by the Mississippi State and of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply. [Application of Health, Mayor, Owner, etc] [Application of Health, Mayor, Owner, etc]

Deliver or send via U.S. Postal Service: Bureau of Public Water Supply P.O. Box 1700 Jackson, MS 39215

May be faxed to: (601)576-7800

May be emailed to: <u>Melanie. Yanklowski@msdh. state.ms.us</u>



2012 Drinking Water Quality Report Brooklyn Utility Assn. PWS #180014 June 2013

Is my water safe?

We are pleased to present this year's Annual Water Quality Report (Consumer Confidence Report) as required by the Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA). This report is designed to provide details about where your water comes from, what it contains, and how it compares to standards set by regulatory agencies. This report is a snapshot of last year's water quality. We are committed to providing you with information because informed customers are our best allies.

Do I need to take special precautions?

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/Centers for Disease Control (CDC) guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Water Drinking Hotline (800-426-4791).

Where does my water come from?

Our water in Brooklyn comes from 2 wells located at the office site located at 210 Old Hwy 49 west. Our water comes from the Catahoula Formation Aquifer.

Source water assessment and its availability

Our source water assessment has been prepared by the Mississippi State Department of Health. It is complete, and copies are available upon request. Our wells rank moderate in terms of susceptibility to contamination.

Why are there contaminants in my drinking water?

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

How can I get involved?

Our association meets monthly on the third Tuesday at 7 PM. Please call for more information.

Monitoring and reporting of compliance data violations

*****April 1, 2013 MESSAQGE FROM MSDH CONCERNING RADIOLOGICAL SAMPLING*****

In accordance with the Radionuclides Rule, all community public water supplies were requested to sample quarterly for radionuclides beginning January 2007- December 2007. Your public water supply completed sampling by the scheduled deadline; however, during an audit of the Mississippi Department of Health Radiological Health Laboratory, the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) suspended analyses and reporting of radiological compliance samples and results until further notice. Although this was not the result of inaction by the public water supply, MSDH was required to issue a violation. This is to notify you that as of this date, your water syste4m has completed the monitoring requirements and is now in compliance with the Radionuclides Rule. If you have any questions, please contact Karen Walters, Director of Compliance & Enforcement, Bureau of Public Water Supply, at (601)576-7518.

On 7/12/2012 Brooklyn Utility received a violation of the public notice rule linked to a violation. This public notice was completed. Also, we had 2 coliform positive samples during the month of March, 2012. We retested the water for 2 consecutive days, with good results every day. We believe the most likely cause of these 2 bad samples were operator error.

Additional Information for Lead

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Brooklyn Utility Assn. is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead.

Water Quality Data Table

BROOKLYN UTILITY

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations which limit the amount of contaminants in water provided by public water systems. The table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that we detected during the calendar year of this report. Although many more contaminants were tested, only those substances listed below were found in your water. All sources of drinking water contain some naturally occurring contaminants. At low levels, these substances are generally not harmful in our drinking water. Removing all contaminants would be extremely expensive, and in most cases, would not provide increased protection of public health. A few naturally occurring minerals may actually improve the taste of drinking water and have nutritional value at low levels. Unless otherwise noted, the data presented in this table is from testing done in the calendar year of the report. The EPA or the State requires us to monitor for certain contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not very significantly from year to year, or the system is not considered vulnerable to this type of contamination. As such, some of our data, though representative, may be more than one year old. In this table you will find terms and abbreviations that might not be familiar to you. To help you better understand these terms, we have provided the definitions below the table.

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CALL STATE OF THE		W		87 - 1 '				
And	For (TTyor	27.		nge	Sample	Lo.	
	MRDLC						<u>Violation</u>	Typical Source
Disintecianus & Disi	rfeerant,B	y-Produc	its.	· · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4.5			
dhere is convincing o	videnceth	at additic	n of a di	sinfect	ant ism	ecessary	for control c	f mieročial contagnianis) — z
Chlorine (as Cl2) (ppm)	4	4	0.7	0.5	1.1	2012	No	Water additive used to control microbes
Haloacetic Acids (HAA5) (ppb)	NA	60	8	8	8	2012	No	By-product of drinking water chlorination
TTHMs [Total Trihalomethanes] (ppb)	NA	80	5,26	5.26	5.26	2012	No	By-product of drinking water disinfection
lnorganic Consocio	ants, jes	State Charles		Allosottic	A STATE OF	and Market	100	
Barium (ppm)	2	2	0.0028				No	Discharge of drilling wastes; Discharge from metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits
Fluoride (ppm)	4	4	0.234	0,234	0.235	2011		Erosion of natural deposits; Water additive which promotes strong teeth; Discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
Microbiological Con	taminants	55 17 JAN		3.5 E	ver energy		The second second	
Fecal coliform/E. coli in the distribution system (positive samples)	0	0	2	NA		2012	No	Human and animal fecal waste
	en a routin	e sample	and a ret	eat sa	mnle n	nany oiv	en month ar	e total coliform positive, and

A violation occurs when a routine sample and a repeat sample, in any given month, are total coliform positive, and one is also fecal coliform or E. coli positive.

Contaminants	Mele	ΔL	Your Water	Sample Date	# Şamples Exceeding A.E.	Exceeds AL	Typical Source
Inorganic Containing Lead - action level at consumer taps (ppb)	oris O	15	1	2011	0	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits

nit Descriptions							
Тегл	Definition						
ppm	ppm: parts per million, or milligrams per liter (mg/L)						
ppb	ppb: parts per billion, or micrograms per liter (μg/L)						
positive samples	positive samples/yr: The number of positive samples taken that year						
NA	NA: not applicable						
ND	ND: Not detected						
NR.	NR: Monitoring not required, but recommended.						

important Orlicane Water Detroitions	
Term	Definition
MCLG	MCLG: Maximum Contaminant Level Goal: The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.
MCL	MCL: Maximum Contaminant Level: The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.
TT	TT: Treatment Technique: A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.
AL	AL: Action Level: The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.
Variances and Exemptions	Variances and Exemptions: State or EPA permission not to meet an MCL or a treatment technique under certain conditions.
MRDLG	MRDLG: Maximum residual disinfection level goal. The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.
MRDL	MRDL: Maximum residual disinfectant level. The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.
MNR	MNR: Monitored Not Regulated
MPL	MPL: State Assigned Maximum Permissible Level

For more information please confact:

Contact Name: William Morris

Address: P.O. Box 69

Brooklyn, MS 39425 Phone: 601-582-1948 Fax: 601-582-1962

E-Mail: brooklynwaterut@aol.com

BROOKLYN UTILITY ASSOC. P.O. BOX 69 BROOKLYN, MS 39425 601-582-1948 OR 601-315-0305

FIRST-CLASS MAIL US POSTAGE PAID MAILED FROM ZIP CODE 39425 PERMIT#3

No Payment Due, Baf = 0.00

Previous CREDIT Balance: WATER 44578000-44298000=290000 VOL. FIRE DEPT, BROOKLYN

Billed: 07/10/13 980.00 989.00 1.00

990.00

TOTAL NEW CHGS 07/10/13

No Payment Due, Bal = 0.00

Acc# 001610 Last Pmt \$990.00 07/09/13 FOREST COUNTY A.H.S. SVC:05/31/13-06/29/13 (29 days) 215 OLD HWY.49 EAST Questions? Call 601-582-1948 Corrected copy of CCR available upon request

Acci# 001610 215 OLD HWY.49 EAST

215 OLD HWY.49 EAST BROOKLYN MS 39425

FORREST COUNTY A.H.S.

2012 Drinking Water Quality Report Brooklyn Utility Assn. PWS #180014 June 2013

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<u>Contaminants</u>	MCLG or MRDLG	MCL, TT, or MRDL	Your Water	R;	ange High	Sample <u>Date</u>	Violation	Typical Source
Disinfectants & Disinfec	tant By-Pro		2 (3.0)			<u> </u>		1 1 prear outre
(There is convincing evid			disinfect	ant is n	ecessary	for contro	ol of microbia	d contaminants)
Chlorine (as Cl2) (ppm)	4	4	0.7	0.5	1.1	2012	No	Water additive used to control microbes
Haloacetic Acids (HAA5) (ppb)	NA	60	3	3	4	2011	No	By-product of drinking water chlorination
TTHMs [Total Trihalomethanes] (ppb)	NA	80	9	6.5	9	2011	No	By-product of drinking water disinfection
Inorganic Contaminants								
Barium (ppm)	2	2	0.0028	0.002 5	0.0028	2011	No	Discharge of drilling wastes; Discharge from metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits
Fluoride (ppm)	4	4	0.234	0.234	0,235	2011	No	Erosion of natural deposits; Water additive which promotes strong teeth; Discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
Microbiological Contam	inants							
Fecal coliform/E. coli - in the distribution system (positive samples)	0	0	2	NA		2012	No	Human and animal fecal waste

coliform or E. coli positive.

Unit Descriptions	
Term	Definition
ppm	ppm: parts per million, or milligrams per liter (mg/L)
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For more information please contact: William O. Morris P.O. Box 69 Brooklyn MS 39425 Phone (601) 582-1948 Fax (601) 582-1962 Cell (601) 315-0305 E-Mail brooklynwaterut@aol.com