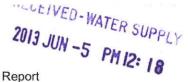
May be emailed to: Melanie. Yanklowski@msdh.state.ms.us

MISSISSIPPI STATE DEPARTME BUREAU OF PUBLIC WATE	NT OF HEALTH ER SUPPLY 2013 JUN 28 AM 8: 58 ORM
TOWN OF CALENDAR YEAR 2011 Public Water Supply Nar	Houlka
List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Syste	cms included in this CCR
The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Communic Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depen system, this CCR must be mailed or delivered to the customers, published in customers upon request. Make sure you follow the proper procedures whe of electronic delivery, we request you mail or fax a hard copy of the check all boxes that apply.	ty public water system to develop and distribute a ding on the population served by the public water in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the en distributing the CCR. Since this is the first year CCR and Certification Form to MSDH. Please
Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: (Attach co	ppy of publication, water bill or other)
Advertisement in local paper (attach copy of a On water bills (attach copy of bill) Email message (MUST Email the message to Other	advertisement)
Date(s) customers were informed: 6/19/13, 6/28	113 , 1 1
CCR was distributed by U.S. Postal Service or other direct methods used	delivery. Must specify other direct delivery
Date Mailed/Distributed:	
 □ CCR was distributed by Email (MUST Email MSDH a copy) □ As a URL (Provide URL	
CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach copy of publish	eed CCR or proof of publication)
Name of Newspaper: Chickasaw Journal	
Date Published: 6/19/13	
☐ CCR was posted in public places. (Attach list of locations)	Date Posted: / /
☐ CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the following the control of the con	owing address (<u>DIRECT URL REQUIRED</u>):
CERTIFICATION I hereby certify that the 2012 Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) public water system in the form and manner identified above and the SDWA. I further certify that the information included in this C the water quality monitoring data provided to the public water Department of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply. Name/Title President, Mayor, Owner, etc.)	that I used distribution methods allowed by
	May be faxed to: 601)576-7800
I I	May be emailed to:



2012 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Town of New Houlka PWS#: 0090003 & 0580023 May 2013

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Eutaw/McShan and Ripley Aquifers.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identified potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Town of New Houlka have received moderate susceptibility rankings to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact David Ray at 662.568.2745. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the first Tuesday of the month at 6:00 PM at the Mayor's Office.

We routinely monitor for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2012. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2012, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) – The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) – The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

PWS1D#:0090003			-	TEST RESULTS	S			
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic C	ontamina	nts						
10. Barium	N	2011*	.038	.037038	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2009/11*	.1	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
15. Cyanide	N	2011*	37.14	No Range	ppb	200	200	Discharge from steel/metal factories; discharge from plastic and fertilizer factories
16. Fluoride**	N	2011*	.169	.121169	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories

17. Lead	N	2009/11*	1	1 0			0	AL≃15	5 Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
19. Nitrate (as Nitrogen)	N	2012	.1	No Range	ppm		10	10	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits
20. Nitrite (as Nitrogen)	N	2012	.02	No Range	ppm		1		Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits
Disinfection	By-Pr	oducts							-
Chlorine	N	2012	.7	.35 – 1.05	mg/l	0	MDI	RL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

PWSID#: 0	580023		TEST	RESULTS				
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects of # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	or Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic C	ontamina	nts						
10. Barium	N	2010*	.017	.016017	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
13. Chromium	N	2010*	4.3	1.1 4.3	ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
15. Cyanide	N	2010*	30	29 - 30	ppb	200	200	Discharge from steel/metal factories; discharge from plastic and fertilizer factories
16. Fluoride	N	2010*	.981	.852 – .981	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17. Lead	N	2009/11*	1	0	ppb	0	AL≂15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Disinfection	n By-Pr	oducts						
Chlorine	N Z	2012 .6	.3:	272 mg	y/i	0 MDI	1	Water additive used to control microbes

^{*} Most recent sample. No sample required for 2012.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific constituents on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our Water Association is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1-800-426-4791.

*****April 1, 2013 MESSAGE FROM MSDH CONCERNING RADIOLOGICAL SAMPLING*****

In accordance with the Radionuclides Rule, all community public water supplies were required to sample quarterly for radionuclides beginning January 2007 – December 2007. Your public water supply completed sampling by the scheduled deadline; however, during an audit of the Mississippi State Department of Health Radiological Health Laboratory, the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) suspended analyses and reporting of radiological compliance samples and results until further notice. Although this was not the result of inaction by the public water supply, MSDH was required to issue a violation. This is to notify you that as of this date, your water system has completed the monitoring requirements and is now in compliance with the Radionuclides Rule. If you have any questions, please contact Karen Walters, Director of Compliance & Enforcement, Bureau of Public Water Supply, at 601.576.7518.

The Town of New Houlka works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

PROOF OF PUBLICATION

THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI COUNTY CHICKASAW

Before the undersigned authority of sai appeared before	clerk of a public newspaper aty of Chickasaw, State of nal, who, being duly sworn, doth the notice hereto affixed has been
Vol No	of, 2013 of, 2013 of, 2013
	Legal Ad Clerk
Notary Public of	oscribed to this the day of, 2013 before me, the undersigned said County of Chickasaw. By: Notary Public
	Printer's Fee:

2012 Annual Chistog Vyster Gustry Report Toen of New Yorks PWS# (Decce) a [55012] Key 2018

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White pleased to present to you this year's Annual Chairly White Pleased Telegraph to be on your should be easily used and service use discharged to you may should be easily used and service use discharged to you may should be easily used as the service of the property of the pr

succeptibility cavilings to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your separ stary, please contain, David Bay in SCLES, 276. Yet level our sealed contamination to the forcered about their vaster stalls, if you want to beam more, please attend any of our reporterly activated tracered. They make the first tracered about their vaster stalls, if you desired, as examining to the first tracered and the Mayor's Office.

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