

2013 JUN 27 PM 1:02

MISSISSIPPI STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH  
BUREAU OF PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY  
CCR CERTIFICATION FORM  
CALENDAR YEAR 2012

Delta Mobile Home Pk & Apt  
Public Water Supply Name

0420020

List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR

The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Community public water system to develop and distribute a Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the public water system, this CCR must be mailed or delivered to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request. Make sure you follow the proper procedures when distributing the CCR. **Since this is the first year of electronic delivery, we request you mail or fax a hard copy of the CCR and Certification Form to MSDH. Please check all boxes that apply.**

Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: *(Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)*

- Advertisement in local paper (attach copy of advertisement)  
 On water bills (attach copy of bill)  
 Email message (MUST Email the message to the address below)  
 Other \_\_\_\_\_

Date(s) customers were informed: \_\_\_\_ / \_\_\_\_ / \_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_ / \_\_\_\_ / \_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_ / \_\_\_\_ / \_\_\_\_

CCR was distributed by U.S. Postal Service or other direct delivery. Must specify other direct delivery methods used \_\_\_\_\_

Date Mailed/Distributed: \_\_\_\_ / \_\_\_\_ / \_\_\_\_

CCR was distributed by Email (MUST Email MSDH a copy) Date Emailed: \_\_\_\_ / \_\_\_\_ / \_\_\_\_  
 As a URL (Provide URL \_\_\_\_\_)  
 As an attachment  
 As text within the body of the email message

CCR was published in local newspaper. *(Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)*

Name of Newspaper: \_\_\_\_\_

Date Published: \_\_\_\_ / \_\_\_\_ / \_\_\_\_

CCR was posted in public places. *(Attach list of locations)* Date Posted: 6/27/13

CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the following address (**DIRECT URL REQUIRED**):  
\_\_\_\_\_

**CERTIFICATION**

I hereby certify that the 2012 Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in the form and manner identified above and that I used distribution methods allowed by the SDWA. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true and correct and is consistent with the water quality monitoring data provided to the public water system officials by the Mississippi State Department of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply.

Ashley Gleason, Asset Manager  
Name/Title (President, Mayor, Owner, etc.)

6/27/13  
Date

Deliver or send via U.S. Postal Service:  
Bureau of Public Water Supply  
P.O. Box 1700  
Jackson, MS 39215

May be faxed to:  
(601)576-7800

May be emailed to:  
[Melanie.Yanklowski@msdh.state.ms.us](mailto:Melanie.Yanklowski@msdh.state.ms.us)

CORRECTED CCR

# Drinking Water 2013 Consumer Confidence Report

## Delta MHP LLC PWS#: 0420020

For the year 2012

Delta Mobile Home Park has prepared this report to provide information to you, our residents, on the quality of our drinking water. Included is general health information, water quality tests, how to participate in decisions concerning your drinking water and water system contacts. This report will be posted on the bulletin board at the office and available upon request.

### Your drinking water has met all (EPA) Environmental Protection Agency standards!!

#### Source Water Information

Delta MHP provides high quality drinking water to its residents. Our water supply comes from wells drawing from the Meridian Upper Wilcox Aquifer. The wells are located southeast and east of the office in the community. Delta Mobile Home Park LLC owns the land around the wells and restricts any activity that could contaminate it. In an effort to supply you with the best quality water, Delta Mobile Home Park LLC chlorinates the water to disinfect and rid the water of viruses and bacteria, in addition to testing daily, weekly, quarterly and annually.

Protecting our drinking water source from contamination is the responsibility of all residents. Please dispose of hazardous chemicals in the proper manner and report pollutants to the appropriate authorities. Only by working together can we can insure an adequate safe supply of water for future generations.

The aquifer that supplies drinking water to Delta Mobile Home Park has received a moderate susceptibility to contamination. This does not mean that this well field will become contaminated, only that the likelihood of contamination is moderate. Future contamination can be avoided by implementing protective measures. More information is available by calling Tammy Fowler at 662-374-0002 or email support@deltamhp.com.

#### What are sources of contamination to drinking water?

The sources of drinking water, both tap water and bottled water include: rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity. Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations and wildlife  
Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally-occurring or result from urban storm water runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, and/or farming

- Pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm water runoff, and residential uses
- Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial process and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban storm water runoff, and septic systems
- Radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, the EPA prescribes regulations which limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. FDA regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water, which must provide the same protection for public health.

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hot Line at 1-800-426-4791.

#### Who needs to take special precautions?

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk for infection. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

#### About your drinking water

The EPA requires regular sampling to ensure drinking water safety. Delta Mobile Home Park conducted sampling for bacteria, inorganic and radiological contaminant sampling during 2012. Samples were collected for contaminants, most of which were not detected in the

Delta Mobile Home Park water supply. The EPA requires us to monitor for some contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not change frequently.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Delta Mobile Home Park is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791 or on-line at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>. The MSDH Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

#### How do I participate in decisions concerning my drinking water?

Delta Mobile Home Park encourages public participation and comments. We are a small community and do not have public meetings. But we do encourage everyone in our community to ask questions and make comments and suggestions on how to better our drinking water. For more information on your drinking water contact: Tammy Fowler at 662-374-0002 or email support@deltamhp.com

#### Water Conservation Tips

Did you know that the average U.S. Household uses approximately 400 gallons per day or 100 gallons per person? Luckily, there are many low-cost and no-cost ways to conserve water. Please visit [www.epa.gov/watersense](http://www.epa.gov/watersense) for more information.

\*\*\*\*\* A MESSAGE FROM MSDH CONCERNING  
RADIOLOGICAL SAMPLING\*\*\*\*\*

In accordance with the Radionuclides Rule, all community public water supplies were required to sample quarterly for radionuclides

and results until further notice. Although this was not the result of inaction by the public water supply, MSDH was required to issue a violation. This is to notify you that as of this date, your water system has completed the monitoring requirements and is now in compliance with the Radionuclides Rule. If you have any questions, please

beginning January 2007 – December 2007. Your public water supply completed sampling by the scheduled deadline; however, during an audit of the Mississippi State Department of Health Radiological Health Laboratory, the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) suspended analyses and reporting of radiological compliance samples

**Definitions of some terms contained within this report.**

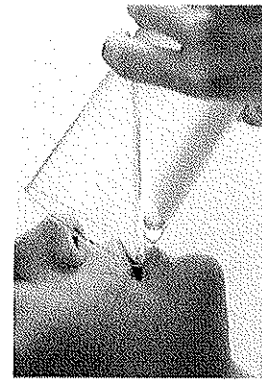
- Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) – The level of contaminant in drinking water below, which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLG's allow for a margin of safety.
- Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) – The highest level of contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCL's are set as close to the MCLG's as feasible using the best available treatment technology.
- Parts per Million (ppm) or Milligrams per Liter (mg/L) – are units of measure for concentration of a contaminant. A part per million corresponds to one second in a little over 11.5 days.
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- The "<" symbol – is a symbol which means less than. A result of <5 means that the lowest level that could be detected was 5 and the contaminant in that sample was not detected.
- Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) – The level of drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLG's do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.
- Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) – The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

License to operate (LTO) status information – We have a current, unconditioned license to operate our water system.

Listed below is information on those contaminants that were found in the Delta Mobile Home Park LLCs drinking water.

**TABLE OF DETECTED CONTAMINANTS**

| Contaminants (Units)                                | MCLG     | MCL     | Level Found | Range of Detection | Violation | Sample Year | Typical Source of Contaminants  |
|---|----------|---------|-------------|--------------------|-----------|-------------|---|
| <b>Disinfectants &amp; Disinfection by Products</b> |          |         |             |                    |           |             |   |
| Total Chlorine (ppm)                                | MRDLG= 4 | MRDL= 4 | 0.6         | 0.54-.81           | NO        | 2012        | Water additive used to control microbes   |
| <b>Radioactive Contaminants</b>                     |          |         |             |                    |           |             |   |
| Uranium (ppb)                                       | 0        | 30      | 0.5         | 0.5-0.5            | NO        | 2012        | Erosion of natural deposits   |
| <b>Inorganic Contaminants</b>                       |          |         |             |                    |           |             |   |
| Antimony (ppb)                                      | 6        | 6       | 0.5         | 0.5-0.5            | NO        | 2012        | Discharge from petroleum refineries; fire retardants; ceramics; electronics; solder; test addition                                  |
| Arsenic (ppb)                                       | 0        | 10      | 0.5         | 0.5-0.5            | NO        | 2012        | Erosion of natural deposits; Runoff from orchards; Runoff from glass and electronics productions wastes                             |
| Barium (ppm)  | 2        | 2       | 0.00176     | 0.00176-0.00176    | NO        | 2012        | Discharge of drilling wastes; Discharge from metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits  |
| Fluoride (ppm)                                      | 4        | 4       | .12         | .119-.12           | NO        | 2012        | Erosion of natural deposits; Water additive which promotes strong teeth; Discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories           |
| Mercury [Inorganic] (ppb)                           | 2        | 2       | 0.5         | 0.5-0.5            | NO        | 2012        | Erosion of natural deposits; Discharge from refineries and factories; Runoff from landfills; Runoff from cropland                   |
| Cyanide [as Free Cn] (ppb)                          | 200      | 200     | 15          | 15-15              | NO        | 2012        | Discharge from plastic and fertilizer factories; Discharge from steel/metal factories   |
| Lead (ppb)  | 1        | 1       | 15          | 15-15              | NO        | 2012        | Primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing (see first page for preventative measures). |
| Copper (ppm)  | 0.1      | 0.1     | 1.3         | 1.3-1.3            | NO        | 2012        |   |



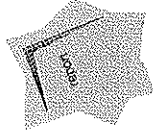
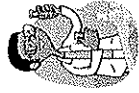
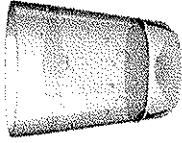
RECEIVED-WATER SUPPLY

2013 JUN 27 PM 1:03

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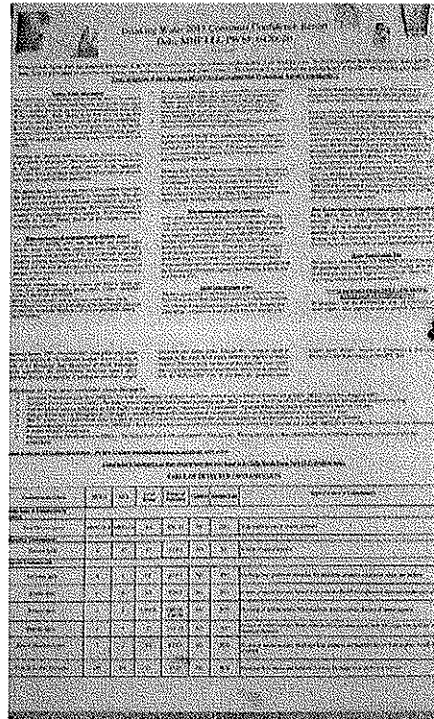
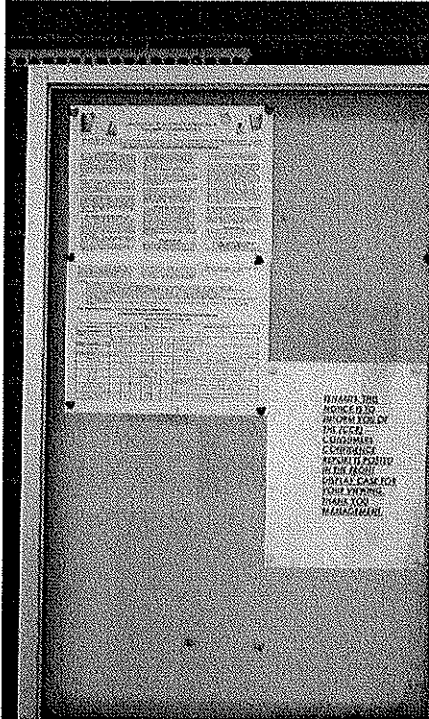
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| Cyanide [as Free Cn] (ppb)                          | 200      | 200     | 15          | 1.5-15             | NO        | 2012        | Discharge from plastic and fertilizer factories; Discharge from steel/metal factories                                     |

Proof of Public Posting  
Delta Mobile Home Park On-Site Office Bulletin Board



**TENANTS: THIS  
NOTICE IS TO  
INFORM YOU OF  
THE (CCR)  
CONSUMERS  
CONFIDENCE  
REPORT IS POSTED  
IN THE FRONT  
DISPLAY CASE FOR  
YOUR VIEWING.  
THANK YOU  
MANAGEMENT.**