

2013 JUN 24 PM 4: 02

**QUALITY ON TAP REPORT
LINCOLN RURAL WATER ASSOCIATION
Pleasant Ridge
PWS ID# 430003**

June 01, 2013

Lincoln Rural Water is pleased to present to you, this year's Annual Water Quality Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source consists of two wells pumping from the Miocene Aquifer.

We are pleased to report that our drinking water meets all federal and state requirements. The following reports show our water quality and what it means. If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact our office at 1536 Monticello Street, Brookhaven, MS 39602, 601-833-8449. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the 3rd Tuesday of each month at the above location at 7:00 P.M. and our annual meeting is held on the 3rd Monday of March at the Lincoln County Courthouse at 7:00 P.M.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identify potential sources of contamination. A report containing detail information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for Lincoln Rural Water have received a moderate and lower ranking in terms of susceptibility to contamination.

Lincoln Rural Water Association routinely monitors for many constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2012. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily pose a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Addition information for Lead

If present elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. ABC Water Association is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/sagewater/lead>. The Mississippi State Department of Health Laboratory offers lead testing for \$20.00 per sample. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

*******APRIL 1, 2013 MESSAGE FROM MSDH CONCERNING RADIOLOGICAL SAMPLING*******

In accordance with the Radionuclide's Rule, all community public water supplies were required to sample quarterly for Radionuclides beginning January 2007-December 2007. Your public water supply completed sampling by the scheduled deadline; However, during an audit of the Mississippi State Department of Health Radiological Health Laboratory, the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) suspended analyses and reporting of radiological compliance samples and results until further notice. Although this was not the result of inaction by the public water supply, MSDH was required to issue a violation. This is to notify you that as of this date, your water system has completed the monitoring requirements and is now in compliance with the Radionuclides Rule. If you have any questions, please contact Karen Walters, Director of Compliance & Enforcement, Bureau of Public Water Supply, at (601) 576-7518.

Test Results

#0430003 Pleasant Ridge

Contaminant	MCLG	MCL	Water	Range Low High	Sample Date	Violation	Typical Source
Disinfectants and Disinfection By-Products							
There is no visible evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.							
Chlorine (as Cl ₂) (ppm)	4	4	1.10	.80 1.40	2012	No	Water additive used to control microbes
Inorganic Contaminants							
Arsenic (ppm)	5	5	.00072	NA	2012	No	Erosion of natural deposits, runoff from metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits
Barium (ppm)	2	2	0.0414	NA	2012	No	Discharge of drilling wastes; Discharge from metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits
Fluoride (ppm)	4	4	0.111	NA	2012	No	Erosion of natural deposits; Water additive which promotes strong teeth; Discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
Chromium (ppb)	100	100	.0008	NA	2012	No	Discharge from steel and pulp Mills; Erosion of natural deposits
Inorganic Contaminants							
Copper - action level at consumer taps (ppm)	1.3	1.3	0.1	2011	1	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits
Lead - action level at consumer taps (PPB)	0	15ppb	0.002	2011	2	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future. Please call our office if you have questions.

2013 JUN 24 PM 4: 02

**Quality on Tap Report
Lincoln Rural Water Association
Beauregard
PWS ID# 430027**

June 01, 2013

Lincoln Rural Water is pleased to present to you, this year's Annual Water Quality Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source consists of six wells pumping from the Miocene Aquifer. Lincoln Rural Water is pleased to report that our drinking water meets all federal and state requirements. The following report shows our water quality and what it means.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact the office at 1536 Monticello Street, Brookhaven, MS 39602, 601-833-6449. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the 3rd Tuesday of each month at the above location at 7:00 P.M. and our annual meeting is held on the 3rd Monday of March at the Lincoln County Courthouse at 7:00 P.M.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identify potential sources of contamination. A report containing detail information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for Lincoln Rural Water have received a moderate and lower ranking in terms of susceptibility to contamination.

Lincoln Rural Water Association routinely monitors for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1st to December 31st 2012. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least a small amount of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily pose a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Addition information for Lead

If present elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. ABC Water Association is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/sagewater/lead>. The Mississippi State Department of Health Laboratory offers lead testing for \$20.00 per sample. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

*****APRIL 1, 2013 MESSAGE FROM MSDH CONCERNING RADIOLOGICAL SAMPLING*****

In accordance with the Radionuclide's Rule, all community public water supplies were required to sample quarterly for Radionuclide's beginning January 2007-December 2007. Your public water supply completed sampling by the scheduled deadline; However, during an audit of the Mississippi State Department of Health Radiological Health Laboratory, the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) suspended analyses and reporting of radiological compliance samples and results until further notice. Although this was not the result of inaction by the public water supply, MSDH was required to issue a violation. This is to notify you that as of this date, your water system has completed the monitoring requirements and is now in compliance with the Radionuclides Rule. If you have any questions, please contact Karen Walters, Director of Compliance & Enforcement, Bureau of Public Water Supply, At (601) 576-7518.

TEST Results

PSI:#0430027

Contaminants	MCLG	MCL	Your Water	Range		Sample Date	Violation	Typical Source
	MRDLG	MRDL		Low	High			
Disinfectants & Disinfection By-Products								
Chlorine (as Cl ₂) (ppm)								
	4	4	1.00	.70	1.60	2012	No	Water additive used to control microbes
Inorganic Contaminants								
Barium (ppm)								
	2	2	0.03032	NA		2012	No	Discharge of drilling wastes; Discharge from metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits
Nitrate [measured as Nitrogen] (ppm)								
	10	10	0.64ppm	NA		2012	No	Runoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks, sewage; Erosion of natural deposits
Nitrite [measured as Nitrogen] (ppm)								
	1	1	0.64ppm	NA		2012	No	Runoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks, sewage; Erosion of natural deposits

Contaminants	MCLG	AL	Your Water	Sample Date	Samples Exceeding AL	Exceeds AL	Typical Source
Copper - action level at consumer taps (ppm)							
	1.3	1.3	0.1	2011	1	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits
Lead - action level at consumer taps (ppb)							
	0	15ppb	0.001	2011	2	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits

As you can see by the table our system had no violations. We are proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future. Please call our office if you have any questions.

Copiah County Courier

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 P.O. Drawer 351 • 103 S. Ragsdale Ave. • Hazlehurst, MS 39063 • 601-894-3141 • fax 601-894-3144

PROOF OF PUBLICATION

STATE OF MISSISSIPPI
 COUNTY OF COPIAH

Personally came to me, the undersigned, authority in and for COPIAH COUNTY, Mississippi the CLERK of the COPIAH COUNTY COURIER, a newspaper published in the City of Hazlehurst, Copiah County, in said state, who, being duly sworn, deposes and says that the COPIAH COUNTY COURIER is a newspaper as defined and prescribed in Senate Bill No. 203 enacted in the regular session of the Mississippi Legislature of 1948, amended Section 1858, of the Mississippi Code of 1942, and that the publication of a notice, of which the annexed is a true copy appeared in the issues of said newspaper as follows:

DATE: 6-19-13
 DATE: _____
 DATE: _____
 DATE: _____
 DATE: _____

Number of Words 39*
 Published 1 times
 Printer's fee \$ 321.75
 Proof Fee \$ 3.00
 TOTAL \$ 324.75

(Signed)
Carolyn M White
 (Clerk of the Copiah County Courier)

SWORN TO and subscribed before me, this
19 day of June 2013
C S Diamond
 A Notary Public in and for the County of Copiah,
 State of Mississippi



Quality on Tap Report
 Lincoln Rural Water Association
 Beaufort PWS ID# 42002
 Pleasant Ridge PWS ID# 42005

June 01, 2013

Lincoln Rural Water is pleased to present to you this year's Annual Water Quality Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality of water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to ensure the quality of the water you drink and make sure you are aware of the water quality standards that apply to you. This report is intended to help you understand the quality of your water and the services we provide. We want you to understand the efforts we make to ensure the quality of the water you drink and make sure you are aware of the water quality standards that apply to you. This report is intended to help you understand the quality of your water and the services we provide.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your drinking water, please contact the office at 1536 Mendocino Street, Brookhaven, MS 39601, 601-894-3141. We will be glad to answer your questions and provide you with more information. We also hold public hearings on this report. The next public hearing will be held on the 3rd Monday of March at the Lincoln County Courthouse at 7:00 P.M.

The annual water assessment has been completed for the public water system to determine the vulnerability of the drinking water supply to contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the vulnerability of the drinking water supply to contamination is determined and is available for viewing upon request. It is available at the Lincoln Rural Water Association. The annual water assessment has been completed for the public water system to determine the vulnerability of the drinking water supply to contamination.

Lincoln Rural Water Association routinely monitors your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. The results of our monitoring are reported to you in this report. We monitor your drinking water for a variety of contaminants, including lead, copper, iron, manganese, and other metals. We also monitor for disinfection byproducts, which are formed when chlorine is used to disinfect water. We also monitor for nitrates, which can be found in water from agricultural sources. We also monitor for radon, which is a naturally occurring gas that can be found in water from underground sources.

In this report, you will find many terms and abbreviations you might find familiar with. To help you better understand these terms, we've provided the following definitions:

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL): The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG): The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Action Level: A level of a contaminant in drinking water at which you should take action to reduce the level of the contaminant in your water. For example, the action level for lead is 0.3 milligrams per liter (mg/L). If your water has a lead level above 0.3 mg/L, you should take steps to reduce the lead in your water.

Boiling Water: Boiling water can kill some bacteria, but it does not remove lead, nitrates, or other dissolved solids. Boiling water can also concentrate these substances. If you have lead in your water, boiling it will increase the lead concentration. If you have nitrates in your water, boiling it will also increase the nitrate concentration. If you have dissolved solids in your water, boiling it will also increase the concentration of these substances. If you have lead in your water, boiling it will increase the lead concentration. If you have nitrates in your water, boiling it will also increase the nitrate concentration. If you have dissolved solids in your water, boiling it will also increase the concentration of these substances.

APRIL 1, 2013 MESSAGE FROM MSDH CONCERNING RADIOLOGICAL SAMPLING

In accordance with the Radionuclides Rule, all community public water supplies were required to sample quarterly for Radionuclides beginning January 2007 through December 2007. Your public water supply completed sampling by the required deadline. However, during the course of the Mississippi State Department of Health (MSDH) review of the sampling data, it was determined that there were some discrepancies in the reporting of radiological compliance samples and results until further notice. Although this was not the result of inaction by the public water supply, MSDH was required to issue a violation. This is to notify you that as of this date, your water system has completed the monitoring requirements and is now in compliance with the Radionuclides Rule. If you have any questions, please contact Karen Walters, Director of Compliance, Enforcement Bureau of Public Water Supply, at 601-276-7618.

