

2012 JUN 20 AM 10:16

BUREAU OF PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY**CALENDAR YEAR 2011 CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT
CERTIFICATION FORM**Southeast Rankin Water
Public Water Supply Namems0610025 & ms0610049
List PWS ID #s for all Water Systems Covered by this CCR

The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act requires each *community* public water system to develop and distribute a consumer confidence report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the public water system, this CCR must be mailed to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request.

Please Answer the Following Questions Regarding the Consumer Confidence Report

Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: *(Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)*

- Advertisement in local paper
 On water bills
 Other _____

Date customers were informed: 6/1/12

CCR was distributed by mail or other direct delivery. Specify other direct delivery methods:

Date Mailed/Distributed: / /

CCR was published in local newspaper. *(Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)*

Name of Newspaper: Rankin County News

Date Published: 6/13/12

CCR was posted in public places. *(Attach list of locations)*

Date Posted: / /

CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the address: www. _____

CERTIFICATION

I hereby certify that a consumer confidence report (CCR) has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in the form and manner identified above. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true and correct and is consistent with the water quality monitoring data provided to the public water system officials by the Mississippi State Department of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply.

Leah Martin Manager
Name/Title (President, Mayor, Owner, etc.)

6/18/12
Date

Mail Completed Form to: Bureau of Public Water Supply/P.O. Box 1700/Jackson, MS 39215
Phone: 601-576-7518

2011 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report
Southeast Rankin Water Association
PWS#: 0610025 and 0610049
May 2012

RECEIVED - WATER SUPPLY
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We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Sparta Sand and Cockfield Formation Aquifer.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identify potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Southeast Rankin Water Association have received lower to moderate susceptibility rankings to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Leah Martin at 601-825-6992. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend the meeting scheduled for July 26, 2012 at 2:00 PM at the Extension Office (911 Building), 601 Marquette Road, Brandon, MS 39042

We routinely monitor for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2011. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2011, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal"(MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) - The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control microbial contaminants.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

PWS ID#: 0610025		TEST RESULTS						
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measurement	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic Contaminants								
10. Barium	N	2011	.001	No Range	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2009/11	.3	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
17. Lead	N	2009/11	2	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Disinfection By-Products								
81. HAA5	N	2011	8	No Range	ppb	0	60	By-Product of drinking water disinfection.
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2011	18.2	No Range	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination.
Chlorine	N	2011	1.1	.80 - 1.45	ppm	0	MRDL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

PWS ID#: 0610049**TEST RESULTS**

Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measurement	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic Contaminants								
10. Barium	N	2010*	.0015	.0009 - .0015	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
13. Chromium	N	2010*	1.5	1.4 - 1.5	ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2009/11	.3	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
16. Fluoride	N	2010*	.17	.148 - .17	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17. Lead	N	2009/11	1	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Disinfection By-Products								
81. HAA5	N	2010*	27	26 - 32	ppb	0	60	By-Product of drinking water disinfection.
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2010*	46	46 - 59	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination.
Chlorine	N	2011	1.1	.7 - 1.4	ppm	0	MRDL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

* Most recent sample. No sample required for 2011.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific constituents on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. We did complete the monitoring requirements for bacteriological sampling that showed no coliform present. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

Significant Deficiency:

During the sanitary survey on 4/13/2011, MSDH cited the following significant deficiency:

Inadequate internal cleaning/maintenance of storage tanks. This was due to us not having our tank inspection report on hand for review. We have since given the report to MSDH and are scheduled to paint our tanks as part of our long range plan by 5/31/2012.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our Water Association is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1-800-426-4791.

*******A MESSAGE FROM MSDH CONCERNING RADIOLOGICAL SAMPLING*******

In accordance with the Radionuclides Rule, all community public water suppliers were required to sample quarterly for radionuclides beginning January 2007 - December 2007. Your public water supply completed sampling by the scheduled deadline; however, during an audit of the Mississippi State Department of Health Radiological health laboratory, the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) suspended analyses and reporting of radiological compliance samples and results until further notice. Although this was not the result of inaction by the public water supply, MSDH was required to issue a violation. This is to notify you that as of this date, your water system has not completed the monitoring requirements. The Bureau of Public Water Supply has taken action to ensure that your water system be returned to compliance by March 31, 2013. If you have any questions, please contact Melissa Parker, Deputy Director, Bureau of Public Water Supply, at 601.576.7518.

The Southeast Rankin Water Association works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

2012 JUN 20 AM 10:16

AFFIDAVIT

PROOF OF PUBLICATION

RANKIN COUNTY NEWS • P.O. BOX 107 • BRANDON, MS 39043

STATE OF MISSISSIPPI
COUNTY OF RANKIN

THIS 13TH DAY OF JUNE, 2012, personally came Marcus Bowers, publisher of the Rankin County News

2011 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report
Southeast Rankin Water Association
PWS#: 0610025 and 0610049
May 2012

to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we provide. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the daily improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water from wells drawing from the Sparta Sand and Cockfield Formation Aquifer.

Assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been prepared and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Southeast Rankin Water Association have received individual susceptibility rankings to contamination.

For more information about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Leah Martin at 601-825-6992. We want our customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend the meeting scheduled for July 26, 2012 at 2:00 PM at the Rankin County Administration Center, 601 Marquette Road, Brandon, MS 39042.

constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water constituents detected during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2011. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2011, the table lists the substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as bacteria, viruses, and protozoa; inorganic substances, such as radon, nitrate, and fluoride; and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater treatment, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes maximum contaminant levels for certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, should contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not mean that the water poses a health risk.

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025 TEST RESULTS							
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2009/11		.3	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
2009/11		2	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Products							
2011	8		No Range	ppb	0	60	By-Product of drinking water disinfection.
2011	18.2		No Range	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination.
2011	1.1		.80 - 1.45	ppm	0	MRDL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

49 TEST RESULTS							
Year	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples	Unit Measurement	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination

a weekly newspaper printed and published in the City of Brandon, In the County of Rankin and State aforesaid, before me the undersigned officer in and for said County and State, who being duly sworn, deposes and says that said newspaper has been published for more than 12 months prior to the first publication of the attached notice and is qualified under Chapter 13-3-31, Laws of Mississippi, 1936, and laws supplementary and amendatory thereto, and that a certain

2011 ANNUAL DRINKING WATER QUALITY REPORT

SOUTHEAST RANKIN WATER ASSOCIATION

a copy of which is hereto attached, was published in said newspaper One (1) week, as follows, to-wit:

Vol 164 No. 47 on the 13th day of June, 2012

Marcus Bowers

MARCUS BOWERS, Publisher

Sworn to and subscribed before me by the aforementioned Marcus Bowers this 13th day of June, 2012

Frances Conger, Notary Public
FRANCES CONGER

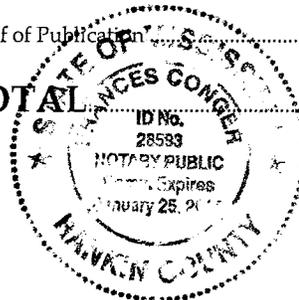
My Commission Expires: January 25, 2014

PRINTER'S FEE:

3 column by 14.5 inch ad at \$6.50 per column inch..... \$282.75

Proof of Publication..... 3.00

TOTAL..... \$285.75





SOUTHEAST RANKIN WATER ASSOCIATION
 P.O. BOX 700
 PUCKETT, MS 39151
 (601) 825-6992

RETURN SERVICE REQUESTED

PRESORTED
 FIRST-CLASS MAIL
 U.S. POSTAGE
 PAID
 PUCKETT MS
 PERMIT NO. 1

TYPE OF SERVICE	METER READING		USED	CHARGES
	PRESENT	PREVIOUS		
Water	39000	39000	0	9.50
Credit				(1.37)

CUSTOMER		DUE DATE
ROUTE	ACCOUNT	
1	1094	6/15/12
NET AMOUNT TO BE PAID		AMOUNT AFTER DUE DATE
8.13		8.94

MAIL THIS STUB WITH YOUR PAYMENT



ACCOUNT 1094 5/31/2012

METER READ			TOTAL DUE UPON RECEIPT	LATE CHARGE AFTER DUE DATE	AMOUNT DUE AFTER DUE DATE
MONTH	DAY	CLASS			
5	11	1	8.13	0.81	8.94

OUR CCR REPORT WILL BE IN THE RANKIN COUNTY NEWS THIS MONTH.

was on all bills received June 1st 2012