

2012 JUL -2 AM 9:51

CORRECTED COPY

BUREAU OF PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY

CALENDAR YEAR 2011 CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT CERTIFICATION FORM

KWP UTILITY COMPANY LLC
Public Water Supply Name

0720026
List PWS ID #s for all Water Systems Covered by this CCR

The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act requires each community public water system to develop and distribute a consumer confidence report (CCR) to its customers each year.

Please Answer the Following Questions Regarding the Consumer Confidence Report

X Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)

- Advertisement in local paper
On water bills
Other

Date customers were informed: 6/25/12 6/29/12

CCR was distributed by mail or other direct delivery. Specify other direct delivery methods:

Date Mailed/Distributed: 6/29/12 other = door-to-door delivery

CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)

Name of Newspaper:

Date Published: / /

CCR was posted in public places. (Attach list of locations)

Date Posted: / /

CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the address: www.

CERTIFICATION

I hereby certify that a consumer confidence report (CCR) has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in the form and manner identified above.

ELLIS W. DARBY, Manager
Name/Title (President, Mayor, Owner, etc.)

6-25-12 6/29/12
Date [Signature]

Mail Completed Form to: Bureau of Public Water Supply/P.O. Box 1700/Jackson, MS 39215
Phone: 601-576-7518

2012 JUN 28 AM 9: 50

BUREAU OF PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY**CALENDAR YEAR 2011 CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT
CERTIFICATION FORM**KWP UTILITY COMPANY LLC
Public Water Supply Name0720026
List PWS ID #s for all Water Systems Covered by this CCR

The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act requires each *community* public water system to develop and distribute a consumer confidence report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the public water system, this CCR must be mailed to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request.

Please Answer the Following Questions Regarding the Consumer Confidence Report

Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: *(Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)*

- Advertisement in local paper
 On water bills
 Other _____

Date customers were informed: 6/25/12

CCR was distributed by mail or other direct delivery. Specify other direct delivery methods:

Date Mailed/Distributed: ___ / ___ / ___

CCR was published in local newspaper. *(Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)*

Name of Newspaper: _____

Date Published: ___ / ___ / ___

CCR was posted in public places. *(Attach list of locations)*

Date Posted: ___ / ___ / ___

CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the address: www. _____

CERTIFICATION

I hereby certify that a consumer confidence report (CCR) has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in the form and manner identified above. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true and correct and is consistent with the water quality monitoring data provided to the public water system officials by the Mississippi State Department of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply.

ELLIS W. DARBY, manager
Name/Title (President, Mayor, Owner, etc.)

6-25-12
Date

Mail Completed Form to: Bureau of Public Water Supply/P.O. Box 1700/Jackson, MS 39215
Phone: 601-576-7518

2011 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report
KWP Utility Company, LLC (PWSID 0720026)
June 2012

2012 JUN 28 AM 9: 50

We are pleased to present this year's Annual Water Quality Report. The report is designed to inform you about the quality of water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources.

Is my water safe?

Last year, as in years past, your tap water met all U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and Mississippi State Department of Health drinking water standards. We vigilantly safeguard our water supply and once again we are proud to report that our system has not violated any maximum contaminant level. This report is a snapshot of last year's water quality. Included are details about where your water comes from, what it contains, and how it compares to standards set by regulatory agencies. We are committed to providing you with information because informed customers are our best allies.

Do I need to take special precautions?

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/Centers for Disease Control (CDC) guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by *Cryptosporidium* and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Water Drinking Hotline (800-426-4791).

Where does my water come from?

Our water comes from one well that draws ground water, up from 1,700 feet below, in the Lower Wilcox Aquifer.

Source water assessment and its availability:

Currently, our source water assessment has been completed by the Mississippi State Department of Health and is available at our office for review.

Why are there contaminants in my drinking water?

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791). The sources of drinking water (both tap and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity:

Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban storm water runoff, and septic systems; and radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water

provided by public water systems. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water, which must provide the same protection for public health.

How can I get involved?

We encourage all customers who have any concerns or questions to meet with us at our office at 14680 U.S. Highway 61 North in Robinsonville. We can be reached by telephone at (662) 363-2117. Our e-mail address is darby@willslp.com

Monitoring and reporting of compliance data violations

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific constituents on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In December 2008 one of our five required samples' reports contained the omission of the disinfectant residual reading, a clerical error. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

******* A Message From MSDH Concerning Radiological Sampling *******

In accordance with the Radionuclides Rule, all community public water supplies were required to sample quarterly for radionuclides beginning January 2007 – December 2007. Your public water supply completed sampling by the scheduled deadline; however, during an audit of the Mississippi State Department of Health Laboratory, the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) suspended analyses and reporting of radiological compliance samples and results until further notice. Although this was not the result of inaction by the public water supply, your water system has not completed the monitoring requirements. The Bureau of Public Water Supply has taken action to ensure that your water supply be returned to compliance by March 31, 2013. If you have any questions please contact Melissa Parker, Deputy Director, Bureau of Public Water Supply, at 601-576-7518.

Additional Information for Lead

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. KWP Utility Company is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing for \$10 per sample. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

Other information:

You may want additional information about your drinking water. You may contact our certified waterworks operator or you may prefer to log on to the Internet and obtain specific information about your system and its compliance history at the following address: <http://www.msdh.state.us/watersupply/index.htm> Information including current and past boil water notices, compliance and reporting violations, and other information pertaining to your water supply including "Why, When, and How to Boil Your Drinking Water" and "Flooding and Safe Drinking Water" may be obtained.

Water Quality Data Table

The following tables list all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the calendar year of this report. The presence of contaminants in the water does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. Unless otherwise noted, the data presented in this table is from testing done in the calendar year of the report. The EPA and the Mississippi State Department of Health requires us to monitor for certain contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not change frequently. Some of the data though representative of the water quality, may be more than one year old.

In these tables you will find many terms and abbreviations with which you might not be familiar. To help you better understand these terms, we've provided the following definitions:

Terms and Abbreviations used in the Table

MCLG: Maximum Contaminant Level Goal: The “Goal” is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

MCL: Maximum Contaminant Level: The “Maximum Allowed” is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

AL: Action Level: The concentration of a contaminant, which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements, which a water system must follow.

MRDLG: Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal. The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

MRDL: Maximum residual disinfectant level. The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

Inorganic Contaminants						
Contaminants (units)	MCLG	MCL	Your Water	Sample Date	Violation	Typical Source
Antimony (mg/l)	.006	.006	< .0005	05/12/10	No	Discharge from petroleum refineries; fire retardants; ceramics; electronics; solder; test addition.
Arsenic (mg/l)	.050	.05	< .0005	“	No	Erosion of natural deposits; Runoff from orchards; Runoff from glass and electronics production wastes
Barium (mg/l)	2	2	.003741	“	No	Discharge of drilling wastes; Discharge from metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits
Beryllium (mg/l)	.004	.004	< .0005	“	No	Discharge from metal refineries and coal-burning factories; Discharge from electrical, aerospace, and defense industries
Cadmium (mg/l)	.005	.005	< .0005	“	No	Corrosion of galvanized pipes; Erosion of natural deposits; Discharge from metal refineries; runoff from waste batteries and paints
Chromium (mg/l)	.100	.1	< .001889	“	No	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; Erosion of natural deposits
Cyanide (mg/l)	.200	.200	< .015	04/14/10	No	Discharge from plastic and fertilizer factories; Discharge from steel/metal factories
Fluoride (mg/l)	4	4	.119	05/12/10	No	Erosion of natural deposits; Water additive which promotes strong teeth; Discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
Mercury (mg/l)	.002	.002	< .0005	“	No	Erosion of natural deposits; Discharge from refineries and factories; Runoff from landfills; Runoff from cropland
Nitrate [measured as Nitrogen] (ppm)	10	10	< .08	04/14/11	No	Runoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks, sewage; Erosion of natural deposits
Nitrite [measured as Nitrogen] (ppm)	1	1	< .02	“	No	Runoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks, sewage; Erosion of natural deposits
Nitrate+Nitrite (As N)	10	10	< .1	“	No	Runoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks, sewage; Erosion of natural deposits
Selenium (mg/l)	.05	.05	< .0025	05/12/10	No	Discharge from petroleum and metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits; Discharge from mines
Thallium (mg/l)	.002	.002	< .0005	05/12/10	No	Discharge from electronics, glass, and Leaching from ore-processing sites; drug factories

Volatile Organic Contaminants						
Contaminants (units)	MCLG	MCL	Your Water	Sample Date	Violation	Typical Source
1,1,1-Trichloroethane (ppb)	200	200	< 0.5	09/23/2010	No	Discharge from metal degreasing sites ; other factories
1,1,2-Trichloroethane (ppb)	3	5	< 0.5	"	No	Discharge from industrial chemical factories
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene (ppb)	70	70	< 0.5	"	No	Discharge from textile-finishing factories
1,1-Dichloroethylene (ppb)	7	7	< 0.5	"	No	Discharge from industrial chemical factories
1,2-Dichloroethane (ppb)	0	5	< 0.5	"	No	Discharge from industrial chemical factories
1,2-Dichloropropane (ppb)	0	5	< 0.5	"	No	Discharge from industrial chemical factories
Benzene (ppb)	0	5	< 0.5	"	No	Discharge from factories; Leaching from gas storage tanks and landfills
Carbon Tetrachloride (ppb)	0	5	< 0.5	"	No	Discharge from chemical plants and other industrial activities
CIS-1, 2-Dichloroethylene (ppb)	70	70	< 0.5	"	No	Discharge from industrial chemical factories
Dichloromethane (ppb)	0	5	< 0.5	"	No	Discharge from pharmaceutical and chemical factories
Ethylbenzene (ppb)	700	700	< 0.5	"	No	Discharge from petroleum refineries
o-Dichlorobenzene (ppb)	600	600	< 0.5	"	No	Discharge from industrial chemical factories
p-Dichlorobenzene (ppb)	75	75	< 0.5	"	No	Discharge from industrial chemical factories
Monochlorobenzene (ppb)	n/a	100	<6.0	"	No	By-product of drinking water disinfection
Styrene (ppb)	100	100	< 0.5	"	No	Discharge from rubber and plastic factories ; Leaching from landfills
Tetrachloroethylene (ppb)	0	5	< 0.5	"	No	Discharge from factories and dry cleaning
Toluene (ppm)	1	1	< 0.5	"	No	Discharge from petroleum factories
Trans-1, 2-Dichloroethylene (ppb)	100	100	< 0.5	"	No	Discharge from industrial chemical factories
Trichloroethylene (ppb)	0	5	< 0.5	"	No	Discharge from metal degreasing sites ; other factories
TTHMs [Total Trihalomethanes] (ppb)	0	100	21.12	07/14/2010	No	By-product of drinking water chlorination
Vinyl Chloride (ppb)	0	2	< 0.5	09/23/2010	No	Leaching from PVC piping; Discharge from plastics factories
Xylenes (ppm)	10	10	< 0.5	"	No	Discharge from petroleum factories; Discharge from chemical factories

Violations and exceedences

Coliforms are bacteria that are naturally present in the environment and are used as an indicator that other, potentially harmful bacteria may be present. Coliforms were found in more samples than allowed and this was a warning of potential problems. A violation occurred in December 2011. Although it was resolved quickly, additional samples were then collected at the site where total coliform was detected as well as upstream of each site and downstream of each site. Results showed all samples free of total coliform. The amount of chlorine was increased to insure an adequate residual was maintained.

Disinfectant By-Products

Contaminants (units)	MCLG	MCL	Your Water	Sample Date	Violation	Typical Source
Chlorine (ppm)	0	MRDL 4	High raa .80 Low raa .40	Monthly during the year 2011	No	Water additive used to control microbes
Haloacetic acids (HAA5)(ppb)	n/a	60	<.0	07/14/10	No	By-product of drinking water disinfections.
TTHMs [Total Trihalomethanes] (ppb)	0	100	21.12	"	No	By-product of drinking water chlorination

Lead and Copper

Contaminants (units)	MCLG	AL	Your Water	# of Samples > AL	Sample Date	Violation	Typical Source
Copper (mg/L) or ppm	<1.3	1.3 mg/L	.0686	0	06/23/10	No	Erosion of natural deposits; Leaching; Corrosion of household plumbing systems; from wood preservatives
			.0056	0	06/23/10	No	
			.0190	0	06/23/10	No	
			.0366	0	06/23/10	No	
			.0708	0	06/23/10	No	
Lead (mg/L) or ppm	<.015	.015 mg/L	.0012	0	06/23/10	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits
			.0010	0	06/23/10	No	
			.0005	0	06/23/10	No	
			.0005	0	06/23/10	No	
			.0007	0	06/23/10	No	

Units Description:

ppm	parts per million, or milligrams per liter (mg/l)
ppb	parts per billion, or micrograms per liter (µg/l)
positive samples/month	Number of samples taken monthly that were found to be positive
NA	Not Applicable
ND	Not Detected
NR	Monitoring Not Required, but recommended
raa	Running Annual Average

For more information contact:

KWP Utility LLC Phone: 662-363-2117
Attn: Ellis Darby Fax: 662-363-2113
14680 U.S. Hwy 61 E-mail: darby@willsip.com
Robinsonville, MS 38664

KWP Utility LLC
14680 U.S. Hwy 61
Robinsonville, MS 38664

VIA USPS
AND
HAND DELIVERY

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ACCOUNT NUMBER 21232		SERVICE I.D. 00711		
PREV. READ DATE 5/17/12		CURR. READ DATE 06/17/12		
SERVICE	PREVIOUS READING	CURRENT READING	CONSUMPTION	AMOUNT
WATER	214140	216370	2230	12.00
SEWER		Minimum		12.00
OUR 2011 "ANNUAL WATER QUALITY REPORT", THE CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT IS AVAILABLE FOR REVIEW AT THE KWP OFFICE.				
PAST DUE AMOUNT		CURRENT CHARGES	NET AMOUNT	
		24.00	24.00	
DUE DATE		GROSS AMOUNT	NET AMOUNT	
07/10/12		28.00	24.00	

SERVICE ADDRESS
2634 EASTLAKE BLVD. 7-11

RETURN THIS STUB
WITH PAYMENT TO:

KWP Utility Company, LLC
14680 US Highway 61 N.
Robinsonville, MS 38664
(662) 363-2117



Freedom
FOREVER

PAY NET AMOUNT ON OR BEFORE DUE DATE	DUE DATE 07/10/12	PAY GROSS AMOUNT AFTER DUE DATE
NET AMOUNT 24.00	SAVE THIS 4.00	GROSS AMOUNT 28.00

JAQUITTA ROBINSON
2634 EASTLAKE BLVD
7-11
ROBINSONVILLE MS 38664

2011 CCR Contact Information

Date: 8/16/12 Time: 8:40

PWSID: 0720026

System Name: KWP Utility

Lead/Copper Language

Chlorine Residual (MRDL) RAA

Fluoride

GWR

Radiological

Other

Violations(s) _____

Will Correct report & mail copy marked "**Corrected copy**" to MSDH

Will notify customers of availability of corrected report on next monthly bill.

did send a different way -
will send me amended copy

Spoke with Mr. Darby

(Operator, Owner, Secretary)