

2012 MAY 25 AM 9: 38

BUREAU OF PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY

CALENDAR YEAR 2011 CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT
CERTIFICATION FORM

ACL Water Association, Inc.

Public Water Supply Name

#0610001 and #0610041

List PWS ID #s for all Water Systems Covered by this CCR

The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act requires each *community* public water system to develop and distribute a consumer confidence report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the public water system, this CCR must be mailed to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request.

Please Answer the Following Questions Regarding the Consumer Confidence Report

Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: *(Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)*

- Advertisement in local paper
 On water bills
 Other _____

Date customers were informed: 5 / 24 / 2012

CCR was distributed by mail or other direct delivery. Specify other direct delivery methods:

Date Mailed/Distributed: / /

CCR was published in local newspaper. *(Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)*

Name of Newspaper: Rankin County NewsDate Published: 5 / 16 / 2012

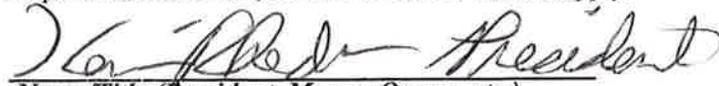
CCR was posted in public places. *(Attach list of locations)*

Date Posted: 5 / 10 / 2012 ACL Water Association Office.

CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the address: www. _____

CERTIFICATION

I hereby certify that a consumer confidence report (CCR) has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in the form and manner identified above. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true and correct and is consistent with the water quality monitoring data provided to the public water system officials by the Mississippi State Department of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply.


 Name/Title (President, Mayor, Owner, etc.)

5/24/12
 Date

Mail Completed Form to: Bureau of Public Water Supply/P.O. Box 1700/Jackson, MS 39215
 Phone: 601-576-7518

2011 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report
ACL Water Association
PWS#: 0610001 & 0610041
April 2012

2012 MAY 25 AM 9:39

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Sparta Sand Aquifer.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identified potential sources of contamination. The general susceptibility rankings assigned to each well of this system are provided immediately below. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the ACL Water Association have received a lower to moderate susceptibility rankings to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Perry Overby, Certified Operator, at 601-546-2322. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the second Thursday of even months at 7:00 PM at the ACL Water Office located at 1182 HWY 43 South, Pelahatchie, MS.

We routinely monitor for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that we detected during for the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2011. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2011, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) - The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) - The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

PWS ID#: 0610001**TEST RESULTS**

| Contaminant | Violation Y/N | Date Collected | Level Detected | Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL | Unit Measure-ment | MCLG | MCL | Likely Source of Contamination |
|-------------------------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|----------------------------------------------------|-------------------|------|--------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Inorganic Contaminants | | | | | | | | |
| 10. Barium | N | 2010* | .002 | .001 - .002 | ppm | 2 | 2 | Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits |
| 13. Chromium | N | 2010* | 1 | .9 - 1 | ppb | 100 | 100 | Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits |
| 14. Copper | N | 2009/11 | .3 | 0 | ppm | 1.3 | AL=1.3 | Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives |
| 16. Fluoride | N | 2010* | .115 | .112 - .115 | ppm | 4 | 4 | Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories |
| 17. Lead | N | 2009/11 | 2 | 0 | ppb | 0 | AL=15 | Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits |

Volatile Organic Contaminants

| | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|---|------|-----|----------|-----|----|----|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 76. Xylenes | N | 2011 | .01 | No Range | ppm | 10 | 10 | Discharge from petroleum factories; discharge from chemical factories |
|-------------|---|------|-----|----------|-----|----|----|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|

Disinfection By-Products

| | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|---|-------|-------|-----------|-----|---|----------|--------------------------------------------|
| 81. HAA5 | N | 2008* | 7 | No Range | ppb | 0 | 60 | By-Product of drinking water disinfection. |
| 82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes] | N | 2008* | 13.34 | No Range | ppb | 0 | 80 | By-product of drinking water chlorination. |
| Chlorine | N | 2011 | 1.3 | .65 - 2.1 | ppm | 0 | MDRL = 4 | Water additive used to control microbes |

PWS ID#: 0610041**TEST RESULTS**

| Contaminant | Violation Y/N | Date Collected | Level Detected | Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL | Unit Measure-ment | MCLG | MCL | Likely Source of Contamination |
|-------------------------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|----------------------------------------------------|-------------------|------|--------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Inorganic Contaminants | | | | | | | | |
| 10. Barium | N | 2011 | .001 | No Range | ppm | 2 | 2 | Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits |
| 14. Copper | N | 2009/11 | .2 | 0 | ppm | 1.3 | AL=1.3 | Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives |
| 16. Fluoride | N | 2011 | .112 | No Range | ppm | 4 | 4 | Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories |
| 17. Lead | N | 2009/11 | 3 | 0 | ppb | 0 | AL=15 | Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits |

Disinfection By-Products

| | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------------|---|-------|------|-----------|-----|---|----------|-----------------------------------------------|
| 82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes] | N | 2010* | 2.97 | No Range | ppb | 0 | 80 | By-product of drinking water chlorination. |
| Chlorine | N | 2011 | 1.6 | .75 – 2.8 | ppm | 0 | MDRL = 4 | Water additive used to control microbes |

* Most recent sample. No sample required for 2011.

As you can see by the table, our system had no contaminate violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some constituents have been detected however the EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific constituents on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. We did complete the monitoring requirements for bacteriological sampling that showed no coliform present. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our Water Association is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1-800-426-4791.

*******A MESSAGE FROM MSDH CONCERNING RADIOLOGICAL SAMPLING*******

In accordance with the Radionuclides Rule, all community public water supplies were required to sample quarterly for radionuclides beginning January 2007 – December 2007. Your public water supply completed sampling by the scheduled deadline; however, during an audit of the Mississippi State Department of Health Radiological health laboratory, the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) suspended analyses and reporting of radiological compliance samples and results until further notice. Although this was not the result of inaction by the public water supply, MSDH was required to issue a violation. This is to notify you that as of this date, your water system has not completed the monitoring requirements. The Bureau of Public Water Supply has taken action to ensure that your water system be returned to compliance by March 31, 2013. If you have any questions, please contact Melissa Parker, Deputy Director, Bureau of Public Water Supply, at 601.576.7518.

The ACL Water Association works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

2012 MAY 25 AM 9:39

AFFIDAVIT

PROOF OF PUBLICATION

RANKIN COUNTY NEWS • P.O. BOX 107 • BRANDON, MS 39043

STATE OF MISSISSIPPI
COUNTY OF RANKIN

THIS 16TH DAY OF MAY, 2012, personally came Marcus Bowers, publisher of the Rankin County News,

2011 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report
ACL Water Association
PWS#: 0610001 & 0610041
April 2012

** See Attached
for complete
Report*

This year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We quality of your water. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Sparta Sand Aquifer.

has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water sources of contamination. The general susceptibility rankings assigned to each well of this system. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the ACL Water Association have received susceptibility rankings to contamination.

For this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Perry Overby, Certified Operator, at 601-833-1111. Customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our monthly meetings. They are held on the second Thursday of even months at 7:00 PM at the ACL Water Office located at 1000 N. Highway 1, Brandon, MS.

constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all contaminants that we detected during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2011. In cases required in 2011, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of the earth, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic substances such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides; and organic chemicals, which can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, the Safe Drinking Water Act prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. Bottled water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some of these constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily pose a health risk.

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TEST RESULTS

| Date Collected | Level Detected | Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL | Unit Measurement | MCLG | MCL | Likely Source of Contamination |
|----------------|----------------|----------------------------------------------------|------------------|------|-----|--------------------------------|
|----------------|----------------|----------------------------------------------------|------------------|------|-----|--------------------------------|

Contaminants

| | | | | | | |
|-------|------|-------------|-----|---|---|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 2010* | .002 | .001 - .002 | ppm | 2 | 2 | Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits |
|-------|------|-------------|-----|---|---|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

a weekly newspaper printed and published in the City of Brandon, In the County of Rankin and State aforesaid, before me the undersigned officer in and for said County and State, who being duly sworn, deposes and says that said newspaper has been published for more than 12 months prior to the first publication of the attached notice and is qualified under Chapter 13-3-31, Laws of Mississippi, 1936, and laws supplementary and amendatory thereto, and that a certain

2011 ANNUAL DRINKING WATER QUALITY REPORT

ACL WATER ASSOCIATION

a copy of which is hereto attached, was published in said newspaper One (1) week, as follows, to-wit:

Vol 164 No. 43 on the 16th day of May, 2012

Marcus Bowers

MARCUS BOWERS, Publisher

Sworn to and subscribed before me by the aforementioned Marcus Bowers this 16th day of May, 2012

Frances Conger, Notary Public
FRANCES CONGER
My Commission Expires: January 25, 2014

PRINTER'S FEE:

3 column by 19 inch ad at \$6.50 per column inch..... \$370.50

Proof of Publication..... 3.00

TOTAL..... \$373.50



2011 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report
 ACL Water Association
 PWS#: 0610001 & 0610041
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PWS ID#: 0610001

TEST RESULTS

| Contaminant | Violation Y/N | Date Collected | Level Detected | Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL | Unit Measurement | MCLG | MCL | Likely Source of Contamination |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|----------------------------------------------------|------------------|------|----------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Inorganic Contaminants | | | | | | | | |
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| 16. Fluoride | N | 2010* | .115 | .112 - .115 | ppm | 4 | 4 | Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories |
| 17. Lead | N | 2009/11 | 2 | 0 | ppb | 0 | AL=15 | Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits |
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PWS ID#: 0610041

TEST RESULTS

| Contaminant | Violation Y/N | Date Collected | Level Detected | Range of Defects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL | Unit Measurement | MCL/SL | AL/CL | Likely Source of Contamination |
|----------------------------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|----------------------------------------------------|------------------|--------|----------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
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ACL Water Association, Inc.
 1182 Highway 43 South
 Pelahatchie, MS 39145-3238
 (601) 546-2322

FIRST CLASS MAIL
 U.S. POSTAGE
 PAID

PELAHATCHIE, MS
 3

| TYPE OF SERVICE | METER READING | | USED | CHARGES |
|-------------------------|---------------|----------|-------|---------|
| | PRESENT | PREVIOUS | | |
| Water | 970200 | 969200 | 1,000 | 15.00 |
| Walters Fire (OPTIONAL) | | | | 1.00 |

ACL Water Association, Inc.
 MAIL THIS STUB WITH YOUR PAYMENT

| ROUTE | ACCOUNT | PAST DUE AFTER THIS DATE |
|--------------------------------|---------|--------------------------|
| 1 | 924 | 6/10/12 |
| NET AMOUNT TO BE PAID | | GROSS AMOUNT TO BE PAID |
| 16.00 | | 17.50 |
| PLEASE SHOW METER READING HERE | | |
| 0 | | |

368 GULDE RD

| METER READ | | | ACCOUNT # 924 5/24/12 | | |
|------------|-----|-------|------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|
| MONTH | DAY | CLASS | TOTAL DUE UPON RECEIPT | LATE CHARGE AFTER DUE DATE | PAST DUE AMOUNT |
| 5 | 4 | 1 | 16.00 | 1.50 | 17.50 |

[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

NOTICE: 2011 CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT AVAILABLE AT ACL OFFICE & RANKIN COUNTY NEWS. PLEASE SUBMIT CURRENT METER READING----->>>>>> RETURN SMALL PORTION STUB WITH PAYMENT----->>>>>> BALANCE DUE BY 20TH TO AVOID DISCONNECTION