



RECEIVED - WATER SUPPLY  
2011 JUL -1 PM 1:07

MISSISSIPPI STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

**BUREAU OF PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY**

**CALENDAR YEAR 2010 CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT  
CERTIFICATION FORM**

Alcorn State University  
Public Water Supply Name

0110013

List PWS ID #s for all Water Systems Covered by this CCR

The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act requires each *community* public water system to develop and distribute a consumer confidence report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the public water system, this CCR must be mailed to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request.

*Please Answer the Following Questions Regarding the Consumer Confidence Report*

- Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: *(Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)*
  - Advertisement in local paper
  - On water bills
  - Other \_\_\_\_\_

Date customers were informed: 6 / 30 / 2011

- CCR was distributed by mail or other direct delivery. Specify other direct delivery methods:  
Date Mailed/Distributed:  / /

- CCR was published in local newspaper. *(Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)*

Name of Newspaper: The Port Gibson Reveille

Date Published: 6 / 30 / 2011

- CCR was posted in public places. *(Attach list of locations)*

Date Posted: 6 / 30 / 2011 Alcorn State University Post Office

- CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the address: www.alcorn.edu/offices/PhysicalPlant

**CERTIFICATION**

I hereby certify that a consumer confidence report (CCR) has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in the form and manner identified above. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true and correct and is consistent with the water quality monitoring data provided to the public water system officials by the Mississippi State Department of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply.

*[Signature]*  
Name/Title (President, Mayor, Owner, etc.)

6/30/11  
Date

Mail Completed Form to: Bureau of Public Water Supply/P.O. Box 1700/Jackson, MS 39215  
Phone: 601-576-7518

570 East Woodrow Wilson • Post Office Box 1700 • Jackson, Mississippi 39215-1700  
601/576-7634 • Fax 601/576-7931 • www.HealthyMS.com

Equal Opportunity In Employment/Service

# Copy of 2010 Drinking Water Quality Report----Corrected

## **Is my water safe?**

Last year, as in years past, your tap water met all U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and state drinking water health standards. Alcorn State University vigilantly safeguards its water supplies and once again we are proud to report that our system has not violated a maximum contaminant level or any other water quality standard.

## **Do I need to take special precautions?**

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/Centers for Disease Control (CDC) guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Water Drinking Hotline (800-426-4791).

## **Where does my water come from?**

Our water source is from three wells in the Catahoula Formation Aquifer.

## **Source water assessment and its availability**

Our source water assesment is currently being conducted and is not available at this time. As soon as it is completed, you will be notified and copies of this assesment will be available at our office.

## **How can I get involved?**

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

## **How can I get involved?**

If you have any question about this report or concerning our water utility, please contact Jessie Hayden, Assistant Director for Planning and Construction, at (601) 877-6471. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility.

## **Monitoring and reporting of compliance data violations**

No violations to report

## **Significant Deficiencies**

During a sanitary survey conducted on 12/22/2010, the Mississippi State Department of Health cited the following significant deficiency(s):

- Inadequate security measures  
Corrective actions: The system is currently under a Bilateral Compliance Agreement with the Mississippi State Department of Health to complete the installation of the required security fences at the water facilities. All deficiencies are scheduled to be completed by 5/12/2011.
- Unprotected cross-connections  
Corrective actions: The system is currently under a Bilateral Compliance Agreement with the Mississippi State Department of Health to complete the retesting and submission of results of failed backflow devices. All deficiencies are scheduled to be completed by 5/12/2011.
- Inadequate monitoring (Primary MCLs)  
Corrective actions: The system is currently under a Bilateral Compliance agreement with the Mississippi State Department of Health to install the required monitoring equipment to comply with regulations. All deficiencies are scheduled to be completed by 9/6/2011.
- Lack of redundant mechanical components where treatment is required  
Corrective actions: The system is currently under a Bilateral Compliance Agreement with the Mississippi State Department of Health to install redundant chlorination equipment where needed. All deficiencies are scheduled to be completed by 9/6/2011.
- Inadequate application of treatment chemicals and techniques (Primary MCLs)  
Corrective actions: The system is currently under a Bilateral Compliance Agreement with the Mississippi State Department of Health to update the treatment facilities. All deficiencies are scheduled to be completed by 9/6/2011.

### Additional Information for Lead

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Alcorn State University is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>.

### Water Quality Data Table

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations which limit the amount of contaminants in water provided by public water systems. The table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that we detected during the calendar year of this report. Although many more contaminants were tested, only those substances listed below were found in your water. All sources of drinking water contain some naturally occurring contaminants. At low levels, these substances are generally not harmful in our drinking water. Removing all contaminants would be extremely expensive, and in most cases, would not provide increased protection of public health. A few naturally occurring minerals may actually improve the taste of drinking water and have nutritional value at low levels. Unless otherwise noted, the data presented in this table is from testing done in the calendar year of the report. The EPA or the State requires us to monitor for certain contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not vary significantly from year to year, or the system is not considered vulnerable to this type of contamination. As such, some of our data, though representative, may be more than one year old. In this table you will find terms and abbreviations that might not be familiar to you. To help you better understand these terms, we have provided the definitions below the table.

Contaminants	MCLG or MRDLG	MCL, TT, or MRDL	Your Water	Range Low	High	Sample Date	Violation	Typical Source
<b>Disinfectants &amp; Disinfectant By-Products</b>								
<i>(There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants)</i>								
Chlorine (as Cl <sub>2</sub> ) (ppm)	4	4	1.36	1.2	1.4	2010	No	Water additive used to control microbes
<b>Inorganic Contaminants</b>								
Arsenic (ppb)	0	10	1.39	NA		2009	No	Erosion of natural deposits; Runoff from orchards; Runoff from glass and electronics production wastes
Barium (ppm)	2	2	1	NA		2009	No	Discharge of drilling wastes; Discharge from metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits

Nitrate [measured as Nitrogen] (ppm)	10	10	0.77	NA		2010	No	Runoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks, sewage; Erosion of natural deposits
Nitrite [measured as Nitrogen] (ppm)	1	1	0.05	NA		2010	No	Runoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks, sewage; Erosion of natural deposits
<b>Microbiological Contaminants</b>								
Total Coliform (% positive samples/month)	0	5	0	NA		2010	No	Naturally present in the environment
<b>Inorganic Contaminants</b>								
Lead - action level at consumer taps (ppb)	0	15	12	2008	0	No	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits

Contaminants	MCLG	AL	Your Water	Sample Date	# Samples Exceeding AL	Exceeds AL	Typical Source	
<b>Unit Descriptions</b>								
<b>Term</b>	<b>Definition</b>							
ppm	ppm: parts per million, or milligrams per liter (mg/L)							
ppb	ppb: parts per billion, or micrograms per liter (µg/L)							
% positive samples/month	% positive samples/month: Percent of samples taken monthly that were positive							
NA	NA: not applicable							
ND	ND: Not detected							
NR	NR: Monitoring not required, but recommended.							

<b>Important Drinking Water Definitions</b>	
Term	Definition
MCLG	MCLG: Maximum Contaminant Level Goal: The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.
MCL	MCL: Maximum Contaminant Level: The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.
TT	TT: Treatment Technique: A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.
AL	AL: Action Level: The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.
Variances and Exemptions	Variances and Exemptions: State or EPA permission not to meet an MCL or a treatment technique under certain conditions.
MRDLG	MRDLG: Maximum residual disinfection level goal. The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

<b>MRDL</b>	<b>MRDL: Maximum residual disinfectant level. The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.</b>
<b>MNR</b>	<b>MNR: Monitored Not Regulated</b>
<b>MPL</b>	<b>MPL: State Assigned Maximum Permissible Level</b>

**For more information please contact:**

Contact Name: Jessie L. Hayden, Jr.

Address:

1000 ASU Dr. #299

Alcorn State, MS 39096

Phone: 601 877-6471

Fax: 601 877-4703

E-Mail: [jhayden@alcorn.edu](mailto:jhayden@alcorn.edu)

Website: [www.alcorn.edu](http://www.alcorn.edu)

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## Monitoring and reporting of compliance data violations

No violations to report

### Additional Information for Lead

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## Water Quality Data Table

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<u>Contaminants</u>	<u>MCLG</u>	<u>MCL,</u>	<u>Your</u>	<u>Range</u>		<u>Sample</u>	<u>Violation</u>	<u>Typical Source</u>
	<u>or</u>	<u>TT, or</u>		<u>Low</u>	<u>High</u>			
	<u>MRDLG</u>	<u>MRDL</u>	<u>Water</u>					
<b>Disinfectants &amp; Disinfectant By-Products</b>								
(There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants)								
Chlorine (as Cl <sub>2</sub> ) (ppm)	4	4	1.36	1.2	1.4	2010	No	Water additive used to control microbes
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#### Microbiological Contaminants

Total Coliform (% positive samples/month)	0	5	0	NA		2010	No	Naturally present in the environment
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<u>Contaminants</u>	<u>MCLG</u>	<u>AL</u>	<u>Your Water</u>	<u>Sample Date</u>	<u># Samples Exceeding AL</u>	<u>Exceeds AL</u>	<u>Typical Source</u>
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#### Inorganic Contaminants

Lead - action level at consumer taps (ppb)	0	15	12	2008	0	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits
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#### Unit Descriptions

<b>Term</b>	<b>Definition</b>
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**For more information please contact:**

Contact Name: Jessie L. Hayden, Jr.  
Address:  
1000 ASU Dr. #299  
Alcorn State, MS 39096  
Phone: 601 877-6471  
Fax: 601 877-4703  
E-Mail: [jhayden@alcorn.edu](mailto:jhayden@alcorn.edu)  
Website: [www.alcorn.edu](http://www.alcorn.edu)

# PUBLISHER'S OATH

STATE OF MISSISSIPPI,  
CLAIBORNE COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI

RECEIVED - WATER SUPPLY  
2011 JUL -1 PM 1:07

Personally appeared before the undersigned NOTARY PUBLIC of said County, EMMA F. CRISLER, Publisher of The Reveille, a weekly newspaper, printed and published in the town of Port Gibson, in said county and state, who, being duly sworn deposes and says that said newspaper has been established for more than twelve months next prior to first publication mentioned below; and who further makes oath that publication of a notice, of which, the annexed is a copy, has been made in said paper consecutively, to wit:

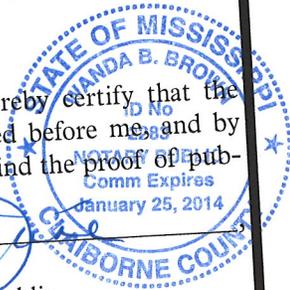
On the 30th day of June, 2011  
On the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 2011  
On the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 2011  
On the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 2011

[Signature], Publisher

And I, [Signature] do hereby certify that the papers containing said notice have been produced before me and by me compared with the copy annexed, and that I find the proof of publication thereof to be correctly made.

Witness my hand and seal, this 30th of June, 2011.

[Signature], Notary Public  
Fees and proof of publication, \$ 319.00



### Water Quality Data Table

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	(ppm)	(ppm)		Date	Exceeds			
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STATE OF MISSISSIPPI, 2011 JUN -1 PM 1:07  
 CLAIBORNE COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI

Personally appeared before the undersigned NOTARY PUBLIC of said County, EMMA F. CRISLER, Publisher of The Reveille, a weekly newspaper, printed and published in the town of Port Gibson, in said county and state, who, being duly sworn deposes and says that said newspaper has been established for more than twelve months next prior to first publication mentioned below; and who further makes oath that publication of a notice, of which, the annexed is a copy, has been made in said paper consecutively, to wit:

On the 30th day of June, 2011  
 On the \_\_\_ day of \_\_\_, 2011  
 On the \_\_\_ day of \_\_\_, 2011  
 On the \_\_\_ day of \_\_\_, 2011

*Emma F. Crisler* Publisher  
 And I, *Emma F. Crisler*, do hereby certify that the papers containing said notice have been produced before me and by me compared with the copy annexed, and that I find the same to be true and correct.

