



2011 MAY 27 AM 7:57

MISSISSIPPI STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

BUREAU OF PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY

CALENDAR YEAR 2010 CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT CERTIFICATION FORM

Marshall County Water Association
Public Water Supply Name

0470105C
List PWS ID #s for all Water Systems Covered by this CCR

The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act requires each community public water system to develop and distribute a consumer confidence report (CCR) to its customers each year.

Please Answer the Following Questions Regarding the Consumer Confidence Report

Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)

- Advertisement in local paper
On water bills
Other

Date customers were informed: 05/25/11

CCR was distributed by mail or other direct delivery. Specify other direct delivery methods:

Date Mailed/Distributed: / /

CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)

Name of Newspaper: The South Reporter

Date Published: 5/20/11

CCR was posted in public places. (Attach list of locations)

Date Posted: 5/13/11 Marshall County Library

CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the address: www.

CERTIFICATION

I hereby certify that a consumer confidence report (CCR) has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in the form and manner identified above.

Don Downey
Name/Title (President, Mayor, Owner, etc.)
Vice President

5-25-11
Date

Mail Completed Form to: Bureau of Public Water Supply/P.O. Box 1700/Jackson, MS 39215
Phone: 601-576-7518

2010 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report
 Marshall County Water Association
 PWS#: 0470105
 May 2011

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Lower Wilcox Aquifer.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identify potential sources of contamination. The general susceptibility rankings assigned to each well of this system are provided immediately below. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Marshall County Water Association have received a lower susceptibility ranking to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact David Meadows at 662.890.7415. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the third Thursday of each month at 6:30 PM at 512 Wingo Rd, Byhalia, MS 38611.

We routinely monitor for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that we detected during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2010. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2010, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) - The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) - The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

TEST RESULTS								
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measurement	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination

Inorganic Contaminants

10. Barium	N	2010	.01	No Range	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2010	.02	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
17. Lead	N	2010	1	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits

Disinfection By-Products

Chlorine	N	2010	1.20	.82 – 1.57	ppm	0	MDRL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes
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* Most recent sample. No sample required for 2010.

As you can see by the table, our system had no violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some constituents have been detected however the EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific constituents on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. We did complete the monitoring requirements for bacteriological sampling that showed no coliform present. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our Water Association is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1-800-426-4791.

The Marshall County Water Association is committed to providing our customers with the best water. We have received a perfect 5.0 on our Health Dept. inspection with the MS State Health Dept. for seven (7) years in a row. Marshall County Water Association is so proud of being able to accomplish this.

PROOF OF PUBLICATION

STATE OF MISSISSIPPI
MARSHALL COUNTY

Personally appeared before me, the undersigned Notary Public in and for said County and State, Barry Burlison, who, after being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the editor and publisher of THE SOUTH REPORTER, a newspaper published weekly in the City of Holly Springs, in said County and State; that said newspaper has been established in said city for more than 12 months, and has since its said establishment been regularly published in said city; and that the _____
Marshall County Water Association-Drink Water

a true copy of which is hereto attached, was published for
1 consecutive weeks in said newspaper as follows:

VOL.	NO.	DATE	
<u>146</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>May 20</u>	<u>2011</u>
_____	_____	_____	<u>2011</u>
_____	_____	_____	<u>2011</u>
_____	_____	_____	<u>2011</u>
_____	_____	_____	<u>2011</u>

Signed: Barry Burlison
Sworn to and subscribed before me this 20 day of
May _____, 2011.

Barry Burlison
Notary Public
Notary Expires December 17, 2011
MARSHALL COUNTY, MS

2010 Annual Drinking Water Labay report
 Marshall County Water Association
 PWS0470105
 May 2011

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality of water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continuously improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Lower Water Aquifer.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identify potential sources of contamination. The general susceptibility rankings assigned to each part of this system are provided immediately below. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Marshall County Water Association have received a moderate susceptibility ranking to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact David Meadows at 662-890-7415. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the third Thursday of each month at 6:30 p.m. at 512 Wingo Rd., Blythe, MS 38011.

We routinely monitor for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that we detected during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2010. In cases where monitoring was not required in 2010, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria; and other contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may be used in agriculture, residential uses, and other activities; and other contaminants, such as radon, which may be a natural by-product of geological processes. Some contaminants, such as radon, are known to be carcinogenic, and others, such as lead, are known to be neurotoxic. Some contaminants, such as lead, are known to be carcinogenic, and others, such as lead, are known to be neurotoxic. Some contaminants, such as lead, are known to be carcinogenic, and others, such as lead, are known to be neurotoxic.

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Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/AQL	Test Results		Likely Source of Contamination
					Unit Measurement	MCLG / MCL	
Inorganic Contaminants							
10. Boron	N	2010	.01	No Flange	ppm	2 / 2	Discharge from drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2010	.02	0	ppm	1.3 / AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
17. Lead	N	2010	1	0	ppb	0 / AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits
Disinfectant By-Products							
Chloro	N	2010	1.20	1.82-1.67	ppm	0 / MRDL=4	Water additive used to control microbes

* Most recent sample. No sample required for 2010.

As you can see by the table, our system had no contaminant violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some constituents have been detected however the EPA has determined that your water is SAFE at these levels.

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MARSHALL COUNTY WATER
ASSOCIATION
BYALONG ROAD
BYHALIA, MISSISSIPPI 38611 RETURN SERVICE REQUESTED
(662) 630-7410

PRESORTED
FIRST-CLASS MAIL
U.S. POSTAGE
PAID
BYHALIA, MS 38611
PERMIT NO 33

ITEM	METER READING		USED	CHARGES
	BEFORE	PREVIOUS		
Water	464900	460000	4,900	30.34
Regulatory & Main				2.00
FED PURE WAT ACT				0.15

CUSTOMER		PAY GROSS AMOUNT AFTER THIS DATE
HOUSE	APPLICATOR	
2	1304	6/10/11
NET AMOUNT TO BE PAID		GROSS AMOUNT TO BE PAID
32.49		35.54

MAIL THIS STUB WITH YOUR PAYMENT

Service From 4/14/2011 TO 5/17/2011 ACCOUNT 1304 5/24/11

HOUSE	APPLICATOR	CLASS	NET AMOUNT TO BE PAID	PAY EARLY SAVE THIS!	GROSS AMOUNT TO BE PAID
5	17	1	32.49	3.05	35.54

LOUISE STEWART
11 OAK GROVE DR.
BYHALIA MS 38611

Consumer Confidence Report is available at the office
upon request.

We will be closed May 30, 2011 in observance of Memorial Day.
Have a safe and fun Memorial Day!!!!