



MISSISSIPPI STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

BUREAU OF PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY

**CALENDAR YEAR 2009 CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT
CERTIFICATION FORM**

McHenry Utility Association, Inc.
Public Water Supply Name

0660002
List PWS ID #s for all Water Systems Covered by this CCR

The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act requires each *community* public water system to develop and distribute a consumer confidence report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the public water system, this CCR must be mailed to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request.

Please Answer the Following Questions Regarding the Consumer Confidence Report

- Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: *(Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)*
 - Advertisement in local paper
 - On water bills
 - Other _____

Date customers were informed: 6/23/10

- CCR was distributed by mail or other direct delivery. Specify other direct delivery methods:

Date Mailed/Distributed: / /

- CCR was published in local newspaper. *(Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)*

Name of Newspaper: Stone County Enterprise

Date Published: / /

- CCR was posted in public places. *(Attach list of locations)*

Date Posted: / /

- CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at www. _____

CERTIFICATION

I hereby certify that a consumer confidence report (CCR) has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in the form and manner identified above. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true and correct and is consistent with the water quality monitoring data provided to the public water system officials by the Mississippi State Department of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply.

John D. Pucy, Accountant
Name/Title (President, Mayor, Owner, etc.)

6/24/10
Date

**Mail Completed Form to: Bureau of Public Water Supply/P.O. Box 1700/Jackson, MS 39215
Phone: 601-576-7518**

570 East Woodrow Wilson · Post Office Box 1700 · Jackson, MS 39215-1700
601-576-8090 · 1-866-HLTHY4U · www.HealthyMS.com

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2010 JUN -8 PM 12: 47

2009 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report
 McHenry Utility Association, Inc.
 PWS#: 0660002
 June 2010

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to providing you with information because informed customers are our best allies. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Miocene Aquifer.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identified potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the McHenry Utility Association, Inc. have received a moderate ranking in terms of susceptibility to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Mark Blackwell at 601.716.4526. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please join us at any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the first Tuesday of the month at 6:30 PM at the McHenry Utility office.

We routinely monitor for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2009. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2009, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal"(MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) - The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) - The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

TEST RESULTS

Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
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				MCL/ACL/MRDL				
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Inorganic Contaminants								
10. Barium	N	2006*	.011	No Range	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
13. Chromium	N	2006*	2	No Range	ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
16. Fluoride	N	2006*	.688	No Range	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17. Lead	N	2008*	2	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits

Disinfection By-Products								
81. HAA5	N	2006*	.4	No Range	ppb	0	60	By-Product of drinking water disinfection.
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2006*	4	No Range	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination.
Chlorine	N	2009	.52	.5 - .8	ppm	0	MRDL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

* Most recent sample. No sample required for 2009.

As you can see by the table, our system had no violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some constituents have been detected however the EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific constituents on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing for \$10 per sample. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1.800.426.4791.

The McHenry Utility Association, Inc. works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

Stone County Enterprise

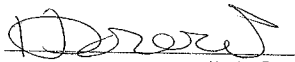
PO Box 157, Wiggins, MS 39577 · 601-928-4802 (phone)

Proof of Publication

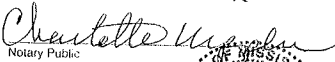
STATE OF MISSISSIPPI
 COUNTY OF STONE
 CITY OF WIGGINS

Personally appeared before me the undersigned authority in and for City, County and State aforesaid, **Heather Freret** who being by me first duly sworn, states on oath, that she is Publisher of the **Stone County Enterprise**, a newspaper published in the City, County, and State aforesaid, and the publication of the notice, a copy of which is hereto attached, has been made in said newspaper _____ times as follows:

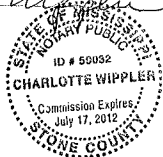
- On the 23rd day of June 2010
- On the _____ day of _____ 2010
- On the _____ day of _____ 2010
- On the _____ day of _____ 2010
- On the _____ day of _____ 2010
- On the _____ day of _____ 2010


 Heather Freret

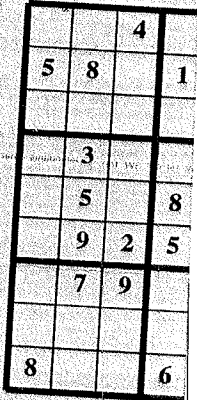
Sworn to and subscribed before me this 24th day of June 2010.


 Notary Public

My commission expires _____



SUDOKU



King Cross

ACROSS

- 1 Shell-game need
- 4 Whale group
- 7 Family
- 8 Less believable, as an excuse
- 10 With eyes wide open
- 13 Islands near Portugal
- 16 Government official
- 19 Links prop
- 21 Search
- 22 Cattle call?
- 23 Perry Mason portrayer
- 24 Ponce de - Enticed
- 25 Clever
- 26 Spanish appetizer
- 27 De-bag the
- 28 at?
- 29 berch
- 30 baby's
- 31 liment
- 32 commotion
- 33 ina Turner
- 34 t
- 35 jure
- 36 sha's
- 37 untry
- 38 pck-
- 39 ury tale
- 40 position
- 41 rew up

DOWN

- 1 West Point
- 2 freshman
- 3 "My Name is"
- 4 It's nothing new
- 5 Stares
- 6 Lifeless, old-style
- 7 TV mogul
- 8 Griffin
- 9 Fingerprint, often
- 10 "Star Wars"

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Stone County Enterprise

77 • 601-928-4802 (phone)

Publication

2009 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report
McHenry Utility Association, Inc.
PWSR 060000
June 2010

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continuously improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to providing you with information because informed customers are our best allies. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Moccasin Aquifer.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identified potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the McHenry Utility Association, Inc. have received a moderate ranking in terms of susceptibility to contamination.

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TEST RESULTS

Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Drinking Water MCL/MCLG Action	Maximum Allowed	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
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Inorganic Contaminants

20. Barium	N	2009	0.01	No Range	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drinking water; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
13. Chromium	N	2009	0	No Range	ppm	100	100	Discharge from land and subsurface; erosion of natural deposits
16. Fluoride	N	2009	0.88	No Range	ppm	4	4	Emission of natural deposits; water additive which sometimes brings teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
37. Lead	N	2009	0	0	ppb	0	AL+10	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits

Disinfection By-Products

83. HAAs	N	2009	4	No Range	ppb	0	0	By product of drinking water disinfection
82. THM5 (Total Trihalomethanes)	N	2009	4	No Range	ppb	0	80	By product of drinking water disinfection
Chlorate	N	2009	52	A-A	ppm	0	MRDL + 4	Water exposer used to control microbes

As you can see by the table, our system had no violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some contaminants have been detected however the EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels.

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Present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is not designed for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When lead enters the water supply, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/leadwater/>. The Minnesota State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory has lead testing for \$10 per sample. Please contact 651.976.7622 if you wish to have your water tested.

If sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4761.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons (e.g., persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants), people with LUPUS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice from their health care providers. EPA/MSD guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by drinking water and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1-800-426-4761.

In McHenry Utility Association, we work around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers be sure to protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

BWR 6/23/2010

undersigned authority in and for City, Freret who being by me first duly Publisher of the Stone County in the City, County, and State aforesaid, a copy of which is hereto attached, _____ times as follows:

June 2010 _____ 2010
 _____ 2010
 _____ 2010
 _____ 2010
 _____ 2010

Heather Freret
 Heather Freret

_____ day of _____ 2010.

