

MISSISSIPPI STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

BUREAU OF PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY

CALENDAR YEAR 2009 CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT CERTIFICATION FORM

	Hayes Creek Water Cissoc. Public Water Supply Name
	List PWS ID #s for all Water Systems Covered by this CCR 0490020, 0490023 ederal Safe Drinking Water Act requires each community public water system to develop and distribute a consumer ence report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the public water system, this CCR is mailed to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request.
Please	Answer the Following Questions Regarding the Consumer Confidence Report
V	Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other) H9004, 490017, 490018, 490019, 490020 4 490023 Advertisement in local paper On water bills Other
	Date customers were informed: 6 / 257 10
	CCR was distributed by mail or other direct delivery. Specify other direct delivery methods:
	Date Mailed/Distributed: 6/25/10 on bills
	CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)
	Name of Newspaper: The Hinora Jimes
	Date Published: 6/18/10
□ (CCR was posted in public places. (Attach list of locations) Hayer Creek When assec, give
	CCR was posted in public places. (Attach list of locations) Date Posted: 6/25/10 Nenova Public Library
	CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the address: www
CERT	IFICATION
consiste	y certify that a consumer confidence report (CCR) has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in and manner identified above. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true and correct and is ent with the water quality monitoring data provided to the public water system officials by the Mississippi State ment of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply.
\longrightarrow	MUSH, Deput 6-25-10 Title (President, Mayor, Owner, etc.) Date
Name	The state of the s
V	Mail Completed Form to: Bureau of Public Water Supply/P.O. Box 1700/Jackson, MS 39215 Phone: 601-576-7518

2009 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report

Hayes Creek Water Association PWS#: 0490004, 0490016, 0490017, 0490018, 0490019, 0490020 & 0490023 28 PM 3: 26 May 2010

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Lower and Middle Wilcox Aquifer and purchases water from the Town of Winona that has wells drawing from the Meridian Upper Wilcox Aquifer.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identified potential sources of contamination. The general susceptibility rankings assigned to each well of this system are provided immediately below. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Hayes Creek Water Association have received lower susceptibility rankings to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Ramona Moulder at 662-283-3506. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the second Monday of each month at 6:00 PM at the office located at 703 Summit Street, Winona, MS 38967.

We routinely monitor for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that we detected during for the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2009. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2009, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) - The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) - The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

PWS ID	#: V4YVV	04		TEST RES	ULIS			
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorgani	c Contai	ninants						
10. Barium	N	2005*	.048	No Range	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposit
16. Fluoride	N	2005*	1.069	No Range	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
18. Mercury (inorganic)	N	2005*	.2	No Range	ppb	2	2	Erosion of natural deposits; discharge fror refineries and factories; runoff from landfill runoff from cropland

Disinfection	n By-F	roducts	S					
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2009	8.13	No Range	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination.
Chlorine	N	2009	11	1 - 11	ppm	0	MDRL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

PWS ID #	いサブリリ	U		TEST RES	ULID	,		
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic	Contai	ninants	,					
10. Barium	N	2005*	.015	No Range	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
13. Chromium	N	2005*	3	No Range	ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2008*	.4	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
17. Lead	N	2008*	3	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
21. Selenium	N	2005*	.6	No Range	ppb	50	50	Discharge from petroleum and metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits; discharge from mines
Disinfection	on By-P	roducts	S			,		
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2007*	2.15	No Range	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination.
Chlorine	N	2009	1.9	1.2 – 1.9	ppm	0	MDRL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

PWS ID #	#: 0490 0	17		TEST RES	ULTS			
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL.	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic	Contai	minants		•				
10. Barium	N	2005*	.022	No Range	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
13. Chromium	N	2005*	2	No Range	ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2008*	.3	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
15. Cyanide	N	2005*	19	No Range	ppb	200	200	Discharge from steel/metal factories; discharge from plastic and fertilizer factories
17. Lead	N	2008*	2	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
21. Selenium	N	2005*	6	No Range	ppb	50	50	Discharge from petroleum and metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits; discharge from mines

76. Xylenes	N	2009	.0008	5 No Range	ppm		10	10	Discharge from petroleum factories; discharge from chemical factories
Disinfection		-Produc	ts						
					1			-	
81. HAA5	N	2006*	1	No Range	ppb	0	60	By-Prodisinfe	oduct of drinking water ection.
81. HAA5 82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2006*	8.14	No Range	ppb	0	80	disinfe	ection. oduct of drinking water

PWS ID#	: U4YUU	18		TEST RES	OLIS			
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic	Contar	ninants						
10. Barium	N	2005*	.048	No Range	ppm	2		Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refinerles; erosion of natural deposits
16. Fluoride	N	2005*	1.069	No Range	ppm	4		Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
18. Mercury (inorganic)	N	2005*	.2	No Range	ppb	2		Erosion of natural deposits; discharge from refineries and factories; runoff from landfills; runoff from cropland
Disinfection	on By-P	roduct	S					
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2009	6.93	No Range	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination.
Chlorine	N	2009	1.1	1 – 1.1	ppm	0	MDRL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

PWS ID#	: U4900	19		TEST RES	ULIS			
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic	Contar	ninants						
10. Barium	N	2005*	.063	No Range	Ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
13. Chromium	N	2005*	1	No Range	ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2008*	.1	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
17. Lead	N	2008*	1	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
21. Selenium	N	2005*	.6	No Range	ppb	50	50	Discharge from petroleum and metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits; discharge from mines

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Disinfection	n By-F	Products	3					
Chlorine	N	2009	2.2	1.9 – 2.2	ppm	0	MDRL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

PWS ID#				TEST RES		11010	1401	17.10
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic	Contai	minants						
10. Barium	N	2005*	.005	No Range	ppm	2		Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
13. Chromium	N	2005*	1	No Range	ppb	100		Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2008*	2	0	ppm	1.3		Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
17. Lead	N	2008*	4	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
21. Selenium	N	2005*	.6	No Range	ppb	50	50	Discharge from petroleum and metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits; discharge from mines
Disinfecti	on By-F	Products	S					
Chlorine	N	2009	2.5	1.9 – 2.5	ppm	0	MDRL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

PWS ID#	: 04900	23		TEST RES	ULTS			
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic	Contai	ninants						
10. Barium	N	2005*	.02	No Range	Ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
13. Chromium	N	2005*	2	No Range	ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2007*	.3	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
17. Lead	N	2007*	1	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
21. Selenium	N	2005*	.9	No Range	ppb	50	50	Discharge from petroleum and metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits; discharge from mines
Disinfection	on By-F	roducts	8					
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2004*	9	No Range	ppb	0	8	By-product of drinking water chlorination.
Chlorine	N	2009	2	1.8 – 2	ppm	0	MDRL =	Water additive used to control microbes

* Most recent sample. No sample required for 2009.

As you can see by the table, our system had no violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some constituents have been detected however the EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific constituents on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. We did complete the monitoring requirements for bacteriological sampling that showed no coliform present. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our Water Association is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing for \$10 per sample. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1-800-426-4791.

The Hayes Creek Water Association works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

PROOF OF PUBLICATION

THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI MONTGOMERY COUNTY

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n and for said C Clerk of THE Wl n Winona, Miss	County and Sta INONA TIMES issippi, and tha hereto attache	ne undersigned authority of te, Marsha Engle, a weekly newspaper publicat the publication of the noticed, has been made in said to wit:	 shed
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2009 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report - Hayes Creek Water Association PWS#: 0490016, 0490019, 0490020 & 0490023 May 2010

Were givened to present to you this year's Annua Quality Water Expert. The report is designed to inform you show they exhibit you have the property of the pro

The source water assessment has been completed in our proble with or years to determine the overall necessary to determine the overall necessary of the first of its driving water supply to identified possible problems of the contamination. The present suppossible provided immediately the contamination of the proposed proposed to each well of this system are provided immediately below it report containing definited information on how the ancoophility desuminations were much has been found to be an expectation of the problems and the switches for the private space of the problems are provided for the proposed proposed to the proposed proposed to the problems are provided for the proposed problems are provided for the proposed proposed problems are provided for the proposed problems.

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Maximum Conferences Level (MCL) - The "Maximum

Maximum Continuous Level (MCL). The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) if the lightest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking wasse. MCLs are set as close to the MCLC set fees the behavior that available treatment technology.

maximum comminant serel float (MCLG) with GuarMCLG) it the level of a comminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health, MCLGs allow for a margin of safety. Maximum Residual Distinctural: Level (MRDI). The

save a convuring evidence that addition of a distinguish receiving the control microbial containment.

Maximum Residual Distinfaction Level Goal (MRDLG)

The level of a dynamy water distinfaction below which there is no known or expected risk of peakin MRDLG and not reflect the these first of the use of distinfactions to control microbial contaminants.

one part per million corpsion or Mulligrams per liter (mg/) one part per million corresponds to one minute in the years or a single penny in \$16,000. Parts per folior (per Micrograms per liter - one per per pillion correspon to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single pamy \$10,000,000.

PWS ID #: 0490016				TEST RESULTS					
Contaminant	Violetian Y/N	Date Collected	Level Defected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Messure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source	e of Contamination
Inorganic	Contai	ninents	l de la companya de						
10 Barton	N	2008*	.015	No Range	port	2	2	Discharge of	drilling wastes, discharg
15. Chromjum	N	2006*	3	No Range	ppb	100	100	Oscours Discharge fo	on steel and pulp milis.
14. Copper	N	2008*	.4	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corresion of	tural deposits household plumbing
17 Lend	N	2006	9	0.	ppo	a a	AL+15	Correspond	Side of natural deposits MOSS preservatives estimated painting
	14 15	- 1	* * * 192	remarka (741		eyatems, em	etacopsis (autoral deposits
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• Most recent sample. No sample required for 2009. As you can see by the table, our gystem had no yindistinus AS you can see by the table, our gystem had no yindistinus Were proud that your drawing water mean renceeds a feederal and Step requirements. We have Paripet should not include the property of the property

so as required to mounts your drinking water for species of completing as a merchaly bears. Results of regular motoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking and the complete and the complete and the mount of the complete and the comp

present, elevated levels of lead car causes serious health obtains, especially for prognant women and young chilfen. Lead in franking water is primarily from materials at temporaris associated with service least and home uniting. Our Water Association is responsible for proding high quality draixing water, but cannot comfor the verley of graterials used in plumbing components. When you may be been string for seyend hours, you can missing the seyend hours, you can miss of a seyend hours of the seyend by fashing your inpost 30 seconds of must be seen for 40 second for the seyend seyend rocking. If you are concerned about feel in yeaster, you may wish to have your water setted, information on lead in drinking water, tening methods, and strong you can take to minimize exposure it available from the

http://www.pa.gov/safowater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead feeting for \$10 per sample. Please contact 501.575.7582 if you wish to have your water tested. All sources of dirighting water are which.

samination by obstances that we manually occurring or man mad. These substances can be microbes, incomparor organic shemicals and realise microbes and substances. All drinking water, including best and around of some comminants. The presence of contamination does not accomlinated. The presence of contamination does not seem of manuals. The presence of contamination does not seem of the presence of contamination does not seem of the presence of the presence of contamination does not seem of the presence of contamination does not seem of the matter above. be obtained by calling the Environmental Processive Agency's fair Funkting Meet Chine at 1,850-4,6-4,79. Some people may be more vitherable to Contaminate in smining water than the general-proposal contamination of the processive of the processiv

The Hayes Creek Water Association works around to clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask it all our customers help us protect our water sources, whi are the beart of our community, our way of life and o culture, tuner.

THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT:

ID #0490004, ID #0490017, ID and #0490018 customers were informed of availability of CCR on our May water bills. Copies of these reports are also on file at the Winona Public Library, and at Hayes Creek Water Association office.

ID #0490016, ID #0490019, ID #0490020 and ID#0490023 customers were informed of availability of CCR on our May water bills, and advertised in our local paper (The Winona Times), as the population of these three ID numbers exceed 500. Copies of these reports are also on file at the Winona Public Library, and at Hayes Creek Water Association office.

CERTIFICATION

I hereby certify that a consumer confidence report (CCR) has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in the form and manner identified above. I further certify that the information included in this CCR if true and correct and is consistent with the water quality monitoring data provided to the public water system officials by the Mississippi State Department of Health, Division of Water Supply.

James R. Bennett, President Hayes Creek Water Association

Deliver payment to:

Hayes Creek Water Assn. 703 Summit St Winona, MS 38967 662-283-3506

FIRST-CLASS MAIL US POSTAGE PAID MAILED FROM ZIP CODE 38967 PERMIT # 3

			Return
	Previous Balance:	0.00	Billed: 06/2
Water	Used: 1600	18.80	Dillog. 00/2
Prev	24500 Pres: 26100		18.80 P

Return this portion with payment

Billed: 06/25/10

18.80 PAID BY BANK DRAFT

Total New Charges

18.80

18.80 PAID BY BANK DRAFT

Acct# 00220

MRS. JACK SYKES SVC:05/12/10-06/16/10 (35 days) Acct# 00220

CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT AT OFFICE. OFFICE CLOSED JULY 5TH.

MRS. JACK SYKES WINONA COON HUNTERS ASSOC. Winona MS 99999-9999

LITUINED-WATER SUPPLY

2010 JUN 28 PM 3: 26

June 1, 2010

Mississippi State Health Department P. O. Box 1700 Jackson, MS 39215-1700

Dear Sir:

Enclosed you will find a copy of the Customer Confidence Report required by MSDH for I. D. #(s) 0490004,# 0490016,# 0490017,# 0490018, #040019, #0490020, and #0490023 .

We have also enclosed a copy of our bills, with notice to all of our customers, that these reports are available at our office. We also published a copy of ID #0490016, ID #0490019, ID #0490020 & ID #0490023 in the local newspaper—The Winona Times, and have enclosed a "proof of publication", as required. These four ID numbers have a population over 500.

I hope this is all to your specifications. If I can be of further assistance, please call.

Yours truly,

Ramona Moulder, Secretary Hayes Creek Water Association 703 Summit St.

Ramona Moulder

Winona, MS 38967

2010 JUN 28 PM 3: 26

COVER SHEET

HAYES CREEK WATER ASSOCIATION CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT JUNE 2010

WELL I. D. NUMBERS

#0490004

#0490016

#0490017

#0490018

#0490019

#0490020

#0490023

COPIES AVAILABLE TO CUSTOMERS AT

Hayes Creek Water Association

703 Summit St.

Winona, Mississippi

Name of system: Hayes Creek Water Association

System PWS ID#(s) #490004 and #490018

Do you purchase water (X)Yes ()No

If yes, from System Name: Winona Public Utility

System ID # 490010

Contact person is: Philip Patridge

Phone #:

(662) 283-2161

2nd Monday of every month, at 6 P.M., at Hayes Regular meetings are scheduled:

Creek Water Association Office, 703 Summit St., Winona,

MS 38967

We do not treat with fluoride.

Our systems did not have any violations in 2009.

Our systems source water assessment program has been completed, and is rated "Lower" Susceptibility to contamination.

Person to contact at this system is: Ramona Moulder, Office Manager

(662) 283-3506

Date: 6 - 25 - 10

System Name:

Hayes Creek Water Association

ID # 490004 Mission Rd.

ID #490018 Legion Lake Rd.

Lamona Moulder

System PWS ID#(s)_#0490016, #0490017, #0490019, #0490020, and #0490023
Do you purchase water ()Yes (X) No
If yes, from System Name: _Winona Public Utility
System ID #:_490010
Contact person is: Philip Patridge Phone: (662) 283-2161
Regular meetings are scheduled: 2 nd Monday of every month, at 6 P.M., at Hayes Creek Water Association, 703 Summit St., Winona, MS 38967.
We do not treat with fluoride
Our system did not have any violations in 2009.
Our systems source water assessment program has been completed, and is rated "Lower" susceptibility to contamination.
Person to contact at this system is : Ramona Moulder Phone: (662) 283-3506
Date: 6-25-10
System Name: Hayes Creek Water Assoc. Minerva I Well #0490016 New Liberty Well #0490017 Lodi Well #0490019 Alva Well #0490020 Minerva II Well #0490023
Signature: Tamona Mouldus
Ramona Moulder, Secretary