2010 JUL -2 AM 9: 08



MISSISSIPPI STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

BUREAU OF PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY

CALENDAR YEAR 2009 CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT CERTIFICATION FORM

Harmony Water Association, Inc.
Public Water Supply Name

120005#2#3 120018 120028 120016#2#3#4

List PWS ID #s for all Water Systems Covered by this CCR

The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act requires each *community* public water system to develop and distribute a consumer confidence report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the public water system, this CCR must be mailed to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request.

Please	Answer the Foli	owing Questions Regarding the	Consumer Confidence Report									
[]	Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)											
	X 0 0	Advertisement in local paper On water bills Other										
	Date custome	ers were informed: 6 / 30/										
	CCR was dis	tributed by mail or other dire	ct delivery. Specify other direct delivery methods:									
	Date Mailed/Da	stributed: / /										
O	CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)											
	Name of Newspaper: The Clarke County Tribune											
	Date Published	6 / 30 10										
C	CCR was poste	d in public places. (Attach list of	locations)									
	Date Posted:	<u>/ /</u>										
l _{mi}	CCR was poste	d on a publicly accessible interne	et site at the address: www									
<u>CERTI</u>	FICATION											
consiste	nt with the wa	enuneu above. I further certif	R) has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in that the information included in this CCR is true and correct and is vided to the public water system officials by the Mississippi State									
Q//	avenete	Resident, 7/1/8	010									
[yu me/]	Title (Presfdent,	Mayor, Owner, etc.)	Date									
	Mail Co	mpleted Form to: Bureau of Pu Pho	blic Water Supply/P.O. Box 1700/Jackson, MS 39215 ne: 601-576-7518									

6120005. Park

> deposits; runoff from orchards; runoff from glass and electronics production wastes

Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Harmony Water Association, Inc. June, 2010

We're very pleased to provide you with this year's Annual Water Quality Report. We want to keep you informed about the excellent water and services we have delivered to you over the past year. Our goal is and always has been, to provide to you a safe and dependable supply of drinking water.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identify potential sources of contamination. The general susceptibility rankings assigned to each well of this system are provided immediately below. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request.

We're pleased to report that our drinking water meets all federal and state requirements.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Daniel Dearman at 601-776-2593 or 118 Long Blvd. Quitman. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the third Monday of every month at 4:30 PM at the Harmony Water Association office, and our annual meeting is held the third Monday of October. You will receive a notice of location and time.

Harmony Water Association routinely monitors for 154 constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2009. As water travels over the land or underground, it can pick up substances or contaminants such as microbes, inorganic and organic chemicals, and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily pose a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions.

Maximum Contaminant Level - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Action Level- The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers water treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow. Treatment Technique(TT)- A treatment technique is a required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

TEST RESULTS

PWS # 120005 Well #2 & #3 - Harmony Well - Sparta Sand Aquifer. Moderate susceptibility to contamination

Contaminant Violation Date Level Range of Unit MCLG MCL Likely Source of Y/N Collected Detected Detects or Measurement Contamination # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL **Radioactive Contaminants** 4. Beta/photon 2002* 0.80 No Range PCi/l 0 Decay of natural and manmitters made deposits 5. Alpha emitters 2002* 1.0 No Range PCi/1 0 Erosion of natural deposits **Inorganic Contaminants** 7. Antimony .0005 1 Ppb 6 Discharge from petroleum 2007* refineries; fire retardants; ceramics; electronics; solder 3. Arsenic #3 2007* .0005 N No Range Ppb N/A Erosion of natural #2 2006* .796

.0, Barium #3 #2	N	2007* 2006*	.008483 .008072	No Range	ppm	2 ;	2	Discharge of drilling wastes: discharge from metal refineries: erosion of natural deposits
1. Beryllium #3	N	2007*	.0001	No Range	Ppb	4	4	Discharge from metal refineries and coal-burning factories: discharge from electrical, aerospace, and defense industries
2. Cadmium #3	N	2007*	.0001	No Range	Ppb	5	5	Corrosion of galvanized pipes: erosion of natural deposits: discharge from metal refineries: runoff from waste batteries and paints
3. Chromium #3 #2	N	2007* 2006*	.0005 .002419	No Range	ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
4. Copper	N	2008*	0.1	0	ppm	13	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
.6. Fluoride #3 #2	N	2007* 2006*	.206 .259622	O	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
7. Lead	N	2008*	2	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
8. Mercury #3 inorganic)	N	2007*	.0002	No Range	Ppb	2	2	Erosion of natural deposits: discharge from refineries and factories: runoff from landfills: runoff from cropland
9. Nitrate(as #3 Vitrogen)	N	2009	2	No Range	Ppm	10	10	Runoff from fertilizer use: leaching from septic tanks, sewage: erosion of natural deposits
20. Nitrite (as #3 Nitrogen)	N	2009	.05	No Range	Ppm	1	1	Runoff from fertilizer use: leaching from septic tanks, sewage: erosion of natural deposits
21.Selenium #3 #2	N	2007* 2006*	.000626	No Range	ppb	50	50	Discharge from petroleum and metal refineries: erosion of natural deposits: Discharge from mines
22. Thallium #3	N	2007*	.0005	0	Ppm	2 2		Leaching from ore-processing sites: discharge from electronics, glass, and drug factories
Disinfectant	By Pro	ducts						
73. TTHM Total rihalomethanes]	N	2008*	1.23	None	ppb	0	100	By-product of drinking water chlorination

. -

HAA5	N	2004*	.024	No Range	ppm	0	060		By-product of drinking water chlorination
Chlorine(asCl2)	N	2009	1.02	0.51 1.02	MG/l	N/A		4	Water Additives; used to control microbes

Volatile Organic Contaminants

76. Xylenes #3	N	2009	5	No Range	daa		10	10	Discharge from petroleum
що.		20064	000	110111111111111111111111111111111111111	PPO		10 :	10	Discharge from perroleum
#2		2006*	.882						factories; discharge from
				i					chemical factories
*Most Recent Sample Results Available									

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Harmony Water Association is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerened about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing for \$10 per sample. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

Some People may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

Please call our office if you have questions.

We at Harmony Water Association work hard to provide quality water at every tap. We ask that all customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

ANNUAL DRINKING WATER QUALITY REPORT JUNE 2010 HARMONY WATER ASSOCIATION, INC.

We're very pleased to provide you with this year's Annual Water Quality Report. We want to keep you informed about the excellent water and services we have delivered to you over the past year. Our goal is and always has been, to provide to you a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identified potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request.

We're pleased to report that our drinking water meets all federal and state requirements.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Daniel Dearman at 601-776-2593 or 118 Long Blvd. Quitman. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the third Monday of every month at 4:30 PM at the Harmony Water Association office, and our annual meeting is held the third Monday of October. You will receive a notice of location and time

Harmony Water Association routinely monitors for 154 constituents in your drinking water according to federal and state laws. This table shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2009. As water travels over the land or underground, it can pick up substances or contaminants such as microbes, inorganic and organic chemicals, and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily pose a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions.

Maximum Contaminant Level - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Ш					moderate suc	ST RESUL	e#-Sparta San contamination TS		
	ntaminant	Violati Y/N	Collecte			x Measurerr les	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
1.4	adioactiv Beta/photon itters	e Conta	2002	0.80	No Range	PCM	1 6		
5.	Alpha emitter		2002		No Range	PCI/1	0	5	made deposits
HP.	organic (Antimony	Contami	nants				, ,		15 Erosion of natural o
	rsenic #3	1		.0005	1 1	Ppb	6	The second	6 Discharge from refineries; fire retarda ceramics; electronics;
	#2	N	2007*	.0005 .796	No Range	Ppb	N/A	5	Erosion of natural deposits; runoff from orchards; runoff from glass and electronics
	Banum #3 #2	N ,	2007* 2006*	.00848 .00807		ppm	1 1		production wastes Discharge of drilling discharge from metal refines; erosion of numbers.
11. E	3eryllium #3	N	2007*	.0001	No Range	Ppb	4	4	deposits Discharge from metal
12. C	admium #3	N	2007*	.0001	No Range	6.			refineries and coal-bun factories: discharge fro electrical, aerospace, a defense industries
13 C	tromium #3	N				Ppb	5	5	Corrosion of galvanize pipes: erosion of nature deposits: discharge froi metal refineries: runoff waste batteries and pai
	#2	"	2007* 2006*	.0005 .002419	No Range	ppb	100	10	Discharge from steel
14. C	opper	N	2008*	0.1	0	ppm	3	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	mills; erosion of natural deposits
16. Fi	uoride #3 #2	N	2007*	.206	0	ppm			.3 Corrosion of house plumbing systems; eros natural deposits; leachir rom wood preservatives
7. Le		N	2006*	.259622					Erosion of natural deporture additive which sometimes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer alluminum factories
			2000	2	0	ppb	0	AL	Corresion of househo
norga		N	2007*	.0002	No Range	Ppb	2	2 d fr	atural deposits Erosion of natural depischarge from refineries actories: runoff from indfills: runoff from ropland
9. Nitr itroge	ate(as #3 n)	N	2009	2	No Range	Ppm	10	10 le	Runoff from fertilizer u aching from septic tanks swage: erosion of natura
. Nitri	ite (as #3	N	2009	.05	No Range	Ppm		O	posits
troger	nium #3				•	, P, III		1 96	Runoff from fertilizer u sching from septic tanks wage: erosion of natura posits
-SGC	#2			000626 002070	No Range	ppb	50	pe rei na	ischarge from troleum and metal ineries: erosion of tural deposits:
.Tha	Hium #3	N	2007*	.0005	0	Ppm	2	Le site	charge from mines Offing from ore-process st discharge from ctronics, glass, and drug
sinf	ectant B							fac	lories
lal	thanes]			024 1	None No Range	ppb ppm	0	chic	By-product of drinking warrination
xine(i	esCt2)	N 2	009	GALLET SE	0.51 1.02	MG/I	N/A	4 W	By-product of drinking rination ater Additives; used to rol microbes
olati	le Organ	l nic Cont	aminant	s					
Xylen		N 12	1 900		o Range				

PROOF OF PUBLICATION

STATE OF MISSISSIPPI COUNTY OF CLARKE

Before me, the undersigned authority in and for said county of Clarke, legal clerk of The Clarke County Tribune, a newspaper published in the City of Quitman, County of Clarke, Mississippi, being duly sworn says that the notice, a copy of which is hereto attached, was published in said newspaper as follows, to-wit:

Dated	- 30 ₂₀ 0	
Dated	20	The Clarke County Tribune
Dated	20	By: Worgman
Dated	20	
Printer's Fee: Proof of Pub: TOTAL:		Sworn to and subscribed before me, the said Notary Public as aforesaid, do certify that the newspaper containing said notice has been produced before me and compared with the copy here-to attached and that the same is correct and truly made. Given under my hand and the seal of said county, this the 2010. Notary Public Notary Public