

RECEIVED-WATER SUPPLY  
2009 JUN 29 AM 10:51

APPROVED

**BUREAU OF PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY**

**CALENDAR YEAR 2008 CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT  
CERTIFICATION FORM**

Dumas - Pine Grove Water Assn.  
Public Water Supply Name

0700012  
List PWS ID #s for all Water Systems Covered by this CCR

The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act requires each *community* public water system to develop and distribute a consumer confidence report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the public water system, this CCR must be mailed to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request.

**Please Answer the Following Questions Regarding the Consumer Confidence Report**

- Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: *(Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)*
  - Advertisement in local paper
  - On water bills
  - Other \_\_\_\_\_

Date customers were informed: 6/20/09

- CCR was distributed by mail or other direct delivery. Specify other direct delivery methods:

Date Mailed/Distributed:  / /

- CCR was published in local newspaper. *(Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)*

Name of Newspaper: The Southern Sentinel

Date Published: 6/20/09

- CCR was posted in public places. *(Attach list of locations)*

Date Posted:  / /

- CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the address: www. \_\_\_\_\_

**CERTIFICATION**

I hereby certify that a consumer confidence report (CCR) has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in the form and manner identified above. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true and correct and is consistent with the water quality monitoring data provided to the public water system officials by the Mississippi State Department of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply.

Jimmy Hill Secretary  
Name/Title (President, Mayor, Owner, etc.)

6-25-09  
Date

Mail Completed Form to: Bureau of Public Water Supply/P.O. Box 1700/Jackson, MS 39215  
Phone: 601-576-7518

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***The CCR must be delivered to your customers and to the Bureau of Public Water Supply by July 1 of each year.***

Delivery requirements are indicated below. Please note that it is based on population not customers.

Population < 500 – Mail copy of CCR to each customer or notify customers via mail, door to door delivery or posting in appropriate location of the availability of the CCR.

Population < 10,000 - Mail or direct deliver a copy of CCR to each customer. You may forego mailout and publish in one or more local papers serving the area; however, you must inform your customers that the CCR will not be mailed to them. You may state this in the report published in the paper or place a statement on the water bill that the CCR will be published in your local paper.

Population > 10,000 - Mail or direct deliver a copy of CCR to each customer.

Population > 100,000 - Mail or direct deliver a copy of CCR to each customer and post on website.

A CCR Certification Form is enclosed. Complete this form and return to MSDH no later than October 1, 2009. Failure to submit this form will result in a violation. **To avoid any confusion, you should complete this form and send to MSDH along with a copy of your CCR by the July 1, 2009, CCR report deadline.**

The CCR Rule requires you to follow a particular format and include specific contents. Simply mailing a copy of all your results to your customers is not acceptable and will result in a violation. **This violation will count off on the capacity assessment score.** You are encouraged to visit the following website and use it to prepare your report.

[www.ccriwriter.com](http://www.ccriwriter.com)

## Annual Drinking Water Quality Report

### Dumas-Pine Grove Water Association

#### PWS#: 0700012 - June 4, 2009

We're very pleased to provide you with this year's Annual Water Quality Report. We want to keep you informed about the excellent water and services we have delivered to you over the past year. Our goal is and always has been, to provide to you a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. Our water source is three wells which draw from the Coffee Sand Aquifer.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identified potential sources of contamination. The general susceptibility rankings assigned to each well of this system are provided immediately below. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. Our wells received a moderate susceptibility ranking to contamination.

I'm pleased to report that our drinking water meets all federal and state requirements.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Jimmy Hill at 662-837-9022. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend a special meeting on July 14, 2009 at the Dumas Community Center. The meeting will be held at 6:00 p.m..

The Dumas-Pine Grove Water Association routinely monitors for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2008. As water travels over the land or underground, it can pick up substances or contaminants such as microbes, inorganic and organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily pose a health risk.

**Action Level**-the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirement which a water system must follow.

**Treatment Technique-(TT)** A treatment technique is a required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

**Maximum Contaminant Level** -The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

**Maximum Contaminant Level Goal**-The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

**MRDL**: Maximum residual disinfectant level. The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

**Parts per million (ppm)** - Milligrams per liter (mg/L).

**Parts per billion (ppb)** - Micrograms per liter (ug/L).

#### TEST RESULTS

Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of samples exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measurement	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
<b>Disinfectants &amp; Disinfection By-Products</b>								
(There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.)								
Chlorine (as Cl <sub>2</sub> ) (ppm)	N	2008	.55	.52-.70	Ppm	4	4	Water additive used to control microbes
<b>Inorganic Contaminants</b>								
Barium	N	*2005	.103	.086-.103	Ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
Copper	N	2008	.4	.1-.4	ppm	1.3	AL = 1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
Lead	N	2008	1/0	.02-1.0	ppb	0	AL = 15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits
Chromium	N	*2005	6.7	1.7-6.7	Ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits

### Disinfectants & Disinfection By-Products

(There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.)

Total Haloacetic Acids (HAAs)	N	*2007	1.1	n/a	Ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination
Chlorine (as Cl <sub>2</sub> ) (ppm)	N	2008	.57	.51-.57	Ppm	4	4	Water additive used to control microbes
Chromium	N	*2005	6.7	1.7-6.7	Ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits

\* **Most recent sample. No sample required in 2008.**

\*\*\*\*\*A MESSAGE FROM MSDH CONCERNING RADIOLOGICAL SAMPLING\*\*\*\*\*

In accordance with the Radionuclides Rule, all community public water supplies were required to sample quarterly for radionuclides beginning January 2007 - December 2007. Your public water supply completed sampling by the scheduled deadline; however, during an audit of the Mississippi State Department of Health Radiological Health Laboratory, the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) suspended analyses and reporting of radiological compliance samples and results until further notice.

Although this was not the result of inaction by the public water supply, MSHD was required to issue a violation. The Bureau of Public Water Supply is taking action to resolve this issue as quickly as possible. If you have any questions, please contact Melissa Parker, Deputy Director, Bureau of Public Water Supply, at 601-576-7518.

\*\*\*\*\*ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR LEAD\*\*\*\*\*

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant woman and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing for \$10 per sample. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1-800-426-4791.

Your CCR will not be mailed to you, however you can obtain by calling (662) 837-9022.

# Annual Drinking Water Quality Report

Dumas-Pine Grove Water Association Inc.

PWS ID: 0700012

June 4, 2009

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