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#### **BUREAU OF PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY**

## CALENDAR YEAR 2008 CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT CERTIFICATION FORM

540013
List PWS ID #s for all Water Systems Covered by this CCR

Commuc	ederal Safe Drinking Water Act requires each <i>community</i> public water system to develop and distribute a consumer ence report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the public water system, this CCR is mailed to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request.
Please	Answer the Following Questions Regarding the Consumer Confidence Report
	Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)  Advertisement in local paper On water bills Other
	Date customers were informed: <u>06/01/09</u>
	CCR was distributed by mail or other direct delivery. Specify other direct delivery methods:
1	Date Mailed/Distributed:/_/
	CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)
	Name of Newspaper: Southwar Reporter
	Date Published:/_/
	CCR was posted in public places. (Attach list of locations)
	Date Posted:/_/
	CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the address: www
CERTI	FICATION
consiste	r certify that a consumer confidence report (CCR) has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in and manner identified above. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true and correct and is not with the water quality monitoring data provided to the public water system officials by the Mississippi State ment of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply.
Koge Name/I	Title (President, Mayor, Owner, etc.)  6-4-09  Date
O	Mail Completed Form to: Bureau of Public Water Supply/P.O. Box 1700/Jackson, MS 39215 Phone: 601-576-7518

# PROOF OF PUBLICATION OF NOTICE

## State of Mississippi Panola County

Having personally appeared before me, the undersigned Authority, in and for the County and State aforesaid, David Howell, who being by me first duly sworn, states on oath that he is, as manager, a representative of

#### The Southern Reporter

a newspaper published in the City of SARDIS, in the First Judicial District of Panola County, State of Mississippi, and that the publication of the notice, a copy of which is hereto attached, has been run in said paper one (1) time as follows:

Vol. 154, No. 36, On the 4th day of June, 2009

and that said newspaper was established more than twelve (12) months prior to the date of the first publication of said notice.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 4th day of June, 2009.

David Howell

Notary Public

Charlotte Howel

MISSISSIPPI STATEWIDE NOTARY PUBLIC MY COMMISSION EXPIRES FEB. 27, 2010 BONDED THRU STEGALL NOTARY SERVICE

# Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Mt. Olivet Water Association PWS ID #0540013 May 22, 2009

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Water Quality Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is two wells, drawing from the Tallahatta Formation Aquifer.

Our, source water assessment, has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identify potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells have received a moderate susceptibility ranking to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Donald Phelps at 662-563-5499. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on first Monday of each month at 7:00 p.m.at the Mt.Olivet Fire Department.

Mt. Olivet Water Association Water System routinely monitors for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1st December 31st, 2008. As water travels over the land or underground, it can pick up substances or contamination such as microbes, inorganic and organic chemicals, and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily pose a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Treatment Technique (TT) - A treatment technique is a required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Maximum Contaminant Level - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

				TEST RESU	JLTS			
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measurement	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source o Contamination
BOTT OF T	text no	again	Mark!	Inorganic Cont	aminants			note 191 JOC Cour
Arsenic	N	*2006	2.9	No-range	Ppb	n/a	50	Erosion of natural deposits runoff from orchards; runof from glass and electronic production wastes
Copper	N Ho	2008	2	2 of Block Au II	ppm	1.3	AL=1. 3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
Lead	N	2008	2.0	1.0-2.0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Barium	N	*2006	.016	No-range	Ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling waster discharge from met refineries; erosion of natural deposits
Selenium	N	*2006	.6	No-range	ppb	50	50	Discharge from petroleum an metal refineries; erosion o natural deposits; discharge from mines
	00000	7-7-1	V	olatile Organic (	Contamina	nts		ESECUE SO HEN
HAA5	N	*2007	1.1	No-range	Ppm	0	.060	By-product of drinking water chlorination

\*Most recent sample. No sample was required in 2008.

#### \*\*\* A message from MSDH concerning radiological sampling \*\*\*

In accordance with the Radionuclides Rule, all community public water supplies were required to sample quarterly for radionuclides beginning January 2007- December 2007. Your public water supply completed sampling by the scheduled deadline; however, during an audit of the Ms. State Department of Health Radiological Health Laboratory, the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) suspended analyses and reporting of radiological compliance samples and results until further notice.

Although this was not the result of inaction by the public water supply, MSHD was required to issue a violation. The Bureau of Public Water Supply is taking action to resolve this issue as quickly as possible. If you have any questions, please contact Melissa Parker, Deputy Director, Bureau of Public Water Supply, at 601-576-7518.

#### \*\*\*Additional Information for Lead\*\*\*

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Mt Olivet Water Association is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <a href="http://www.cpa.gov/safewater/lead">http://www.cpa.gov/safewater/lead</a>. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing for \$10 per sample. Please contact 601-576-7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of comaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk-contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 3-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immunocompromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergoine organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Holline (800-426-4791).

Your CCR will not be mailed to you however; you may obtain a copy from the water office. Please call 662-563-5189 if you have any questions.

WALDUTVATLWATER ASS'N P.O. BOX 134

BATESVILLE, MS 38606 THIS BILL IS NOW DUE AND PAYABLE

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GRAVES OIL COMPANY

P O BOX 112 BATESVILLE, MS 38606

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MRDL: Maximum residual disinfectant level. The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants

				TEST RESI	ULTS			
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	(There is co	onvincing e	vidence that	Disinfectants & Disinfect	ion By-Produc	ts		
Chlorine (as Cl2) (ppm)	N	2008	.94	addition of a disinfectant  .92—1.0	Ppm Ppm	control of	microbi 4	Water additive used to
			*****	Inorganic Cont	aminanta	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	control microbes
Arsenic	N	*2006	2.9	No-range		Y	· <del>/</del>	
~			2.5	ino-tailge	Ppb	n/a	50	Erosion of natural deposits; runoff from orchards; runoff from glass and electronics
Copper	N	2008	.2	o	ppm	1.3	3	production wastes Corrosion of household plumbing systems; crosion of natural deposits; leaching from
ead	N	2008	2.0	1.0-2.0	ppb	0		wood preservatives Corrosion of household
) - ··								plumbing systems, erosion of
Sarium Selenium	N	*2006	.016	No-range	Ppm	2	2	natural deposits  Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural
etenium	N	*2006	.6	No-range	ppb	50	,	deposits  Discharge from petroleum and metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits; discharge from mines
			Vol	latile Organic Co	ntaminon	te		nom mates
IAA5 Ost recent san		1	1.1	No-range			.060	By-product of drinking water chlorination

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