

2009 JUL 25 AM 8:22

APPROVED

BUREAU OF PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY

**CALENDAR YEAR 2008 CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT
CERTIFICATION FORM**

BCM Water Association
Public Water Supply Name

470106
List PWS ID #s for all Water Systems Covered by this CCR

The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act requires each *community* public water system to develop and distribute a consumer confidence report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the public water system, this CCR must be mailed to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request.

Please Answer the Following Questions Regarding the Consumer Confidence Report

Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: *(Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)*

- Advertisement in local paper
- On water bills *(June bills)*
- Other _____

Date customers were informed: 6/12/09

CCR was distributed by mail or other direct delivery. Specify other direct delivery methods:

Date Mailed/Distributed: / /

CCR was published in local newspaper. *(Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)*

Name of Newspaper: New Albany Gazette

Date Published: 6/12/09

CCR was posted in public places. *(Attach list of locations)*

Date Posted: / /

CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the address: www. _____

CERTIFICATION

I hereby certify that a consumer confidence report (CCR) has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in the form and manner identified above. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true and correct and is consistent with the water quality monitoring data provided to the public water system officials by the Mississippi State Department of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply.

Larry J. Murphy, Operator D-00313
Name/Title (President, Mayor, Owner, etc.)

6/23/09
Date

Mail Completed Form to: Bureau of Public Water Supply/P.O. Box 1700/Jackson, MS 39215
Phone: 601-576-7518

Proof of Publication

State of Mississippi,
County of Union

PERSON: Y APPEARED before me, the undersigned, a notary public in and for UNION County,

Mississippi, the Publisher of The New Albany Gazette, a newspaper published in the City of New Albany, Union County, in said state, who, being duly sworn, deposes and says that the NEW ALBANY GAZETTE is a newspaper as defined and prescribed in Senate Bill No. 203 enacted at the regular session of the Mississippi Legislature of 1948, amending Section 1858, of the Mississippi Code of 1942, and that the publication of a notice, of which the annexed is a copy, in

the matter of Cause No. _____

has been made in said newspaper 1 times consecutively, to-wit:

On the 12 day of June, 2009

On the _____ day of _____, 20____

On the _____ day of _____, 20____

On the _____ day of _____, 20____

SWORN TO and subscribed before me, this

12 day of June, 2009

[Signature]
Notary Public

BOOKKEEPER

Title

RECEIVED OF _____
payment in full of the above account.



June 18, 2009

THE NEW ALBANY GAZETTE

By T. Wayne Mitchell

New Albany, Miss., _____, 20____

To THE NEW ALBANY GAZETTE Dr.

Re: Publishing _____

case of _____

_____ Cause No. _____

Amt. Due \$ _____

Annual Drinking Water Quality Report

BCM Water Association, 470106

June 8, 2009

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Water Quality Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is from one (1) well located at 27 Broadway Rd. in eastern Marshall County, which draws water from the Lower Wilcox aquifer.

I'm pleased to report that our drinking water meets all federal and state requirements.

This report shows our water quality and what it means.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact **Larry Murphree, Operator, at 534-9645**. We want our meetings to be held on the second **Thursday** of each month at 7:00 pm at the meeting room at the well site.

BCM Water Association routinely monitors for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table shows the results of our monitoring for the period of **January 1st to December 31st, 2008**. As water travels over the land or underground, it can pick up substances or contaminants such as microbes, inorganic and organic chemicals, and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily pose a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

- Non-Detect (ND)** - Laboratory analysis indicates that the constituent is not present.
- Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/L)** - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.
- Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter (µg/L)** - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.
- Parts per trillion (ppt) or Nanograms per liter (nanogram/L)** - one part per trillion corresponds to one minute in 2,000,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000,000.
- Parts per quadrillion (ppq) or Picograms per liter (picogram/L)** - one part per quadrillion corresponds to one minute in 2,000,000,000 years or one penny in \$10,000,000,000,000.
- Radiation per liter (pCi/L)** - picocuries per liter is a measure of the radioactivity in water.
- Millirem per year (mrem/yr)** - measure of radiation absorbed by the body.
- Million Fibers per Liter (MFL)** - million fibers per liter is a measure of the presence of asbestos fibers that are longer than 10 micrometers.
- Nephelometric Turbidity Unit (NTU)** - nephelometric turbidity unit is a measure of the clarity of water. Turbidity in excess of 5 NTU is just noticeable to the average person.
- Variances & Exemptions (V&E)** - State or EPA permission not to meet an MCL or a treatment technique under certain conditions.
- Action Level** - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.
- Treatment Technique (TT)** - A treatment technique is a required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.
- Maximum Contaminant Level** - The Maximum Allowed (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.
- Maximum Contaminant Level Goal** - The Goal (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

TEST RESULTS

Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Dates or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/AQL	Unit Measurement	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Microbiological Contaminants								
1. Total Coliform Bacteria	N	MONTHLY	0	0		0	presence of coliform bacteria in 5% of monthly samples	Naturally present in the environment
Inorganic Contaminants								
2. Antimony	N	9/4/06	0.0005	0	µm	0.005	0.005	Discharge from petroleum refineries; fire retardants; ceramics; electronics; solder
3. Arsenic	N	9/4/06	0.0005	0	µm	n/a	0.05	Erosion of natural deposits; runoff from carsheds; runoff from glass and electronics production wastes
10. Barium	N	9/4/06	0.010832	0	µm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
11. Beryllium	N	9/4/06	0.0001	0	µm	0.004	0.004	Discharge from metal refineries and coal-burning factories; discharge from electrical, aerospace, and defense industries
12. Cadmium	N	9/4/06	0.0001	0	µm	0.005	0.005	Corrosion of galvanized pipes; erosion of natural deposits; discharge from metal refineries; runoff from waste batteries and paints
13. Chromium	N	9/4/06	0.002459	0	µm	0.1	0.1	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	8/11/08	0.4	0	µm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits
15. Cyanide	N	3/5/06	0.005	0	µm	0.2	0.2	Discharge from steel/metal factories; discharge from plastic and fertilizer factories
16. Fluoride	N	9/4/06	0.696	0	µm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17. Lead	N	8/11/08	0.2	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits
18. Mercury (inorganic)	N	9/4/06	0.0002	0	Ppm	0.002	0.002	Erosion of natural deposits; discharge from refineries and factories; runoff from handoffs; runoff from cropland
19. Nitrate (as Nitrogen)	N	6/23/08	0.08	0	µm	10	10	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits
20. Nitrate (as Nitrogen)	N	6/23/08	0.02	0	µm	1	1	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits
21. Selenium	N	9/4/06	0.0005	0	µm	0.05	0.05	Discharge from petroleum and metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits; discharge from mines
22. Thallium	N	9/4/06	0.0005	0	µm	0.05	0.002	Leaching from ore processing sites; discharge from electronics, glass, and drug factories

73. THM Total Trihalomethanes	N	8/28/07	0.0036	0	ppm	0	0.080	By-product of drinking water chlorination
Residual Acid HAA5			0.006				0.060	

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

Copies of this report are available at the office of Jackson & Creighton, CPA. Please call our office at 662-534-2271 if you have questions.

We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

Larry Murphree, Operator, D-00313

Directors: Talmadge Edwards, President, Robert Vaughn, Secretary Treasurer, James Shirley, Bill Rowland, Malcolm Rhea

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BCM Water Association, 470106

June 8, 2009

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- Picocuries per liter (pCi/L)* - picocuries per liter is a measure of the radioactivity in water.
- Millirems per year (mrem/yr)* - measure of radiation absorbed by the body.
- Million Fibers per Liter (MFL)* - million fibers per liter is a measure of the presence of asbestos fibers that are longer than 10 micrometers.
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Inorganic Contaminants								
7. Antimony	N	9/4/06	0.0005	0	ppm	0.006	0.006	Discharge from petroleum refineries; fire retardants; ceramics; electronics; solder
8. Arsenic	N	9/4/06	0.0005	0	ppm	n/a	0.05	Erosion of natural deposits; runoff from orchards; runoff from glass and electronics production wastes
10. Barium	N	9/4/06	0.010832	0	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
11. Beryllium	N	9/4/06	0.0001	0	ppm	0.004	0.004	Discharge from metal refineries and coal-burning factories; discharge from electrical, aerospace, and defense industries

12. Cadmium	N	9/4/06	0.0001	0	ppm	0.005	0.005	Corrosion of galvanized pipes; erosion of natural deposits; discharge from metal refineries; runoff from waste batteries and paints
13. Chromium	N	9/4/06	0.002459	0	ppm	0.1	0.1	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	8/11/08	0.4	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
15. Cyanide	N	3/5/06	0.005	0	ppm	0.2	0.2	Discharge from steel/metal factories; discharge from plastic and fertilizer factories
16. Fluoride	N	9/4/06	0.696	0	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17. Lead	N	8/11/08	0.2	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
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19. Nitrate (as Nitrogen)	N	6/23/08	0.08	0	ppm	10	10	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits
20. Nitrite (as Nitrogen)	N	6/23/08	0.02	0	ppm	1	1	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits
21. Selenium	N	9/4/06	0.0005	0	ppm	0.05	0.05	Discharge from petroleum and metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits; discharge from mines
22. Thallium	N	9/4/06	0.0005	0	ppm	0.05	0.002	Leaching from ore-processing sites; discharge from electronics, glass, and drug factories
23. THM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	8/28/07	0.0036	0	ppm	0	0.080	By-product of drinking water chlorination
Haloacetic Acids [HAAs]			0.006				0.060	
Residual Chlorine	N	Monthly	Min.- 0.48 Max- 1.12 Avg.- 0.74	0	ppm	NA	NA	Disinfectant added to water to control microbes.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. BCM Water association is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>. The Mississippi State Department of Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing for \$10 per sample. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

2008 CCR Contact Information

Date: 7/17/09 Time: 1:53

PWSID: 470106

System Name: BCM

Lead/Copper Language

MRDL Violation

MSDH Message re: Radiological Lab

Chlorine Residual (MRDL) RAA

Other Violation(s) _____

Will correct report & mail copy marked "corrected copy" to MSDH.

Will notify customers of availability of corrected report on next monthly bill.

Left a message on answering machine for my
Murphree to call me back regarding CCR.
662 234-3733.

WILL DO CORRECTED COPY AND NOTIFY CUSTOMERS OF AVAILABLE CORRECTED REPORT ON WATER BILL OR LETTER AND SEND US A COPY.

Call Back 2:49 pm

Spoke with Larry Murphree 662 234-3733
(Operator, Owner, Secretary)
=

470106

BCM WATER ASSOCIATION
 P.O. BOX 358
 NEW ALBANY, MS 38652
 (662) 534-2271

FIRST CLASS MAIL
 US POSTAGE
 PAID
 NEW ALBANY, MS
 PERMIT NO. 13

CUSTOMER ACCOUNT		PAY GROSS AMOUNT AFTER THIS DATE
ROUTE	ACCOUNT	
0	489	08 10 09
NET AMOUNT TO BE PAID		GROSS AMOUNT TO BE PAID
58.71		64.58

TYPE OF SERVICE	METER READING		USED	CHARGES
	PRESENT	PREVIOUS		
Wat	8075	8075	0	15.00
Past Due				38.37
Late Charge				5.34

Account #489 Meter 0190

METER READ MONTH DAY	CLASS	NET AMOUNT TO BE PAID	PAY EARLY SAVE THIS:	GROSS AMOUNT TO BE PAID
06 27 1		58.71	5.87	64.58
		0.00	TAX →	0.00
		58.71	OTHER →	64.58
			TOTAL →	

THIS AMOUNT NOW DUE AND PAYABLE →

08 Water Quality Report avail. Call 534-2271

Shands, Tom
 #21 Darden East
 1195 South Central
 New Albany, MS 38652

PLEASE BRING THIS ENTIRE BILL TO OFFICE OR MAIL THIS STUB WITH YOUR PAYMENT