

601-576-7822

APPROVED

BUREAU OF PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY
CALENDAR YEAR 2008 CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT
CERTIFICATION FORM

Tallahala Water Assoc.
Public Water Supply Name

310019, 310001, 310016
List PWS ID #s for all Water Systems Covered by this CCR

The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act requires each *community* public water system to develop and distribute a consumer confidence report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the public water system, this CCR must be mailed to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request.

Please Answer the Following Questions Regarding the Consumer Confidence Report

- Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: *(Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)*
 - Advertisement in local paper
 - On water bills
 - Other _____

Date customers were informed: ___ / ___ / ___

- CCR was distributed by mail or other direct delivery. Specify other direct delivery methods:

Date Mailed/Distributed: 6/29/09

- CCR was published in local newspaper. *(Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)*

Name of Newspaper: _____

Date Published: ___ / ___ / ___

- CCR was posted in public places. *(Attach list of locations)*

Date Posted: ___ / ___ / ___

- CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the address: www. _____

CERTIFICATION

I hereby certify that a consumer confidence report (CCR) has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in the form and manner identified above. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true and correct and is consistent with the water quality monitoring data provided to the public water system officials by the Mississippi State Department of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply.

Jamie Bankston / Secretary
Name/Title (President, Mayor, Owner, etc.)

6/26/09
Date

Mail Completed Form to: Bureau of Public Water Supply/P.O. Box 1700/Jackson, MS 39215
Phone: 601-576-7518

Tallahala Water Consumer Confidence Report

2009 pws:310019

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is from the Sparta Aquifer and Upper Wilcox.

We have a source water protection plan available from our office that provides more information such as potential sources of contamination. I'm pleased to report that our drinking water is safe and meets federal and state requirements. This report shows our water quality and what it means.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Mack Lee at 764-2655. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the first Tuesday of each month at 5:00 p.m. in our offices at 198 Hwy 528, Bay Springs, Mississippi.

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In accordance with the radionuclides rule, all community public water supplies were required to sample quarterly for radionuclides beginning Jan. 07 to Dec. 07. Your public water supply completed sampling by the scheduled deadline; however, during an audit of the msdh radiological health laboratory suspended analyses and reporting of radiological compliance sample and results until further notice. Although this was not the result of inaction by the public water supply, msdh was required to issue a violation. The Bureau of Public Water Supply is taking action to resolve this issue as quickly as possible. If you have any questions, please contact Melissa Parker, Deputy Director, Bureau of Public Water Supply, at 601-576-7518.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions

Non-Detects (ND) - laboratory analysis indicates that the constituent is not present.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

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Nephelometric Turbidity Unit (NTU) - nephelometric turbidity unit is a measure of the clarity of water. Turbidity in excess of 5 NTU is just noticeable to the average person.

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Treatment Technique (TT) - (mandatory language) A treatment technique is a required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Maximum Contaminant Level - (mandatory language) The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal - (mandatory language) The "Goal"(MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

TEST RESULTS

Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Level Detected	Unit Measurement	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Radioactive Contaminants						
Beta/positron emitters	N	0	Pci/l	0	0	Decay of natural and man-made soil
Inorganic Contaminants						
Nitrate	N	0.08	Mg/l		10	
Chromium	N	0	Mg/l		0	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits.
Sulfate	N	0	Mg/l		0	
Lead and Copper						
Lead	N	0	Mg/l		0.02	
Copper	N	0.06	Mg/l		1.3	

Tallahala Water Consumer Confidence Report

2009 pws:310016

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Inorganic Contaminants						
Nitrate	N	0.08	Mg/l		10	
Chromium	N	0	Mg/l		0	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits.
Sulfate	N	0	Mg/l		0	
Lead and Copper						
Lead	N	0	Mg/l		0.02	
Copper	N	0.78	Mg/l		1.3	

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Chromium	N	0	Mg/l		0	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits.
Sulfate	N	0	Mg/l		0	
Lead and Copper						
Lead	N	0	Mg/l		0.02	
Copper	N	0.78	Mg/l		1.3	

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2009 pws:310001

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If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Tallahala Water Association is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.Epa.Gov/safewater/lead>. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing for \$10 per sample. Please contact 601-576-7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

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Chromium	N	0	Mg/l		0	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits.
Sulfate	N	0	Mg/l		0	
Lead and Copper						
Lead	N	0	Mg/l		0.02	
Copper	N	0.78	Mg/l		1.3	
Contaminants						
Chlorine	N	4	1mg/l		1.5	

2008 CCR Contact Information

Date: 6/30/09 Time: 11:15

PWSID: 310001, 310016, 310019

System Name: Tallahalee

Lead/Copper Language

MSDH Message re: Radiological Lab

MRDL Violation

Chlorine Residual (MRDL) RAA

Other Violation(s) _____

Will correct report & mail copy marked "corrected copy" to MSDH.

Will notify customers of availability of corrected report on next monthly bill.

Will do Corrected Copy and Notify Customers
of Available Corrected Report on Water Bill
and Send up a Copy

Spoke with Mac
(Operator, Owner, Secretary)
=

601 675-0918
601 764-4775 Fax

2008 CCR Contact Information

Date: 6/30/09 Time: 11:15

PWSID: 310001, 310016, 310019

System Name: Tallahassee

Waiting of Fax

Lead/Copper Language

MSDH Message re: Radiological Lab

MRDL Violation

Chlorine Residual (MRDL) RAA

Other Violation(s) _____

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Will notify customers of availability of corrected report on next monthly bill.

Will do Corrected Copy and Notify Customers
of Available Corrected Report on Water Bill
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Spoke with Mac
(Operator, Owner, Secretary)

601 676-0918
601 764-4775 Fax

Jamie will fax over
31/16 + 31/19
Today 7/1/09
601 764-2655

lead 576-7822

RECEIVED

JUL 2 2009

BY _____

BUREAU OF PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY

**CALENDAR YEAR 2008 CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT
CERTIFICATION FORM**

Tallahala Water Assoc.
Public Water Supply Name

310019, 310001, 310016
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Jamie Bankston / Secretary
Name/Title (President, Mayor, Owner, etc.)

6/26/09
Date

Mail Completed Form to: Bureau of Public Water Supply/P.O. Box 1700/Jackson, MS 39215
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JUL 2 2009

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We have a source water protection plan available from our office that provides more information such as potential sources of contamination. I'm pleased to report that our drinking water is safe and meets federal and state requirements. This report shows our water quality and what it means.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Mack Lee at 764-2655. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the first Tuesday of each month at 5:00 p.m. in our offices at 198 Hwy 528, Bay Springs, Mississippi.

Tallahala Water Association routinely monitors for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2008. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily pose a health risk. We do not add fluoride to our water. We are pleased to announce we did not exceed the mch on any contaminants found in our water.

In accordance with the radionuclides rule, all community public water supplies were required to sample quarterly for radionuclides beginning jan. 07 to dec. 07. Your public water supply completed sampling by the scheduled deadline; however, during an audit of the msdh radiological health laboratory suspended analyses and reporting of radiological compliance sample and results until further notice. Although this was not the result of inaction by the public water supply, msdh was required to issue a violation. The Bureau of Public Water Supply is taking action to resolve this issue as quickly as possible. If you have any questions, please contact Melissa Parker, Deputy Director, Bureau of Public Water Supply, at 601-576-7518.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions

Non-Detects (ND) - laboratory analysis indicates that the constituent is not present.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

Parts per trillion (ppt) or Nanograms per liter (nanograms/l) - one part per trillion corresponds to one minute in 2,000,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000,000.

Parts per quadrillion (ppq) or Picograms per liter (picograms/l) - one part per quadrillion corresponds to one minute in 2,000,000,000 years or one penny in \$10,000,000,000,000.

Picocuries per liter (pCi/L) - picocuries per liter is a measure of the radioactivity in water.

Millirems per year (mrem/yr) - measure of radiation absorbed by the body.

Million Fibers per Liter (MFL) - million fibers per liter is a measure of the presence of asbestos fibers that are longer than 10 micrometers.

Nephelometric Turbidity Unit (NTU) - nephelometric turbidity unit is a measure of the clarity of water. Turbidity in excess of 5 NTU is just noticeable to the average person.

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Treatment Technique (TT) - (mandatory language) A treatment technique is a required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Maximum Contaminant Level - (mandatory language) The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal - (mandatory language) The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

TEST RESULTS						
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Level Detected	Unit Measurement	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Radioactive Contaminants						
Beta/Photon emitters	N	0	Pci/l	0	0	Decay of natural and man-made soil
Inorganic Contaminants						
Nitrate	N	0.08	Mg/l		10	
Chromium	N	0	Mg/l		0	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits.
Sulfate	N	0	Mg/l		0	
Lead and Copper						
Lead	N	0	Mg/l		0.02	
Copper	N	0.78	Mg/l		1.3	

Tallahala Water Consumer Confidence Report

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