

2009 JUN 17 9:33

APPROVED

BUREAU OF PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY

CALENDAR YEAR 2008 CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT CERTIFICATION FORM

East Chickasaw Water Assn.

Public Water Supply Name

0090002 / 0090012

List PWS ID #s for all Water Systems Covered by this CCR

The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act requires each community public water system to develop and distribute a consumer confidence report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the public water system, this CCR must be mailed to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request.

Please Answer the Following Questions Regarding the Consumer Confidence Report

Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)

- Advertisement in local paper
On water bills
Other

Date customers were informed: 6/3/09

CCR was distributed by mail or other direct delivery. Specify other direct delivery methods:

Date Mailed/Distributed: / /

CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)

Name of Newspaper: Okolona Messenger

Date Published: 6/3/09

CCR was posted in public places. (Attach list of locations)

Date Posted: / /

CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the address: www.

CERTIFICATION

I hereby certify that a consumer confidence report (CCR) has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in the form and manner identified above. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true and correct and is consistent with the water quality monitoring data provided to the public water system officials by the Mississippi State Department of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply.

Earl Carter
Name/Title (President, Mayor, Owner, etc.)

6/18/09
Date

Mail Completed Form to: Bureau of Public Water Supply/P.O. Box 1700/Jackson, MS 39215
Phone: 601-576-7518

East Chickasaw Water Assn., Inc.
Box 87
Okolona, Mississippi 38860

June 18, 2009

Mississippi Department of Health
Division Water Supply
P.O. Box 1700
Jackson, MS 39215

Transmitted herewith a copy of the CCR Report.

Cheryl Moore
Sec./Treasurer

EC/cm

East Chickasaw Water Assn., Inc.

Box 87

Okolona, Mississippi 38860

0090002

July 17, 2009

Mississippi Department of Health
 Division Water Supply
 P.O. Box 1700
 Jackson, MS 39215

Please find enclosed a copy of our bill that is informing the customers that a corrected CCR report is available at their request on the TCR (MCL) Violation 5/08.

Sincerely,

Cheryl Moore

Cheryl Moore
 Sec./Treasurer

EC/cm

EAST CHICKASAW WATER ASSOCIATION, INC.									
BOX 87 OKOLONA, MS 38860									
TAX INCLUDED IF APPLICABLE									
SERVICE ADDRESS									
SERVICE TO DATE	DAYS	TAX CODE	CLASS	ACCOUNT NUMBER		PAST DUE AFTER			
METER CONSTANT	DEMAND CONSTANT					CUSTOMER NUMBER			
PREVIOUS READING	PRESENT READING	USED	CODE*	CHARGES					
THIS BILL MUST BE PAID BY THE 25TH OF THE MONTH OR SERVICE WILL BE DISCONTINUED ON THE 26TH WITHOUT FURTHER NOTICE. NO PARTIAL PAYMENT WILL BE ACCEPTED.									
CORRECTED CCR REPORT COPY AVAILABLE AT REQUEST.				ACCOUNT NO.		CUSTOMER NO.		GROSS AMOUNT DUE PER	
NET AMOUNT NOW DUE		NET AMOUNT NOW DUE		SAVE THIS					
				← TOTAL →					

PLEASE BRING ENTIRE BILL TO OFFICE OR MAIL THIS STUB WITH PAYMENT

EAST CHICKASAW WATER ASSOC., INC.
 BOX 87
 OKOLONA, MS 38860

Return Service Requested

PERMIT NO. 15

THIS BILL IS NOW DUE AND PAYABLE

TO:

RECEIVED - WATER SUPPLY
 2009 JUL 20 AM 9:17

RECEIVED - WATER SUPPLY
 2009 JUL 20 AM 9:17

EWAL Water Report

THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI

Chickasaw County

Before me, in and for said county, this day personally came Sue Blankenship, Associate Editor or Murry Blankenship, Editor of the Okolona Messenger, a newspaper published in the City of Okolona, of said county and state, who being duly sworn, deposeth and says that the publication of a certain notice, a true copy of which is hereto affixed, has been made for 6 weeks consecutively, to wit:

Dated June 3, 2009
Dated _____
Dated _____
Dated _____
Dated _____

And, I further certify that the several numbers of the newspaper containing the above mentioned notice have been produced before me, and compared with the copy annexed, and that I find the publication thereof to have been correctly made.

Witness my hand and seal of office, this the 10th
day of June A.D. 2009
By Wanda Sweeney Chancery Clerk
By: Anne Davis, R.C.

Sue Blankenship

My Commission Expires January 2, 2012
Printer's Fee \$ 2.00 Proof of Publication \$ 3.00 Total \$ 4.37

2008 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report
 East Chickasaw Water Association
 PWS#: 0090002 & 0090012
 May 2009

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is from five wells drawing from the McShan Formation, Lower Wilcox, Eutaw Formation and the Eutaw-McShan Formation Aquifers.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identify potential sources of contamination. The general susceptibility rankings assigned to each well of this system are provided immediately below. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the East Chickasaw Water Association have received a moderate susceptibility ranking to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Earl Carter at 662-447-5565. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the first Monday of each month at 6:00 PM at the Egypt Voting Center, Okolona, MS, 38860.

We routinely monitor for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that we detected during for the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2008. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2008, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

PWS ID#: 0090002		TEST RESULTS						
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure-ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic Contaminants								
10. Barium	N	2008	.034	No Range	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2008	.4	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives

17. Lead	N	2008	3	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
21. Selenium	N	2008	1.7	1 - 1.7	ppb	50	50	Discharge from petroleum and metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits; discharge from mines

Disinfection By-Products

Chlorine	N	2008	.26	.1 - .26	ppm	0	MDRL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes
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PWS ID#: 0090012

TEST RESULTS

Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measurement	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
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Inorganic Contaminants

10. Barium	N	2008	.05	.05 - .066	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2008	.3	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
17. Lead	N	2008	1	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
19. Nitrate (as Nitrogen)	N	2008	.09	No Range	ppm	10	10	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits
20. Nitrite (as Nitrogen)	N	2006	.15	No Range	ppm	1	.1	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits
21. Selenium	N	2008	.8	.4 - .8	ppb	50	50	Discharge from petroleum and metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits; discharge from mines

Disinfection By-Products

Chlorine	N	2008	.55	.1 - .55	ppm	0	MDRL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes
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* Most recent sample. No sample required for 2008.

As you can see by the table, our system had no contaminate violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some constituents have been detected however the EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific constituents on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. Beginning January 1, 2004, the Mississippi State Department of Health (MSDH) required public water systems that use chlorine as a primary disinfectant to monitor/test for chlorine residuals as required by the Stage 1 Disinfection By-Products Rule. Our water system # 0090002 failed to complete these monitoring requirements in August of 2004. We did complete the monitoring requirements for bacteriological sampling that showed no coliform present. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our Water Association is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing for \$10 per sample. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1-800-426-4791.

******* A MESSAGE FROM MSDH CONCERNING RADIOLOGICAL SAMPLING*******

In accordance with the Radionuclides Rule, all community public water supplies were required to sample quarterly for radionuclides beginning January 2007 - December 2007. Your public water supply completed sampling by the scheduled deadline; however, during an audit of the Mississippi State Department of Health Radiological Health Laboratory, the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) suspended analyses and reporting of radiological compliance samples and results until further notice.

Although this was not the result of inaction by the public water supply, MSDH was required to issue a violation. The Bureau of Public Water Supply is taking action to resolve this issue as quickly as possible. If you have any questions, please contact Melissa Parker, Deputy Director, Bureau of Public Water Supply, at 601.576.7518.

The East Chickasaw Water Association works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

2008 Drinking Water Quality Report

Is my water safe?

Last year, we conducted tests for over 80 contaminants. We only detected 4 of those contaminants, and found only 1 at a level higher than the EPA allows. As we told you at the time, our water temporarily exceeded drinking water standards. (For more information see the section labeled Violations at the end of the report.) This report is a snapshot of last year's water quality. Included are details about where your water comes from, what it contains, and how it compares to standards set by regulatory agencies. We are committed to providing you with information because informed customers are our best allies.

Do I need to take special precautions?

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/Centers for Disease Control (CDC) guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Water Drinking Hotline (800-426-4791).

Where does my water come from?

Our water comes from 2 deep wells located in the Upper Meridian Aquifer.

Source water assessment and its availability

Our source water assessment has been completed. Our wells were ranked "low" in terms of susceptibility to contamination. For a copy of the report, please contact our office at 601.576.7518.

Why are there contaminants in my drinking water?

TCR (MCL) Violation 5/08
and the health effects language
under the data table.

Mail or fax Corrected Copy By July 1, 2009
Notify Customers of availability of Corrected report
by Posting or next water bill and mail us a
Copy of the bill or letter with this statement displayed.

2008 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report – Corrective Copy
 East Chickasaw Water Association
 PWS#: 0090002 & 0090012
 May 2009

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is from five wells drawing from the McShan Formation, Lower Wilcox, Eutaw Formation and the Eutaw-McShan Formation Aquifers.

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Microbiological Contaminants									
1. Total Coliform Bacteria	Y	May	Positive	3	NA		0	presence of coliform bacteria in 5% of monthly samples	Naturally present in the environment

Inorganic Contaminants								
10. Barium	N	2008	.034	No Range	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2008	.4	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
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21. Selenium	N	2008	1.7	1 - 1.7	ppb	50	50	Discharge from petroleum and metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits; discharge from mines
Disinfection By-Products								
Chlorine	N	2008	.26	.1 - .26	ppm	0	MDRL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

PWS ID#: 0090012 TEST RESULTS								
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* Most recent sample. No sample required for 2008.

Microbiological Contaminants:

(1) Total Coliform. Coliforms are bacteria that are naturally present in the environment and are used as an indicator that other, potentially-harmful, bacteria may be present. Coliforms were found in more samples than allowed and this was a warning of potential problems.

In May 2008 our system #0090002 pulled a sample containing bacteria. In cooperation with the Mississippi Department of Health, the necessary measures were taken to return the system to compliance. We are pleased to report that the re-samples were free of the bacteria.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific constituents on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. Beginning January 1, 2004, the Mississippi State Department of Health (MSDH) required public water systems that use chlorine as a primary disinfectant to monitor/test for chlorine residuals as required by the Stage 1 Disinfection By-Products Rule. Our water system # 0090002 failed to complete these monitoring requirements in August of 2004. We did complete the monitoring requirements for bacteriological sampling that showed no coliform present. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

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2008 CCR Contact Information

Date: 6/23/09

Time: 8:27

PWSID: 0090002

System Name: E. Chickasaw

Lead/Copper Language

MSDH Message re: Radiological Lab

MRDL Violation

Chlorine Residual (MRDL) RAA

Other Violation(s) TCR (MCL) violation 5108

and had no health

Will correct report & mail copy marked "corrected copy" to MSDH.

effects language

Will notify customers of availability of corrected report on next monthly bill.

under the data table.

Sheryl will do a corrected copy, she wasn't sure
how to do this, I faxed her a copy of the
Drinking Water Quality Report and she will
call back if she has any question.

Spoke with Sheryl Moore
(Operator, Owner, Secretary)

662 447-5565

Fax# 662-447-2435